

ROWAN'S PEACE.

Great Law and Order Meeting of Citizens at Historic Morehead.

Five Hundred Peace-Loving, De- termined People Participate In the Conference.

They Resolve to Stand By One An- other in the War On the Lawless Element.

Not Much Probability That There Will Be a Renewal of the Reign of Crime.

TEXT OF RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

MOREHEAD, June 29. —[Special.]—Your special correspondent reached Morehead at 8 o'clock P. M., and found the town in absolute darkness. No business houses were opened and it presented a very desolate appearance. There are now about thirty armed citizens summoned by the Sheriff patrolling the town. D. B. Logan has just returned from Huntington, but he has no connection with the Martin faction, but represents the best feeling in the county. Wiley and Cal Tolliver got on the early train at Catlettsburg and got off at Olive Hill. The sensational reports from Catlettsburg amount to nothing. An attack is expected on Morehead to-night though you can learn nothing in regard to it. The Tolliver men have been coming in force on all trains. Not less than three hundred citizens will meet here to-morrow, and it is confidently believed by the great majority that there will be trouble this evening.

On an attempt to interview D. B. Logan to-night your correspondent was stopped by several armed men, who had his house surrounded. After some difficulty Mr. Logan was aroused and acknowledged that the town was surrounded. Every one in Morehead apparently belongs to the Martin faction at present.

THE MEETING.

Long before the hour appointed for calling the meeting to order the little town was completely filled with mountaineers, nearly all of whom were armed, to take part in the meeting, which was for the purpose of forming a kind of protective association for the upholding of the law, bringing offenders to justice and resisting any and all attacks which may be made in the future. The resolutions, which had been previously drawn up, are as follows:

"Resolved, That we, the undersigned citizens of Rowan county and the town of Morehead, resolve ourselves into an association to be known as the Rowan County Mutual Protective Association. We hereby pledge to ourselves and to the people of Kentucky that we will obey the law, and we are determined to require observance of it in others. We are tired of bloodshed, and we are determined to have a dominion of law, rather than a longer reign of violence.

"We agree to act as posse comitatus whenever summoned by the Sheriff to execute the process of any court, and when warrants of arrest are placed in our hands we agree to bring the parties accused to the bar of the courts, alive if possible, upon if necessary.

"We request the Circuit Court Judge of this district to immediately call a special term of his court for Rowan county, and we pledge him our assistance in the selection of a grand jury that has the courage to find indictments against every infractor of the law, to whatever party or faction he may belong, and pledge our lives in defense of every witness who may be called on to testify in this court.

"We condemn violence in all its forms, but we are determined that lawless men shall not longer terrize Rowan county, but that we will in the strict interpretation of the law make a terror to wrongdoers from whatever source they may come.

"We will guarantee to every person accused of crime and brought to Rowan county to be tried a fair trial and protection from violence. We respectfully ask all good citizens of Rowan county, of all shades of opinion, to sign these resolutions."

NO EXCITEMENT.

There was scarcely any excitement, and all the men present seemed bent on business. They had the appearance of good, honest farmers, but belonging to that rough, unlettered class peculiar to Eastern Kentucky. The few Tolliver men who were there had little to say, and made no threats or in any way attempted to disturb the peace. At 1:30 o'clock the meeting was called to order by D. B. Logan, who stated the objects of the meeting to be the adoption of the resolutions mentioned above, and to organize into a protective association, whose object shall be to protect the lives and property of the people of Rowan. He then went on to tell of the wrongs his people had so long suffered at the hands of the Tollivers, how different he appeared from what he did last Wednesday, just a week before. On that bloody day he was firing with unerring aim at the men who had terrorized the county and killed some of her best citizens. To-day he was the cool, calculating lawyer pleading a cause. Last Wednesday he was the law and its executors. To-day he was the meek citizen looking up to the majesty of the law and pointing with something of eloquence to the great blessings which would be derived by a faithful observance of the law's mandates.

Logan is much beloved on account of his many good qualities and his remarks were listened to with the deepest attention. He was quite plain in expressing his feeling against violators of the law, and said it was the duty of every good citizen to see to it that such men either be brought to trial, driven from the country or treated to a dose of cold lead. And when drawing up his thin form to its greatest height, his face aglow with emotion and his steel-blue eyes almost flashing fire, he exclaimed: "We will pledge our lives that the guilty shall be brought to justice, or their carcasses left in the sun to rot," the applause from five hundred throats was deafening.

LETTER FROM GOV. HINDMAN.

Mr. Logan read the letter from Lieut.-Gov. Hindman:

"HINDMAN, June 28, 1887.—D. B. Logan, Esq., and other citizens of Rowan county—Gentlemen: Your very kind invitation to be present at a mass meeting of the people of Rowan county on Wednesday is just received. I regret that I will be unable to be present, as you know the Governor is absent and the Secretary of State, because of sickness in his family, was called away to-day. Allow me to express the hope that the meeting will be conducted in a spirit that will cause its proceedings to be of marked benefit to the county. The lawlessness in the county of Rowan for years past has been a cause of regret on the part of all good people everywhere, and more especially a cause of mortification and sorrow among the law-abiding people of this Commonwealth. The people of the State have always and do still sympathize with all the efforts of the law-abiding citizens in the county of Rowan for the enforcement of the law and the preservation of peace among her people. I sincerely hope that the sad experience of the past few years has impressed the whole people of the county with the feeling that they are ready and willing to heartily co-operate with each other in an earnest effort to bring about that peace and quiet which is so desirable to all good citizens.

"As to the practical measures to be adopted by an association to bring about this much-desired result, your own wisdom and judgment will doubtless dictate. You know each other, and you know the causes of your troubles far better than I do, and while I might be able to make some general suggestions, you can much more readily than myself devise the best means of securing

that peace and security which certainly is now very much desired by the people of Rowan county.

"In adopting measures for the enforcement of the law and the punishment of offenders, free yourselves as far as possible from any spirit of revenge, and endeavor to be actuated only by a sincere desire to see the law executed, that simple justice may be done, and that the great end so much desired may be accomplished. Don't fail to appreciate the great fact that the safety and prosperity of yourselves and your families are in your own hands; for there is no peace or security, there is no good society, except where the laws are respected and obeyed, and the infractions of these laws can only be punished and the offenders brought to justice by the people of the county using the machinery which is given them for this purpose. The State Executive can only lend a helping hand in as far as is prescribed by law, which most of you fully understand.

"Let me urge you try to fully appreciate this and learn to rely upon yourselves in emergencies; there has never been a time when the Executive of the State has not been ready and willing to assist you in any legal and constitutional way, and the moral sentiment of the whole Commonwealth will be with you in any honest and earnest effort to bring about a better state of affairs in your county. Move with great deliberation and care; do nothing rash or revengeful, but be determined that hereafter Rowan shall be a law-abiding county, and that her people will see that it is made so.

"I need not remind you that it is the first duty of those desiring the enforcement of the law to be careful in its obedience themselves, and that in all attempts to enforce it they should leave no cause of complaint that they had violated it in the attempt to execute it. There is no good reason why the people of Rowan should not be a peaceful and progressive people. You have large quantities of mineral timber, stone and other natural resources. You have one of the great natural thoroughfares of trade and travel running through the entire length of your county. You are surrounded by all that is necessary to make you a happy, prosperous community. Then let me counsel you to turn your attention to matters of business, forget as far as possible the unpleasant past, and be thoroughly determined to be a law-abiding and a law-enforcing people. I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant, J. R. HINDMAN."

OTHER SPEECHES.

He was followed by Dr. R. J. O'Mahoney, a lawyer and newspaper man of Lexington, who counseled peace, but also insisted that the law should be enforced to the very letter. His sensible counsel was well received and every one present indorsed his sentiments.

Green Nichols, a Rowan-county lawyer, then made a speech of several minutes' duration, in which he greatly amused the crowd by his quaint style of language.

The resolutions were then put to a vote and were carried unanimously. An article was then drawn up which every signer pledged himself with his life to protect the life and property of the citizens of Morehead and of Rowan county. This was signed by all of the 500 men present. It was then proposed that a collection be taken up for the benefit of Dolph Madden, who was wounded by the Tollivers on the day of the fight. This proposition met with a heavy response, and although many of the men present were as poor as church mice, over \$20 was realized.

ALL IS NOW PERFECTLY QUIET.

and when the meeting adjourned many of the men in attendance left for their homes. The town, however, is still heavily guarded. There is little fear though that the Tollivers will ever make another attack on the town, but D. B. Logan says he intends to guard against all surprises. The two Tollivers who left Catlettsburg the other day, ostensibly to go to Morehead, never went there at all, but got off miles above, at Olive Hill. There appears to be no foundation whatever for the rumor that the Tollivers are organizing, and the people of Rowan county feel confident that their long war is over, and that an era of peace and happiness has at last dawned for that unhappy section.

THEY ARE M'MUNN'S PALS.

The Three Bad Men Pulled at Alpena, Mich., the Ones Wanted.

Hanley and Harrington Not Captured, but Blinkey Morgan In the Toils.

CLEVELAND, June 29.—It now transpires that the three Alpena prisoners are "Blinky" Morgan, Johnnie Coughlin, and No. 3, as he is known in police circulars sent out from this city, descriptive of the rescuing party that attacked Capt. Hoehn and Detective Hurligan at Ravenna. Hanley and Harrington were also in the party, but they are not at Alpena. After the fight, Capt. Hoehn was able to name and describe Morgan, Hanley and Harrington, but it was impossible for him to remember very much about the remaining members of the gang. When he took a look at the three Alpena captives this morning he at once recognized all of them. Coughlin was put down on the circular as No. 2. He is a well-known Cleveland crook, and was recently discharged from the Ohio penitentiary on account of ill health, where he had served four years of a seven-years' term for burglary. He was here at the time of the fur burglary, but he could not be connected with the affair, and was permitted to go. Capt. Hoehn now says that he is positive Coughlin was on the train when McMunn was rescued. The name and history of No. 3, the other man in custody, has not been yet learned. Capt. Hoehn leaves Alpena with the prisoners to-night. He will stop at Detroit, where a squad of a dozen Cleveland detectives will meet him, and where requisition papers will be in waiting for him. From Detroit the party will come to Cleveland by boat, arriving here Saturday morning at break of day.

Referring to the trip from Michigan to Ohio, Superintendent Schmitt said: "I could load a car with policemen to conduct the prisoners, but Blinkey's friends would not hesitate to wreck a train and kill all the innocent passengers upon it if there were a chance to rescue Morgan thereby. I have ordered the officers to take a boat at Alpena, go from thence to Detroit, and come home on a Detroit and Cleveland boat. The chances of rescue on a boat are not great. There will be no trouble about a guard. Alpena officers will take care not to let the heavy reward slip through their fingers, and I will see that Blinkey has a suitable escort of Cleveland officers."

The Ohio Prohibitionists.

CINCINNATI, June 29.—A Delaware, O., special says: The State Prohibition Convention was called to order at 2 P. M. by B. S. Higley. Rev. C. Ellwood Nash, of Akron, was chosen temporary Chairman, and L. B. Logan, of Youngstown, Secretary, after which the convention adjourned until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning. The prominently mentioned candidates for Governor are C. L. Work, of Portsmouth; Martin Hedkey, of Highland county, and W. H. Doane, of Cleveland, with chances in favor of the last named.

A Change of Venue For Emma.

SPRINGFIELD, MO., June 29.—A motion for a change of venue in the case of Emma Molloy, charged with being accessory after the fact in the Cora Lee Graham case, was heard to-day. About thirty witnesses testified as to whether or not there was too much prejudice in Greene county for her to have a fair and impartial trial. Judge Wallace granted a change of venue, and the case was sent to Christian county for the August term of court. Seventy-five Bald-Knobner cases are on docket there.

A Missing Treasurer.

WOONSOCKET, DAKOTA, June 29.—W. J. Williams, Treasurer of Jerauld county, is reported missing. His accounts are short \$5,000.