The Kentucky Flag

IS PRINTED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY

PIKE & RUSSELL,

Publishers and Proprietors.

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NAME OF THE PAPER.—The "Kentucky Flag" will be published Weekly, and furnished to subscribers at the low price of Two Dollars per year, in advance; Two Dollars and Fifty Cents, if paid in six months, (at which time all subscriptions will be considered due;) or Three Dollars at the end of the year.

☞ No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the Proprietors.

KENTUCKY FLAG.

"The free communication of Thoughts and Opinions is one of the valuable rights of Man."

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING, AT TWO DOLLARS A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 3. MAYSVILLE, KY., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1848. NO. 2.

Rates of Advertising.

For one square of twelve lines or less, three insertions,	$1 00
Each additional insertion,	25
Three months,	3 00
Six months,	5 00
One year,	10 00
For advertising a Wife,	5 00

☞ The Merchants, Mechanics, and others, who may wish to advertise by the year, will have a liberal discount made from the above rates.

☞ Advertisements must be marked with the number of insertions, which they are to have; otherwise they will be continued at the expense of the advertiser.

Stickney's Grand National Circus.

From the American and National Theatres, New Orleans.

This magnificent establishment, consisting of over 200 men and horses, with every variety of rich and brilliant trapping and paraphernalia, concentrated after the style of the celebrated bridal palace of the Emperor of Morocco, with ample seats, sufficient to accommodate 2000 persons, will visit MAYSVILLE on Monday, September 4th, when they will have the honor of giving two grand exhibitions, at 2½ and 7½ o'clock. The splendid cavalcade will enter town preceded by an elaborately decorated band, containing a full corps of musicians, selected from the cream of the orchestras of the St. Charles, American, and French Theatres, New Orleans, and led by Messrs. Coats and Hopkins, the former late of the Grand Opera House, and the latter one of the principal musicians of the far-famed Julian Band.

In calling the attention of the public to this stupendous establishment, the management confidently asserts, that either as regards the beautiful stud of Andalusian, Arabian and Hungarian steeds, the world renowned Equestrians who control them, or the immensely varied classical, arabatic and Ethiopian performances to be presented. The Grand National New Orleans Amphitheatrical Company is as far superior to any of its puny and mushroom rivals, as is the dazzling luminary of the world—the mass of fire—the ray emanating from the full engendered and evanescent flame of an "Ignius Fatuus." In proof of this assertion, they would respectfully refer to the unrivalled fame acquired in both hemispheres by the Heaven gifted Artists who, as by the wand of enchantment, have been concentrated within this Temple of Olympus, producing by the refulgence of their immortal brilliancy, a dazzling banquet of starry radiance, which the Gods might revel in.

First in the scroll of Equestrian chivalry stands a name, before which the most ambitious aspirant must bow in mute acknowledgment of his unapproachable superiority, the great champion of the World, the inimitable Levi North, whose daring and graceful performances were hailed in Europe by the mechanations of delight of authors, and to whom, even monarchs—enchanted by the enthusiasm which genius ever commands, even from the gilded minions of rank—will bow their gratitude and delight by princely presents, and flattering encomiums ?

The equals of the Arcan, *The only rival of the famous Mad Cow, Mazeppa*, the beautiful and accomplished Miss Rosaline Stickney, whose fairy-like performances carry captive the hearts and souls of every beholder. By the merits of the gay and fashionable Metropolis of the South, she has been constituted the Queen of Parlors of the Mango. Her dazzling and bewitching ease reflect alike immortality upon herself and future the southern-reared S. P. Stickney, the only 12 horse rider in the world!!

It would be superfluous to dwell upon the merits of the great American Equestrian. He needs leave added an unfading laurel to the wreath encircling the brows of the American Gladiator of the circus.

Another luminary in the Equestrian firmament will be found in Mr. J. A. Beckley, a "digital particular star," whose wonderful and almost incredible feats, must be witnessed to be credited. No act, however desperate, appears beyond the power of this paragon of horsemen, and the performances upon which the world-be stars of other establishments hand themselves, have long been discarded by him as feeble and unworthy his aspiring spirit.

The bright and fascinating Rosetine, the female Resident of the circle, the promising bud of an immortal plant. The world is challenged to produce the equal of this "Fairy of the Arena."

W. Kelly, the daring and resistless rival, the most versatile performer in America, and the most classical representative of the Grecian and Roman circles in the world. Mr. Kelly is that prodigy, Master Kelly, and the *Thorarian Brothers*, five in number, been permanently engaged by the management.

Mons. Harper, whose incredible performances are alike the astonishment and delight of every beholder, is the "attaché" of the Gymnastic Circus.

Among the wonders of the age may be classed North's prodigy of the Arcan, Tamerno. To attempt a description of the performance of this wonderful animal would be useless. He has been justly ranked the "Taglioni of the circle," and the precision, grace and elegance with which he executes, in step, gait and time, the most difficult and fashionable dances of the day, will never be forgotten by those who have witnessed the *Twelfth Wonder of the World!*

The fiery and superb American charger, Cervantes, trained by S. P. Stickney. The incomparable spirit of this step-dancing man cannot be brought into subjection by the daring Equestrian, under whose tutoring he performs feats astounding to the beholders, and has led to wonder at the sagacity displayed by an animal, the very personification of the untamable steed of Mazeppa.

In order to fill up the measure of a series of entertainments, alike rare and unprecedented, the management have secured the services of the far-famed band of Sable Harmonists, whose unrivalled Ethiopian entertainments have been crowded by the elite and fashion of the United States and the Canadas.

Principal Clown Mr. W. Wonnell, whose dry and inexhaustible humor has obtained him the appellation of the "clown ideal" of the representatives of the ancient Buffo. Without resorting to the political expedient of perverting language and ideas of the "Swan of Avon," his exhaustless fund of originality, together with his witty and spicy jests, which, while they keep the circle in roar, never tinges with a blush the cheeks of modesty, has stamped him as the most genuinely chosen of the world.

Dress Circle 50 cents. Pit 25 cents.

Doors open at 7—Performance to commence at 7½ o'clock.

Equestrian Director and Manager, Mr. S. P. Stickney.

Treasurer, Mr. J. W. Jones—Agents, Messrs. Hunt and Moon.

☞ The Company will exhibit at Owingsville, Wednesday August 30th; Winchester, Friday, Poplar Plains, Friday Sept. 1st, and Flemingsburg the 2d. Aug. 23

City Lots for Sale.

THE City of Maysville will offer at public sale on the 15th day of next month, (the 3d Saturday in September,) a number of good building lots, in the fifteen parts of said city, some of which have comfortable frame buildings upon them.

The purchase money will be made payable in equal payments, on one and two years credit—the purchaser giving bond with approved security.

☞ The sale will take place at 10 o'clock A. M. on the day named. Aug. 23—3t

Hemp Wanted.

WE are seeking the market price, in cash, for good Hemp.

Aug 23 ARTUS, METCALFE & CO.

WASHINGTON FEMALE SEMINARY.

Washington Mason Co., Ky.

THE Trustees take pleasure in announcing to the public, that they have completed their arrangements for the opening of the Washington Female Seminary.

A full corps of teachers has been provided.—The Principals of the Seminary, Mr. and Mrs. McMurry, will exercise a constant and immediate personal supervision of its affairs. They have had charge of some of the best institutions in their own and foreign countries, and, by uniform success, have secured an invaluable reputation. An accomplished teacher will have charge of the Musical Department, and an experienced Matron of the Primary Department.—Daily lectures will be delivered, throughout the year, on scientific and moral subjects.

It is desired that such shall be the organization of officers and teachers and such the accommodations provided, as to entitle the Washington Female Seminary to the rank of a College or University, for the perfecting of female education in useful and ornamental branches. A popular, pursuing a course of study in the Primary Department, and one of three or more years in the Academical or Collegiate Department, upon a satisfactory examination, will receive the Diploma.

The location of the Seminary is peculiarly favorable to the mental improvement and comfort of the student. Washington is a pleasant village, enjoying an enviable reputation for health and morality. It is situated on the turnpike between Maysville and Lexington, four miles from the former place, and with them, has a daily stage communication. The buildings are spacious and well ventilated, and adapted to school purposes. The pleasure grounds are extensive, offering a delightful resort during the hours of recreation.

The terms and modifications will be similar to those of the best Female Seminaries in the country.

Pupils entering are charged to the close of a term. None received for less than five months, and no deductions made for the first month, nor for absence except in cases of protracted illness.

Books and Stationery for sale at the Seminary, at Cincinnati prices.

The Academic year consists of one session, commencing on the first Tuesday of September, and closing on the last Thursday in June—at which time, an examination, followed by an exhibition, takes place. The session or year is divided into two terms of equal length. There is a recess of one week during the Christmas holidays, and a few days at Easter.

The Expenses per term of half year (to be paid one half in advance and one half at the expiration of 11 weeks) are:

Primary Department—Mental Arithmetic, Primary Geography, Reading, Writing, &c.	$10 00
Academic or Collegiate Department,	20 00
Board, Washing, Light, Fuel, &c.	60 00
Fuel for Sitting Room,	22 00
Drawing, Painting, Latin and French,	10 00
Music, per quarter,	20 00
Use of Instrument, per quarter,	2 00

Pupils boarding with the Principal, will furnish themselves with whatever is customary in Female Seminaries.

MARSHALL KEY, Pres't.

Washington, Aug. 9, 1848 51-tf.

Skirting and Harness Leather.

WE have on consignment, and for sale at Cincinnati prices, a large lot of fine Skirting and Harness Leather. Saddlers and others who use the article, will do well to call soon on [aug 23] COBURN & REEDER.

Monthly Bulletin, No. 7.

During the months of July, August, and September, bowel complaints range many portions of the country. One third of all the deaths during that period will be chargeable to these difficulties. For children the Graefenberg Children's Panacea will prove an infallible preventive and cure.

For adults suffering under the various forms of Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Bloody Flux, and the like, the Graefenberg **Dysentery Syrup** is equally infallible.

The tables of mortality in the city of New York, during the week ending the 15th of July last, show that out of 281 deaths, 106 were carried by the above disorders! The same ratio will obtain elsewhere.

For Fever, Fever and Ague, and the like, the celebrated Graefenberg Vegetable Pills and Health Bitters are the only reliable medicines, and they should be procured without a moment's delay. The Graefenberg Sarsaparilla Compound is taking the lead of all others, and continues to double the number of doses of any other.

For sale by W. S. Brown & Co., Maysville, Ky.; Wood & Singleton, Helena, Ky.; H. Barr, Flemingsburg; J. M. Tuell, Mt. Sterling, Ky.; John Warring, Warring's Landing; Jas. W. Daniel, West Liberty; R. M. Biggs, Grayson; S. Dismuit, Louisa, Lawrence county.

☞ The General Agent for Kentucky is A. Gray, Foster's Landing, to whom applications for agencies may be addressed.

EDWARD BARTON, Secretary.

New York, July 31, 1848.

PATENT MEDICINES.

HART'S VEGETABLE EXTRACT

Is the only remedy that can be relied on for the permanent cure of Spasmodic Contractions, Irritation of the Nerves, Nervous or Sick Headache, Nervous Tremors, Neuralgic Affections, General Debility, Deficiency of Nervous Energy, Physical Energy, and all nervous disorders, including the most dreadful of all diseases that ever afflict the human race—

EPILEPTIC FITS,

or Falling Sickness, Hysterical Fits, Convulsions, Spasms, &c. Dr. Hart would respectfully upon the minds of the afflicted, that the Vegetable Extract is the only remedy ever discovered that can be relied on for the permanent cure of this most dreadful of all diseases. As its tendency is to insanity, madness and death, the most

SKILFUL PHYSICIANS

of Eur pe, as well as those of our own country, have pronounced Epilepsy incurable. And it has been so considered by many, until this most important of all discoveries was made by Doctor S. Hart, nearly sixteen years since, during which time it has been performing some of the most

REMARKABLE CURES

upon record, and has acquired a reputation which time alone can efface. Physicians of no mean skill and experience, Ministers of various denominations, as well as hundreds of our eminent citizens, all unite in recommending the use of this truly valuable medicine to their patients charge, and friends, who are afflicted, as the only remedy.

WE QUOTE THE LANGUAGE used by those who have been cured by this valuable medicine. One says, "I have suffered as no pen can do justice to my sufferings, but now I rejoice in being fully restored to health and happiness." Another says, "I thank God that I feel like a man a well man. I also feel it a duty to proclaim it to the ends of the earth, that those similarly afflicted may find relief." Another, writes in an

EMINENT LAWYER,

and well known in this city,) says, "my son has been afflicted for years with Epilepsy, but is now enjoying good health from the Vegetable Extract. He (same,) says he, "should and ought to be consulted to the ends of the earth." Another says, "language is entirely inadequate to express my gratitude to Dr. Hart, for having been the means, under the blessing of God, of restoring me to the enjoyment of good health, after having been afflicted with Epilepsy in its worst form; and my morning and evening offerings of prayer and thanksgiving shall continue to ascend to that God who has afflicted but to make me whole."

EPILEPTIC FITS

of twenty seven years and six months, cured by the use of this Truly Wonderful Medicine.

Hear the following, a remarkable one of the son of Wm. Sicore, Esq., of Philadelphia, afflicted with Epileptic fits twenty seven years and six months. After traveling through England, Scotland, Germany and France, consulting the most eminent physicians, and expending far medicine, medical treatment and advice, a dozen thousand dollars, returned with his son to this country, in November last, without receiving any benefit whatever, and now cured by Dr. HART'S VEGETABLE EXTRACT.

Mr. Wm. Sicore's Letter to Dr. Hart.—I have spent over three thousand dollars in medicine and medical attendance. I was advised to take a tour to Europe with him, which I did. I first visited England. I consulted the most eminent physicians there in respect to his case; they examined him and prescribed accordingly. I remained there three months without perceiving any change for the better, which cost me about $250, pocketed by the physicians, and the most that I received was their opinion that my son's case was hopeless, and

POSITIVELY INCURABLE.

I accordingly left England, and passed through Scotland, Germany and France, and returned home in the month of November last, with my son as far from being cured as when I left. I saw your advertisement in one of the New York papers, and concluded to try Hart's Vegetable Extract, seeing your statements and certificates of so many cures, some of twenty and thirty years standing, and I can assure you I am not sorry I did so, as by the use of Hart's Vegetable Extract alone, he was restored to

PERFECT HEALTH.

His reason, which was so far gone as to unfit him for business, is entirely restored, with the prospect now before him of life, health, and usefulness. He is now 28 years old, and 27 years 6 months of this time has been afflicted with this most dreadful of diseases, but thank God he now enjoys good health.

Now, sir, faith without works I don't believe in. To say I is all be ever grateful to you is one thing, and as I here enclose you one hundred dollars, I have no doubt but you will think this another and quite a different thing. The balance, gentlemen, I will owe you, and expect this amount as interest on the debt in advance. Yours, very respectfully,

(Signed) WILLIAM SECORE.

Another Remarkable Cure.

Read the following testimony of Mr. W. H. Parsells, afflicted with Epileptic Fits twenty three years; Cured by using Dr. Hart's Vegetable Extract:

To all whom it may concern.—I hereby certify, that I have been afflicted for upwards of twenty three years with Epileptic Fits, it would be impossible for me to describe the amount of my sufferings, the almost constant dread, the mental forebodings and symptoms of a returning fit, the

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS,

together with all the unspeakable torture of the body and mind, which the poor victim of this dread scourge and hitherto inveterate foe of humanity, must have suffered through the various stages of this disease, from having the attacks light, and far between, to severe, and very frequent. I have tried the combined skill of

NUMEROUS PHYSICIANS;

in a word, I have tried until I grew weary of trying, without receiving any benefit whatever, and I looked forward to the messenger Death, the finisher of mortality, to end my misery and conflict in this, which has been to me truly a vale of tears. But thank God, I am now

RESTORED TO HEALTH,

and have every reason to believe that the disease of Epi sy is entirely removed from my system. My friends have noticed the great change in my appearance, and remarked to me on my recovery to health. All nature to me wears a new aspect; life hitherto seemed to me a great burden, but now a blessing; and I have every reason to be thankful. As it is

DR. HART'S VEGETABLE EXTRACT,

(and has, by the blessing of the Almighty, wrought in me this almost miraculous cure, I would cheerfully recommend this medicine to all who are afflicted with Epilepsy.

(Signed) WILLIAM H. PARSELLS,

Sworn before me, this seventh day of March A. D., 1846. W. P. HAVEMEYER, Mayor.

I have been intimately acquainted with Mr. Wm. H. Parsells about eight years, and believe him to be an honest and upright man, whose integrity is unimpeachable. He has been five years in the line in my immediate employment.

(Signed) ROLAND GELSTON,

529 and 522 Pearl street, New York.

Testimony upon Testimony.

Mr. Stephen E. Pratt, corner of Sixth avenue and Twenty-sixth street, New York, states that Mr. Charles H. Boughton, a member of his family has been so severely afflicted with epileptic fits for many years, that he was disabled from his business. Having used Dr. Hart's Vegetable Extract, says Mr. Pratt, he was soon restored to perfect health, and left the city for the State of Ohio to resume his business.

Rev. Mr. Smith, rector of St. Peter's church, Spatswood, New Jersey, New York, states that with epileptic fits for more than forty years, states that he has used Dr. Hart's Vegetable Extract, and has been a sure preventive of the fits, by Divine blessing, to have no more fits.

THE TIME IS NOT FAR DISTANT

When thousands who are now groaning under the hand of this dreadful disease, and fearing that every attack may prove fatal, will find permanent relief, and be restored to new life by using this celebrated medicine.

OVER ONE THOUSAND CERTIFICATES

Testifying to the permanent cures and beneficial results produced by the use of Dr. Hart's Vegetable Extract.

Prepared by S. Hart, M. D., New York.

Price—One package	$5 00
Four "	10 00
Twelve "	20 00

It is carefully packed up in boxes for transportation, and sent to any part of the United States, Texas, Mexico and West Indies.

THOMAS & MILES,

129 *Main street, Cincinnati Ohio*,

General Agents for the United States, Mexico, and West Indies, to whom all communications must be addressed. 3 T POST PAID.

SEATON & SHARP Agents for Maysville. And for sale by most of the principal Druggists and Merchants throughout the United States.

Aug. 16—52*-new

Family Flour.

A SUPERIOR article of Family Flour, on hand and for sale low for cash, by

Aug 23 ARTUS, METCALFE & CO.

The Kentucky Flag.

FRIDAY.....AUGUST 25, 1848.

☞ The Editor leaves to-morrow (Saturday) morning, on a visit to his friends in Ohio, from whom he has been absent for three years. His place will be filled by an able and experienced *ad interim*, during his absence, so that our readers will *profit* rather than *lose* by his temporary relaxation from the toils and vexations of an editorial life.

The Final Result—Almost.

The last Frankfort Commonwealth contains complete returns from all the counties in the State, save Cumberland, Hancock, Letcher, Muhlenburg, Perry and Pike, which give Crittenden a majority of 7,709 votes over Col. Powell—From four of the above named counties, Cumberland, Hancock, Muhlenburg, and Pike, the editor has unofficial information that they have given Crittenden a majority of 903, which added to the 7,709, as above stated, makes his majority 8,612—a considerable amount *less* than the majority which our *modest* whig editors claimed.

Perry and Letcher are yet to hear from, and these gave Butler a majority of 68 votes in 1844. We shall publish the table complete next week.

☞ President Polk left Washington city on the morning of the 16th inst., for the Bedford Springs, in Pennsylvania.—His mind and body both need relaxation after the late long and tedious session of Congress.

☞ Hon. Jefferson Davis and lady, of Mississippi, left the "Lee House" in this city, on Wednesday morning last, for the Lower Blue Lick Springs.

North Carolina.—We have not yet received the full official vote of this State for Governor; but from the returns before us, we are led to believe that Manly's majority over Reid will be from 400 to 500.

The Legislature is *tied* in both branches, and *tied* on joint ballot, so that the old coon can do no serious mischief, if the democrats keep their eyes open him.—The old *animal* is giving his last *kick* in that State, and will be defunct by the ides of November. Taylorism has no abiding place there.

☞ Hon. John Wentworth, of the Chicago district, Illinois, has been re-elected to Congress by a handsome majority, notwithstanding the Herald had him defeated last week.

Amalgamation.—It appears that there were a number of negroes in the Buffalo Convention, some of whom were permitted to make speeches. These "Buffaloes" are strange fellows, and possess remarkably fine *sensibilities*. Their next move will be to encourage "de colored population" to marry and amalgamate with their sons and daughters.

Safe Back.—Lieut. Robert B. Porz, who learned the "art preservative of all arts" under our immediate instruction, and who went out as a volunteer to Mexico about one year ago, very unexpectedly paid us a visit on Friday last, looking as fine and healthy as ever. This will be good news to his many friends in Ohio, who will not have the pleasure of seeing him. He left this city on Monday morning last on the steamer Kenton, to visit his father's family in Henry county, Iowa. May successful prosperity attend him, for he is a noble whole-souled young man, and a sterling democrat.

☞ We have received an anonymous communication from Frankfort in relation to the Second Auditor, and other matters with which we are unacquainted. We regret that the writer did not favor us with his name, as we should like to institute the enquiries suggested, were we certain that circumstances would warrant us in doing so. We have no doubt, as the writer says, "things are done up badly by the whigs about Frankfort," but we cannot assail them in their dark recesses, until after we are put in possession of facts to warrant such a course—Where and what is the *Yeoman* about that it does not *stir up* the office holders there, with a *sharp stick!* It is out of our jurisdiction.

Justice at last.—We are pleased to learn that Congress passed a bill, before its adjournment, allowing to Col. R. M. Johnson, about ten thousand dollars as a compensation for the buildings used for the Choctaw Academy. Better late than never!

☞ Stand from under!—The democratic majority in Missouri at the late election for Governor was only **12,000**. It will be over that for Cass and Butler, mark it!

The November Election—Arouse Democrats!

The late defeat of the democratic party in Kentucky, when properly understood, is attended with no circumstances calculated to dispirit our hopes, or induce us for a moment to abandon the prospect of redeeming the State. Brave men are not intimidated by a single repulse—the democracy of old Kentucky will never yield the field to the foe, while there is an inch of ground to contest, or a single arm left with which to strike a blow.

Examine the returns of the late election, and it will be seen, that with scarcely an exception, in every strong whig county, where the democrats were energetic and vigilant, inroads have been made in the ranks of the opponents, and their majorities reduced. This is certainly the case in Mason, Bourbon, Fayette, Louisville, Fleming, Bracken, Montgomery, &c. On the other hand, in the strong democratic counties, where our friends relied upon the force of numbers, and made little or no exertion, while the whigs were vigilant, we have invariably lost. This is true as to most of the democratic counties; but we should do injustice to the democracy of such counties as Carter, Lewis, Kenton, and others, if we did not mention them as proud exceptions to this lamentable state of the case as exhibited by the returns. The zeal and devotion of the democracy of these counties, are worthy of the highest praise.

It is apparent from these results, that the election of Mr. Crittenden by so large a majority, is in a great measure owing to the want of zeal upon the part of the democrats of our own strong counties.—If we had even held our own strength in the democratic counties of the State, the whig majority instead of being what it now is, would have fallen materially below that of Judge Owsley. Indeed, if the democracy had put forth their full strength in every part of the State, Kentucky might have been redeemed.

Shall we give up the State in November, or bravely enter the field for another, and *tied* on joint ballot, so that the old coon can do no serious mischief, if the democrats keep their eyes open him.—The old *animal* is giving his last *kick* in that State, and will be defunct by the ides of November. Taylorism has no abiding place there.

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Crowing.—Chapman's big rooster crows thus—"Democracy *rules h-e-r-e!*" Immediately he is answered by a noble chanticleer in Illinois—"and the *same h-e-r-e!*" And another in Missouri, with a still louder voice, sends back the crow "We've beat you *see h-e-r-e!*" To this, one in Iowa, responds—"the Democrats triumphs *h-e-r-e!*" Then the whole join in one general crow—"and *e-v-e-r-y w-h-e-r-e!*"

From the Ohio Statesman.

Gen. Taylor Recommending the War to be carried into the Enemy's country.

In the following letter, written and dated before the constituted authorities of this country declared the war to exist, Gen. Taylor notified the war department that he had called upon Texas for four regiments of volunteers, in order to prosecute the war with energy and to carry it, *as it should be, into* the enemy's country!! This avowal, together with his justification of the war, in his proclamation, stamps as false the assertion of Gen. Taylor's present supporters, that he was the friend of peace, and opposed to the war:

"Headquarters Army of Occupation, "*Camp near Matamoras, Texas,* "*April* 26, 1846.

"Sir: I have respectfully to report that Gen. Arista attacked a reconnoitering party on the 24th instant, and assumed the chief command of the Mexican troops. On the same day he addressed me a communication, conceived in courteous terms, but saying that he considered hostilities commenced, and should prosecute them. A translation of his note, and copy of my reply, will be transmitted the moment they can be prepared. I despatch this by express which is now waiting. I regret to report that a party of dragoons sent out by me on the 24th instant, to watch the course of the river above on this bank, became engaged with a very large force of the enemy, and after a short affair, in which some sixteen were killed and wounded, appear to have been surrounded and compelled to surrender.—Not one of the party has returned, except a wounded man sent in this morning by the Mexican commander, so that I cannot report with confidence the particulars of the engagement, or the fate of the officers except that Captain Hardee was known to be a prisoner and unhurt. Captain Thornton, and Lieutenants Mason and Kane, were the mounted officers.—The party was sixty-three strong.

"Hostilities may now be considered as commenced, and I have this day deemed it necessary to call upon the Governor of Texas for four regiments of volunteers, to be to be mounted, and two to serve as foot. As some delay must occur in collecting these troops, I have also desired the Governor of Louisiana, to send out four regiments of infantry as soon as practicable. This will constitute an auxiliary force of nearly five thousand men, which will be required to prosecute the war with energy, and carry it, **as it should be, into the enemy's country.** I trust the Department will approve of my course in this matter, and will give the necessary orders to the staff departments for the supply of this large additional force.

"If a law could be passed, authorizing the President to raise volunteers for twelve months, it would be of the *greatest importance* for a service so remote from support as this.

I am sir, very respectfully your obedient servant. Z. TAYLOR.

To the Brig.-Gen. U. S. Army Commanding.

"The Adj't Gen. of the Army, *Washington, D. C.*

The Buffalo Convention.

This long-looked-for event has at length transpired. Its result has been the nomination of Martin Van Buren for the Presidency, and Chas. F. Adams, of Massachusetts for the Vice Presidency.

It cannot be denied or concealed, that an agitation which can bring the names of two such men as Mr. Van Buren and John P. Hale before the same convention for the same nomination, is an anomaly in the political history of this country, and portends some strange developements for the future.

This is a matter which should arrest the most serious attention. There is a crisis fast approaching, which must be met with firmness and energy. The natural position of the democratic party will be that of conservatism—conservation of the Constitution and the Union.

The question of Slavery is the most vital of all questions, at the South. It is a question which is constantly found in the ranks of the whig party of the North, and in the abolition party, which is almost entirely composed of persons who were formerly whigs. In New York alone do we find this hydra-headed monster assuming any serious degree the organization of the democracy. Let the democratic party, then, throughout the Union, maintain and cherish that spirit of conciliation which first prevailed in the Convention which framed the Constitution itself, and which afterward interfered to the successful settlement of the Missouri question, and all will again be safe. There will be no division upon this subject in the South. As we before remarked, it is a vital question with them; it is a question of political equality or degradation, of prosperity and happiness, or decadence and misery—in short, it is a question of life or death.

Let us not deceive ourselves. Let democrats adhere to their time-honored principles and preserve their integrity. With regard to Mr. Van Buren, but one more chapter in the history of his political odyssey remains to be written; that is, his acceptance of the Buffalo nomination. That he will refuse it, we scarcely have a shadow of hope.

Themistocles promised the king of Persia, his constant enemy, that he would, if necessary, fight against the Greeks. That surrendered for him to redeem his promise, but the noble Athenian chose death rather than bear arms against his country.

We have no idea, however, that Mr. Van Buren will imitate so much laudable example.—*Dayton Empire.*

From the Washington Daily Union.

Bargain and Sale.

We have received from Philadelphia a printed copy of the following extraordinary proposition. It was found at the United States Hotel in Chesnut street, Philadelphia, on Friday last, and it shows plainly the desperate effort that is still making by the *coon*. It is due to the people themselves, whose interests are thus thrown into the market, to understand the game that is playing upon them. It is a trick and an intrigue, that only needs to be thoroughly exposed to be repudiated and despised by every patriot. It throws all political principle out of view, and resolves the whole presidential election into a gambling scheme of temporary availability.

☞ Means to spread diversity of opinion exists in different sections of the Union as to the relative availability of the several whig candidates proposed in view of the presidency; now, therefore, in order to exhibit proper deference to the opinions of the friends of the several candidates, but at the same time to promote a final union of the entire whig strength of all sections, without which no rational hope of success can be seriously entertained, the following proposition is submitted for the consideration of the convention:

The whigs of each State shall run one electoral ticket and but one, in each, pledged to vote in the electoral college for that candidate known to be the preferred one of the whigs of the States by which they are severally chosen, provided it be found, when the results of the election in all the States are ascertained, that such candidate is the strongest one, according to the electoral vote in the Union at large. As, for instance, supposing the States of the Union divided out among the friends of Clay, Taylor, or others, as nearly equal with respect to electoral votes as may be, choosing the first by lot, and then alternately; if, upon such a division of the States into Clay and Taylor States it be found that the one or the other shall have carried the election the electors favorable to that candidate who shall have received the smallest number of electoral votes, shall be pledged in such case to cast their entire votes for the candidate possessing having a majority of electoral votes. In this way, final harmony will be insured; and instead of division and alienation, the friends of each candidate will be stimulated to powerful exertions in all quarters of the Union, and the whig cause will thus have the full benefit of the entire whig strength of the nation. If this or some equivalent plan be not adopted, it is apprehended that the whig cause may lose the benefit of the strength in both sections of the Union; for it will not be questioned that Mr. Clay can carry some States that Gen. Taylor cannot, and that Taylor can carry some that Mr. Clay cannot. Under this plan, the whig cause will have the benefit of the strength of both, or all the candidates; for this scheme may be applied to other rather candidats besides Clay and Taylor. The certainty of success, if this plan be agreeable to the convention, entitles it to the serious consideration of all who desire to make assurance doubly sure, and the more so when it is considered how hazardous will be the success, going into the contest under the flag of any one man against whom prejudices exist in any quarter of the Union."

Important to Newspaper Subscribers.

As it is altogether important that all newspaper readers should be well informed of their responsibility to their publishers, we have thought that we might render a service to our readers by publishing the following, to which we ask their particular attention:

Law of Newspapers.

1 If Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.

2 If subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid, and subscribers are responsible for all the numbers sent.

3 If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the office to which they are directed, they are responsible until they pay all arrearages and give notice to discontinue.

4 If subscribers remove to other places without informing the publishers, and their papers are continued to be sent to their former direction, they are responsible.

5 The Courts have decided that refusing to take a newspaper or periodical from the office, or removing and leaving it uncalled for, until arrearages are paid, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

A little attention to the above requisitions of the law, may save many persons trouble, and secure us against losses which we have borne too long already, without murmuring.

☞ Albums may be said to be dependents, wherewith young girls catch flatterers.

The Kentucky Flag.

EDITED BY SAMUEL PIKE.

SAMUEL PIKE AND R. R. RUSSELL, PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.

Wednesday.....August 30, 1848.

For President,
GEN. LEWIS CASS,
Of Michigan.

For Vice President,
GEN. W. O. BUTLER,
Of Kentucky.

ELECTORS FOR THE STATE AT LARGE, ROBT. N. WICKLIFFE, of Fayette. FRANCIS P. STONE, of Wayne.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1st District—ISAAC BURNETT.
2d District—B. J. STITES.
3d District—JAMES P. BATES.
4th District—JAMES S. CHRISMAN.
5th District—JAMES W. STONE.
6th District—JAMES H. GARRARD.
7th District—JAMES GUTHRIE.
8th District—A. K. MARSHALL.
9th District—JAMES W. MOORE.
10th District—W. T. REID.

Dissolution.

The partnership hitherto existing under the name of PIKE & HELMS, in the publication of the "KENTUCKY FLAG," and the Printing business generally, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 23d day of August, 1848, and the business will, in future, be conducted under the firm of PIKE & RUSSELL, to whom all debts due the office must be paid, and who will discharge all the liabilities of the late partnership.

SAMUEL PIKE,
JOHN M. HELMS.

AUGUST 30, 1848.

To the readers of the Flag.

It will be seen from the above notice that I have sold my interest in this paper to Mr. R. R. RUSSELL, who has been, for some months past, engaged in the office, and that the business will be carried on, as usual, with every attention to the wants and demands of the numerous patrons, who have, thus far, so generously sustained my late partner in his untiring efforts to please the public, and benefit his political friends, in this and other States of the Union.

Ill health has, alone, induced me to retire, for a time at least, from a business to which the greater portion of my life has been devoted; and, nothing but a conviction that a further continuance in it (at present) would be attended with serious consequences, in that respect, could have induced me to relinquish my connexion with a paper, in the welfare and prosperity of which I feel such an abiding interest. Confident, however, that my place will be ably filled by my successor, and the FLAG ever retain its present high standing amongst the political papers of the State, so long as it remains under the editorial control of its *founder*, and the guardianship of its present conductors, I can say to its numerous readers that they will lose nothing by this *unexpected*, though almost *unavoidable* change.

In taking leave, then, of the Democracy of Northern Kentucky, for the present, and from the generous and warm-hearted citizens of Maysville *in particular*, I cannot avoid tendering to them all, my warmest and most sincere thanks; not only for the liberal patronage conferred upon the office since my connection with it, but for the many marks of generous hospitality and kindness which I have received at their hands.

JOHN M. HELMS.

The New Firm.

It is a matter of deep regret to us that our young friend, Mr. Helms, with whom we have been associated since the beginning of February last, has felt it to be a duty which he owed himself to retire from the business of this office, on account of delicate health. During our connexion with him we found him all that a moral, industrious, upright, and honest man *could be*, and therefore part with him reluctantly.

His place will be filled by Mr. R. R. RUSSELL, a gentleman whom we have known long and favorably, to whom Mr. HELMS has disposed of his interest; and, under this arrangement, business will go forward as usual. The change can in no way affect the interest of our patrons, and the new firm will spare no exertion to please and accommodate all their old friends, and as many *new ones* as may see proper to patronize them.

A WHITE BLACKBIRD.—We learn from the Ohio State Journal that there is a locofoco, E. S. Hamlin, electioneering through that State for Cass, on the ground that he is in favor of free territory!—*Lexington Atlas.*

That is not the first palpable and unblushing falsehood which Billy Thrall has put forth, to be endorsed by such papers as the *Atlas*. E. S. Hamlin was formerly the editor of a whig paper in Cleveland, and is the present editor of the *Standard*, an abolition, free soil, free negro sort of organ, which has lately sprung into existence at Columbus, if we are not much *mistaken*.

Gen. Taylor's want of firmness—Another Letter—Repudiation of Whiggery, and Whiggery's Repudiation of him!

Gen. Taylor when spoken of as a candidate for the Presidency, eschewed all party alliances, claimed to be independent, and manifested a disposition to run upon "his own hook." When the Whig Convention met, and Gen. Saunders vouched for his political orthodoxy, and pledged him to abide the decision of the Convention the old hero for the first time "surrendered"—he abandoned his position as a "no party candidate," and threw himself into the arms of the whigs. In a few days the official notification of his nomination reached him, when he began to hesitate, repent, and absolutely refused to pay ten cents and take the letter from the Post office. It went to the Dead Letter office. Another change took place in the determination of the old man, and he caused the letter to be returned to Baton Rouge, paid the ten cents postage, and wrote a reply candidly accepting the nomination and agreeing to be the candidate of the whig party for the Presidency.

Thus the judgement of the bewildered old man vibrated like a pendulum, first on one side and then upon the other, until at last he settled down in the determination to run as a whig candidate for the presidency. Those who had supported him as an independent candidate, disgusted with his want of firmness, and heartily sick of this puerile vascillation, withdrew their suppor, abandoned their organization, and returned to their former party associates, or remained neutral in the contest. Again the old gentleman took the alarm, and the very last change which has come over the spirit of his dream. may be seen from the letter below, in which he resolves not to be a party candidate, and repudiates his association with the whig party.

The course of Gen. Taylor has been so inconsistent, ridiculous, and absurd, that it is a wonder that any party having the slightest claims to respectability can sustain him for a moment.

The following letter is published in the Philadelphia Ledger:

BATON ROUGE, LA., July 31, 1848.

DEAR SIR: Your letter of the 5th inst. asking of me a line or two in regard to my position as a candidate for the presidency, has been duly received.

In reply, I have to say, that I am not a party candidate, and, if elected, shall not be the President of a party, but the President of the whole people.

I am, dear sir, with high respect and regard, your most obedient servant,

Z. TAYLOR.

GEORGE LIPPARD, Esq., Phila., Pa.

No wonder the whigs of North Carolina, the only State on the Southern seaboard, calculated upon with any certainty for Gen. Taylor, have faltered in their support of him and yielded up a majority of some six or eight thousand votes, with which the State has usually been carried. No wonder the North-west in the recent State elections, show an overwhelming and withering rebuke of his pretensions, in the stupendous majorities with which the democracy have carried every thing. If Gen. Taylor continues to write letters until the Presidential election, his friends will not be able to claim for him a single State in the Union.

THE THROOP MONUMENT, AGAIN.

It will be remembered by our friends in the 9th congressional district, that last fall an effort was made in some of the counties in that district, to raise the necessary funds to defray the expense of erecting a suitable Monument to the memory of the late COL. THROOP, whose unfortunate death while canvassing for Congress last year, must be fresh in the minds of the people.

Fleming, Lewis and Carter count nobly stepped forward at the time alluded to, and contributed their respective quotas, and it was confidently believed that the remaining seven would do likewise. Under this impression the committee, upon whom that duty devolved, made a contract with Messrs. KENT & STEWART, of this city, to erect the Monument aforesaid, and they will be ready, in a very short time, to put it up, having purchased and received the finest blocks of Vermont Marble for that purpose.

The cost of the work will be not $500, and as but a portion of that amount has been subscribed and paid in, it becomes necessary to advise our friends that the committee confidently looks to the other counties in the District to contribute their respective shares, at the earliest day practicable. Montgomery, Bath, Morgan, Lawrence, Greenup, Clark, and Breathitt are yet to hear from; and as there are few democrats in any one of them, who will be found unwilling to contribute *something* to so praise-worthy an object, we feel certain that the Democracy of each county will set about the work at once, and push it forward until the necessary amount be raised. The committees appointed in the respective counties last year, are still authorized to act, and we hope they will do so promptly, and report to Messrs. Kent & Stewart of this city, the amounts which they may raise, respectively, as soon as possible; so that they may know at what time they will be justifiable in putting the Monument upon the ground which it is intended to occupy.

Should a sufficient amount be raised to cover the expense of erecting it, a public notice of the *time of putting it up* will be given, and a general meeting of the Democracy of the District called at Flemingsburg, when and where appropriate discourses will be delivered by J. W. MOORE, Esq., and other distinguished speakers.

POSTPONEMENT.—We are informed by a letter from a correspondent at West Liberty, that the great Barbecue, which was to take place there in honor of the returned volunteers, on the 11th inst., has been postponed until the 16th of September.

We have received an invitation to attend, and will do so, if circumstances will permit. Many good speakers will be present, and the invitation from our Morgan county friends like that of the noble democrats of Carter, is extended to "all creation." A glorious time may be expected. Liberty dwells in the mountains!

Kentucky Whig papers and the Wilmot Proviso.

From all that we have yet seen in the whig papers of this State, we are at a loss to know whether they stand *in favor of* or *opposed to* the Wilmot Proviso, and we should like to know which side of the question they intend to take, as it is one which is to *figure* so conspicuously in other States during the Presidential canvass. It is a subject upon which we, and other conductors of the democratic press in Kentucky, stand *committed*; and, therefore, we do not hesitate to declare our unflattering and unwavering OPPOSITION, not only to the Proviso itself but to all the strategic and humbuggery of its friends and advocates; and if our whig adversaries are as honest as they profess to be, they should come out manfully, either *for or against it.*

It is one of those important questions upon which the public has a right to demand the views of the conductors of the public press, and one which the press of both parties is morally bound, by considerations of the most imperious nature, to speak out upon, in the language of open frankness and truth; yet, for some reason or other, the organs of whiggery in this region, remain tacitum upon the question, and seem to avoid saying aught that may be calculated to give their readers the least idea of the position which they occupy in relation to it. Why is this? The people of Kentucky, of both political parties, have a *deep and abiding interest* at stake in the matter; one which is paramount to almost any other which will be involved in the canvass—and yet the whig presses of this city, and of the State generally decline taking sides for or against it. It cannot be said that the question *is not in issue*, nor can any plea be put up that it is not of sufficient importance to demand the full and candid expression of the sentiments of every editor.

We call, then, upon our cotemporaries of this city, in an especial manner, to speak out their sentiments, in relation to the Proviso. Let them tell their readers whether they are *in favor of, or opposed to it!* Let them inform the world whether Kentucky whiggery dare *oppose it*; and, if so, is the whig party willing to risk General Taylor's popularity, in this State, upon the issue! Come, come, friends, you must *out with it*, and not keep your readers in *blissful* ignorance of your views upon a question of such vital importance to the interest and welfare of the old commonwealth. Just tell us whether you are for or against the Wilmot Proviso, and we promise to answer any similar interrogatory which either of you may propound to us.

Gen. Taylor's Last.

General Taylor is the greatest letter writer of the age, and his propensity for scribbling has led him into more frequent difficulties than ever did his indomitable bravery in battle. His last is addressed to Mr. Lippard, and reads thus:

"Your letter of the 5th instant, asking of me a line or two, in regard to my position as a candidate for the Presidency, has been duly received. In reply, I have to say, that I AM NOT A PARTY CANDIDATE, AND, IF ELECTED, SHALL NOT BE THE PRESIDENT OF A PARTY, BUT THE PRESIDENT OF THE WHOLE PEOPLE."

In the name of goodness, what will the dough-faced party do, under such circumstances? What! Gen. Taylor refuse to be their candidate, after telling them that he was "*deeply grateful for the honor*" conferred upon him by the "Philadelphia Slaughter House," and "*cordially accepting that nomination!*" Shades of departed whiggery, is that not too much? Verily, the friends of the old General will have to employ some of those blood-hounds—not to "*worry*" the old man—but just to "*find*" him, if he runs astray so often.

More Deserters.

Capt. Estill's company of Panola (Miss.) Volunteers, returned from Mexico, a few weeks ago, all democrats, good and true, resolved to vote for Cass and Butler.—When they left home they were all whigs, save *ten*. So says a gentleman directly from that State. Alas, poor Whitey!

☞ Gen. Wm. O. Butler, old Kentucky's favorite son, and the choice of the people for the next Vice President of the United States, is now at his home at Carrollton, Ky., where he will remain until called hence by the voices of a majority of his countrymen to take the oath of office, and fill the place at present held by the noble and universally-beloved G. M. Dallas.

STRANGE.—For some sixteen years past we have had an *exchange* with Major JOHN B. SEMANS, of the Lafayette Free Press, who, until recently, has been one of the most uncompromising whigs with whom we were ever acquainted. He opposed Martin Van Buren in 1840, with an enthusiasm bordering upon madness, while we were advocating *Matty* and repelling the assaults made upon him by the gallant Major. Now the *scene* is changed! The Major is out full drive for the *Kinderhooker*, while, without the least change of position upon our part, we are in opposition to his aspirations. How is this, Major? We are at a loss to know what great virtues you have discovered in "little Van" of late, that you should be clinging to his coat tail now, after having berated him so much in 1840.

Just as we expected.

Mr. KNAPP, editor of the Marion, Ohio, Mirror, whom it was lately said had run up the Van Buren flag, nobly refutes the foul slander, in his reply to our article in relation to the subject, some two weeks ago. Speaking of the base charge of having deserted the standard of Cass and Butler, he indignantly says:—

"Foul slander" guess it is, and the man who perpetrated it ought to be set afloat on the briny deep on a shingle, for his bare faced impudence and down-right meanness. Why Sam! you may as soon expect to hear of steamers navigating the Niagara Falls or of whigs learning wisdom, as to catch us advocating the election of a vile traitor to the great Democratic party. We would as soon be hung up by the heels on the banks of the Mississippi to be eat to death by gallinippers and mosquetoes, as to consent to oppose the election of as worthy statesmen and patrios as Cass and Butler. We would by Judas!"

This is about the way most of the "bolters," as the dough-face term them, will come out, when an enquiry shall be made into the facts as they exist. These miserable drivelling dough-faced editors can circulate a *lie*, to the injury of another, in order to make a little capital to boost up old Whitey, but they have not the magnanimity to retract their falsehoods when they are fairly proven upon them. Give them *thunder*, old friend, at every bound they make! They deserve to be hanged with the hairs out of old whitey's *tail*; so they do!

How the time is changed.

When the Whigs thought the barn-burning movement would seriously affect the democratic party, it was hard for their editors to sustain the exultation which swelled their hearts. Every number of their papers contained some article calculated to encourage the defection. Now, however, it appears most certainly, that the movement is doing five times more injury to the prospects of Gen. Taylor, than to any other candidate. The whig papers instead of chuckling over the affair, are denouncing it with fury. They cannot stop the desertions from the Whig party, which take place in great numbers every day, and have turned into regular abuse of what they once applauded and encouraged. What an unblushing set of scamps they are, to be sure!

OHIO.—The nominations at Buffalo, give assurance that the electoral vote of this State will be cast for Taylor and Fillmore. Mr Cass never was the favorite of Ohio: she resisted his nomination till the last, and there are thousands of democrats that will return to Van Buren as their first love. We have no fears of Ohio—she is sure to go right—for though but fifty years old, she has more colleges than any other State in the Union.—*Lexington Atlas.*

We claim to know a little more about Ohio than that, Mr. Atlas; and we tell you now that you are wider from the mark than when you predicted a majority of 22,222 for Crittenden in Kentucky! Ohio is as certain for Cass and Butler as the Union is of a democratic President, and no sensible man doubts the certainty of that; so you might just as well console yourselves with the little enthusiasm you have been able to get up in favor of Taylor in Kentucky, and not trouble yourselves or your readers with matters of which you are as profoundly ignorant as old *Whitey* of the art of printing.

Another Doughfaced Lie!

The Herald, of Wednesday, contained the following *precious bit of whig veracity:*

"The Louisville Journal of yesterday says: 'We understand that the democrats in Washington city have lost over $50,000 on the Kentucky Gubernatorial election. Boyd, it is said, lost $5,000. The bets ranged from 2,000 to 5,000 majority for Crittenden, and of course the backers of Crittenden have won all. The boasting of the Locofoco central committee of Kentucky has been a sore business to their friends abroad."

So far as Linn Boyd is concerned, there is not one word of truth in the above statement; and a paper that will *lie in one* particular is not to be believed in another; so the whole statement may be put down as a *Bourbon*, made out of whole cloth, by the Journal. Our friend of the Herald does not believe the statement himself—he knows Prentice too well.

Volunteer Meeting in Lewis!

We are requested to say that that there will be a general meeting of the citizens of Lewis county, (without distinction, as to party,) at James McCormick's Sulphur Springs, on SATURDAY THE 2d DAY of September, 1848, for the purpose of making arrangements for a public dinner to be given to Gen. Thomas Marshall and the Fleming Volunteers. A general attendance is requested.

HUZZA FOR THE NORTH!—The Old Ninth District, in 1844, gave Owsley (whig) a majority of 75 votes. This year she gave Powell (dem.) a majority of 98, making a democratic gain of 173 votes, notwithstanding the disaffection in Bath and Lawrence, and the efforts of the Mount Sterling Whig to the contrary. This (10th) District, which gave Gaines (whig) a majority of 114 last year, for Congress, *this year* gave Powell a majority of 575. That is what we call going pretty well for the cause in the North.

☞ The Whigs say Gen. Taylor ought to be made president because he whipped Santa Anna at Buena Vista. Sam Houston not only whipped him against great odds, but *caught* him too. When he ran from Taylor he had but one leg—when Houston caught him both his trotters were sound.

Gen. Taylor in Mississippi.

A very intelligent gentleman from Monticello, Miss., called upon us on Thursday morning last, to subscribe for 25 copies of the CAMPAIGN FLAG, for different gentlemen in that town and vicinity.

He informed us, while in conversation, that since the defeat of the Compromise Bill, Taylorism had run to a low ebb in the South—that the whigs were generally deserting the Taylor flag, and rallying under the standard of Cass and Butler—and that, as an evidence of this, SIXTY-ONE WHIGS, of whom he was one, openly RENOUNCED TAYLOR, on the reception of the news from Washington, all of whom immediately became members of the Cass and Butler Association in that town.

He further informs us that Taylor will not receive to exceed *thirty-five* votes in the county of Lawrence, in which he lives, and that the State will go for Cass and Butler by an overwhelming majority.—So much for the defeat of the Compromise Bill, and Taylorism in the South!

☞ We have received a communication from one of the volunteers at Maysville, which shall be published as soon as the author will furnish us with his *real name*. His true name will not be given to the public, of course; but we have laid it down as a rule that the names of all correspondents must be lodged with us, before their communications can appear. This is necessary, in order to prevent imposition. We do not object to the article in question, upon any other consideration, and hope the writer will see proper to entrust us with his true signature, so that we can publish his letter.

Another doughfaced lie disproved.

The following infamous article, from the Louisville Courier, first met our eye in one of our city journals. We remarked at the time of reading it to a friend that it was a falsehood from begining to end, and such it now appears to be, as may be seen by the proof which we subjoin. It is but justice that the editors of the whig papers in this city should give the lie to this base slander, as one or both of them have given publicity to it.

The odious and slanderous article runs as follows:

A man by the name of Jeremiah Poor, with his family, consisting of a wife, a feeble health and in a very delicate situation, with several young and helpless children, arrived here on the Ben Franklin, Thursday night, in a destitute and suffering condition, without a dollar in the world or a home to shelter themselves in. It appears that this family are the victims to locofoco malice, that the sick and suffering mother and her helpless children are persecuted and driven forth from their home, thrust out without a moment's warning, as unceremoniously as you would eject a loathsome reptile from your door, and all for what? Because the husband and father *dared* to be a freeman. The facts of the case are as they these: Mr Poor was living in Warsaw, a poor man, and a tenant of a hotel-keeper in that place. The hotel-keeper is wealthy, a democrat and a violent partizan. Mr. Poor is a whig, went to the polls and *voted the whig ticket*. Mr. Brown, the landlord, on ascertaining that Poor had voted for the whig candidates, proceeded to his house and turned the family out, regardless of the situation or entreaties of the sick wife. Their furniture, beds, &c., were dashed from the house into the road, the doors closed upon them, and there they were thus left in the open fields without a shelter, or a chance offered them to procure even the most common place comfort, or to cook a mouthful victuals.—When the Ben Franklin arrived at Warsaw, Mr. Poor and his family went on board and came to Louisville.

Upon this the editor of the Louisville Democrat remarks as follows, and gives the appended certificates, which completely refute the falsehoods contained in the above article from the Courier:

We don't suppose any white man silly enough to believe this contemptible falsehood; but a friend tells us he saw a whig trying to believe it. Lest any body should, we give the certificates below, furnished us by a friend of Mr. Brown; merely stating an additional fact, that this said Poor had no children.

August 11th, 1848.

I do hereby certify that Jeremiah Poor, formerly of Warsaw, Kentucky, told me on Wednesday, the last day of the election, that he (said Poor,) intended leaving the house he then lived in, belonging to Walter Brown, that the families that were in the house were so overbearing he could not stand them any longer.

And I further certify that I heard Mr. Brown tell him, on the morning after the election, that he was a fool—to stay in the house; and not leave until he could do better, or words to that amount; and in order that this may not be said to be a party thing, I further state, that I am a whig, and voted the whig vote entire, and intend to vote for Gen. Taylor.

JOSHUA EBLEN

Sworn to before me, this 14th day of August, 1848.

LEVI GRIFFIN, J. P. G. C.

WARSAW, KY., August 14, 1848.

I certify, that on Thursday morning, after the election, I heard Walter Brown tell Jeremiah Poor that he was at liberty to remain in his house, free of rent, until he could obtain another.

I voted at the late election for Crittenden and Landy, and intend voting for Gen. Taylor.

his
JOHN ✕ NORTON.
mark

Sworn to before me, this 14th day of August, 1848.

LEVI GRIFFIN, J. P. G. C.

August 14th, 1848.

We heard Walter Brown, on the Monday morning of the election, say to Jeremiah Poor, "don't be pulled and hauled any more about your vote. If you are a democrat, go and vote it; if you are a whig, go and vote it."

L. GRAVES,
G. M. CHILD,
JOHN LONG.

WARSAW, KY., August 14, 1848.

We certify that we were, and are yet, residing in the house from which Jeremiah Poor is said to have been forcibly ejected by Walter Brown, and that said statement has no foundation in truth.—We saw Mr. Poor removing his property himself, from the house—Mr. Brown not being present. We furthermore state that we heard said Brown, on the morning of the election, tell said *Poor*, if he was a whig, to "vote his sentiments," if not, not to permit himself to be trifled with.

ROBERT RUSSELL,
WILLIAM CRAIG, (a whig.)

Who, we ask, can read the above foul calumny and its refutation, and not feel a glow of honest indignation arise in his bosom against a party, and a *party publisher*, who would thus wantonly traduce the reputation of a high minded political opponent? A blush of shame should mantle the cheeks of every whig who reads it, and the man who fails to contradict the base calumny, after having aided in giving currency to it, deserves nothing better than the scoffs and sneers of all honest men.

Coming out from the Doughfaces.

Captains McKenzie, Evans, Bracken and Lewis; Lts. Sawtell, Hamilton, Osborn, Neely, and Baker; Col. Myers, and others, *whig* officers of the Indiana Volunteers refuse, under any circumstances, to vote for Gen. Taylor.

Robert J. Brant, Esq., of Maryland, renounced his connection with the Taylor party, a few days ago, in a speech at Port Tobacco, and goes it now for Cass and Butler.

R. B. Carmichell, one of the Taylor electors of the same State, has also bid adieu to the foul party, and is now supporting Cass and Butler.

James A. Stewart, also of Maryland, has withdrawn from the support of Taylor, but not yet defined his position; while Madison Brown, Esq., of Queen Ann's county, throws off the Taylor shackles, like a man, and is supporting Cass and Butler with a free good will.

We might go on, *ad infinitum*, were it necessary with this list, and show that the whigs are cutting loose from Taylorism in all parts of the Union; but these few instances must suffice until our next, as we have not room for more at present.

The *sensible* portion of the whigs see too plainly the disgraceful discomfiture which awaits their party, under the lead of Taylor, in November next, and are fleeing from it as fast as possible.

Taylorism will be "an obsolete idea" before the election, unless is Kentucky leaders can infuse a little life into it.—Where's Chambers?

More Grape, Captain Bragg!—Whig Harmony!

The *Taylor Club*, at Lansing, Michigan, on the receipt of the nomination of the Buffalo Convention, formally resolved to abandon Taylor and Fillmore, and support the Van Buren and Adams ticket.

The *Old Eighth Whig*, a paper published at Attica, New York, has hauled down the names of Taylor and Fillmore, and now floats at its mast head the names of Van Buren and Adams.

The *Western Reserve Chronicle*, hitherto a whig paper, has announced its intention to support the Buffalo nominations.

The Syracuse (N. Y.) *Star*, says it has before it a call signed by *fifty-six* whigs of Canandaigua for a public meeting in opposition to the nominations of General Taylor.

Horace Greely, the editor of the New York Tribune, and a high priest of whiggery, says that "*Taylorism has not yet paid expences.*"

A new and fatal malady that baffles all the skill of the physicians, has broken out in the village of *Greene*, Chenango county, N. York. Twenty-four persons in this small hamlet fell victims to the new and unknown scourge in two weeks.—*Lexington Atlas.*

Wonder if it can be the *Taylor grippe*, or the free soil *fever*, two maladies from which whiggery seems to suffer much of late? Seeing the above in a whig paper naturally leads us to make the enquiry.

A WHIG BOLTER.—The Northampton Courier says a month has elapsed since the nomination of Taylor, and "we now come to the deliberate conclusion that we must decline giving him our support." The Courier has been a whig paper some twenty years, but can't tell what Gen. Taylor's opinions are.

A VOICE FROM INDIANA.

For the Flag.

GREENSBURG, INDIANA, August 18th, 1848.

The first battle of the campaign is past, and the victory is ours. Well may we say, *vincit oma a veritas*, for the victory we have gained here, great as it undoubtedly is, is equalled by the result in all the other States that have held elections this month, save Kentucky; and when considering all things, has done nobly so far as heard from. When we consider the almost unbounded popularity of Mr. Crittenden, and the unfortunate schism that existed in the democratic party last spring—the lamented difference between the friends of Col. Johnson and those of Mr. Powell, we are only surprised that Crittenden's majority so far as heard is so small. We have an abiding confidence that we shall hear entirely a different story this Fall, when the battle comes off between different parties—the *bloodhound General of the South* and the Northern abolitionist on the one part, and those great exponents of the *national principles* of the great republican party—the accomplished Cass and the gallant Butler—than whom America can boast no greater sons, on the other par. Then we expect to see Kentucky do justice to one of her noblest sons, and rebuke as she should those Janus faces who sacrificed Mr. Clay at the altar of *supposed availibility*. I am delighted at the immense gain you have made upon whiggery in old Mason. "A few more such victories," and whiggery is undone there.

I suppose that you, as well as all our Southern brethren, are desirous of knowing what effect the nomination of Van Buren and Adams will have in the free States. I shall not pretend to speak for any State but this, though I have information from Ohio to the effect that where there is one democrat goes for them, there will be at least ten whigs. In this State the disproportion will greatly exceed this. It is true, that there is now and then a democrat led off by this *free soil*, THE NEGRO cry of Northern fanaticism, but to every democrat there is from forty to fifty whigs, who have too much conscience to go the Taylor figure. All the whigs here pretend, those that support Taylor as well as those who do not, that they are in favor of the Wilmot Proviso. The truth is, those who support Taylor contend that he is as good an abolitionist as Birney himself—that he is in favor of extending the principles of the ordinance of '87, so far as it relates to slavery, over New Mexico and California, which they say is all that Birney now contends for; and they quote the *Signal letter* to prove this. Another portion of the whig party, whom we call *democratic whigs*, say they cannot believe this—Gen Taylor being a Southern man, all his associations as well as his interests being Southern, his feelings on sectional questions must also be Southern, say they. It is impossible that his feelings can have become fraternized, and imbued with a national spirit in the short time he has been before the public as a candidate: hence they will not trust him. All these will go for Van Buren, and their number is not small.

It seems strange that men who have received as much at the hands of the democratic party and democratic administrations as Mr. Van Buren, B. F. Butler, &c., should, now, in a fit of disappointment, turn around and pursue the suicidal course they are now traversing.—What are we necessarily compelled to think of men, who, while they could make it profitable—while they could secure high offices and fat stations by it—were loud in their protestations of orthodoxy to the creed of the democracy, turn around when they see others, equally worthy, in the places they wished to secure, and denounce the principles they once advocated, and the party they once acted with? With what feelings other than utter contempt, can we as men, as democrats and patriots, comprehend such repreehensible and infamous treachery?

Martin Van Buren, who stands pledged in the eyes of his countrymen, and in the presence of the great Eternal, to "tread in the footsteps of *his* illustrious predecessor," the greatest and firmest of the democrats of his age, now associated with an Adams, an hereditary enemy to democracy and everything pertaining thereto, in an attempt to destroy that great and patriotic party which took his government in 1800, then in the imbecility and weakness of infancy, and conducted it to that high place which it now occupies in the family of nations—that party which has guided the destinies of the nation, with the exception of eight years, for the last half a century. Jew art the mighty fallen, and the wise stultified! But there is a sufficiency of good old-fashioned patriotism still extant in the country to save the nationality of our principles, the compromises of the constitution, and the permanency of the Union, if the South but does her duty.

The South is in a minority in the popular branch of the national Congress, and from the action of the present whig House, they can surely see that their only safety—the only safety of the Union—is in the Northern democracy. Then how important that they should come boldly up to the work, and aid us in sustaining the cardinal principles of the party, in placing Gen. Cass in the presidential chair. In this is their only safety. Should Cass be defeated by their supineness, what security have they that many of the Northern democrats may not join in with the Northern whigs and abolitionists, and aid in the destruction of their peculiar institution? I do not say that this will be so if Cass is defeated; *it may be so.* But the result of the late elections—that of North Carolina in particular—shows that they know where their security lies.

We have not all the returns of our State election in yet. So far as heard, the Senate stands democrats 27, whigs 22, and one to hear from, which is doubtful. The House stands democrats 53, whigs 37, and ten to hear from, but these will not vary the result materially. We have our Senator safe. I think Hanegan will be re-elected, though Owen and Whitcomb, each, have warm friends who wish to see them in the United States Senate. Yours, &c.

☞ A caricature was issued in New York, last week, representing Fowler, the phrenologist, examining the head of Gen. Taylor, to ascertain his capabilities for president, while Horace Greeley is sitting by, taking down the examination.

The Kentucky Flag.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1848.

☞We are under renewed obligations to our indefatigable agent, Mr. J. C. Walker, for a list of new subscribers, and a remittance of the "one thing needful."

☞We take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the advertisement of our friend, W. S. Pickett, in another column. Having been presented with a sample of his teas, which we tried, we can, with confidence, commend it to our friends as being superior to any we have heretofore used.

Mad Tom, a legend of the Ohio; by Emerson Bennett, author of "The Renegade," "Bandits of the Osage," etc. Cincinnati: Robinson & Jones.

A week, bearing the above title-page has been laid on our table, though we have not yet had time to examine it.—It is spoken of, however, as one of the ablest of its kind; if so, we feel justified in recommending it to all lovers of romance.

Who is the Whig candidate for the Presidency!

Gen. Taylor says he is not the candidate of the Whig Party. Martin Van Buren is the abolition candidate. Who is the Whig candidate, can any one tell?

☞The excellent communication of G. T. B., come to hand too late for this week's paper. It will appear in our next.

The Editor of the Flag is absent on a short visit to Ohio. He will attend to the disposal of puppy at Mr. Sterling upon his return.

Howe & Co.'s Circus.

Our city and country readers will notice in our advertising columns that this mammoth concern is to be in our city on the 9th of September. It is said to be altogether a superior company, and that the attractions are great. There will be a full house, as a matter of course.

Stickney's Grand National Circus

Will be in this city on Monday next, and the proprietors promise an unusually rich treat. We need not tell our citizens to turn out, on the occasion, as the pavilion will be crowded without any attempt to rally the people.

Wholesale and Retail Hat Store.

It affords us much pleasure to call the attention of our citizens and strangers to to the extensive and fashionable Hat Store of our friend Mr. James Worrall, who has just removed from his old stand on Sutton, to the new and commodious rooms of *Shipp's Hotel*, near the corner of Market and Second streets.

His being the only establishment of the kind in the city, makes it to his interest to keep every variety of Hats, Caps, &c., and to sell at such prices as cannot fail to please; and being himself a *practical printer*, prices are altogether unnecessary by way of recommendation. He is a clever fellow, as most *printers* are, and we feel altogether confident that he will please both in *price* and *style*, every one who may call upon him, however ever choice they may be in a covering for their *brain-pans*. Just step in, as you pass, and give him a trial!

Jesse Jean, Esq., has been nominated by the Whigs of Gallatin county, Illinois, for the State Senate. He will overcloop all opposition, for a *running jump* makes tremendous speed.—Tuped States Gazette.

John Jump is, no doubt, a true whig, for it requires a *running jump* to cut one to swallow Taylor and Old Whitey at the same time, to say nothing about that array of *blood hounds*.

☞Since the whigs find it impossible for them to wheedle the volunteers into the support of the Slaughter House nominee, they begin to abuse them, just as they did shortly after they went to Mexico.—Marion (O.) Mirror.

This, we suppose, accounts for certain Whig papers denouncing the Ohio Volunteers as *Chicken thieves*. If these volunteers do not rain *odes* about the heads of some of your Whig editors, over there, they deserve to be disfranchised forever. If our *Billy Tecall* were to say such naughty things about our Kentucky Volunteers, his hide would be riddled so that it would look *like a fiddler*, on less than no time."

Mob in Cincinnati.—A serious mob occurred in the Queen City one evening last week, in consequence of the commission of a rape upon the person of a little girl in that city, by some of the outlawed scoundrels with which the place is infested. They were caught, examined before the Police Court, and for want of bail, committed to jail. While the officers were conducting them to prison, they were assailed by a mob, but the officers succeeded in lodging the fellows safely in *limbo*. The infuriated mob then broke down the jail fence, and threatened to break the jail doors and lynch the prisoners. The whole body of Police soon assembled, and the Mayor and others attempted to calm the storm by speeches; but they were assailed with brick bats and other missiles, and compelled to desist.

A round of blank cartridges was then fired by the Police, from the jail, which only the more exasperated the mob, and it was not until a round of balls was fired into the crowd, that peace and quiet were restored. By this fire four men were killed, and one severely wounded. A great city for mobs and murders.

The Buffalo Convention—political character of its members.

With their accustomed mendacity, the whigs are laboring hard to make it appear that the Free Soil Convention was composed mostly of democrats; and from that delusion they affect to derive the assurance that Cass and Butler must be defeated. Let them hug the phantom—in November next the reality will break upon them, and whiggery will no longer have a name or a place among men. It is now well ascertained, that at least *four-fifths* of the Buffalo Convention were *whigs* and *abolitionists*, and not more than *one-fifth* had ever been democrats. With a view of determining the political elements of the Convention was composed, a *viva voce* expression was made, and the above result shown. This information, says the Boston Chronotype, has been derived from members of the Convention.

Let us hear no more about the Van Buren, free negro party being a democratic organization. The truth is, and it cannot longer be disguised, that it is almost exclusively a whig affair, and derives its strength and numbers from the whig and abolition parties. Innumerable desertions from the Taylor to the Van Buren ranks, have been taking place in all the free States, ever since the sitting of the Buffalo Convention.—Indeed, here in our own midst, on the soil of old Kentucky, there are whigs who sympathize with the Van Buren movement, and who openly avow that they would vote for him if he had a ticket formed in the State. We thank God, that this feeling in Kentucky is confined to the whigs, and that not a single democrat, as far as we know, partakes of it. We should not be surprised to see our neighbor of the *Herald* classing himself in that category, before the November election, from the manner in which he speaks of the "correct grounds" assumed by Judge McLean in his late letter to the Free Soil Convention. Stranger things than this have occurred, so look out for another boler!

Whigs and Free Soil—Alarm of the National Intelligence.

The Whigs of Kentucky, who are not yet convinced of the defection in their ranks, caused by the nominations of the Buffalo Convention, ought to read the *National Intelligencer*. Our neighbor of the *Eagle* quotes liberally from that paper, but is scrupulously cautious never to touch any of those articles, in which the *disharmony* of Whiggery is a subject of lament and reproach. We advise him to repeat what the Intelligencer says about "THE RECUSANT AND HEEDLESS WHIGS, who, *abandoning every conscientious issue save one*, (and that one the mere creature of a casual excitement) *have turned their backs upon their own principles*, DESERTED THEIR FRIENDS, and, like the Numidian horse of ancient story, *gone over, bag and baggage, in the midst of the battle*, TO THE SIDE OF THE ENEMY." It will convince his readers, notwithstanding the column of items which he has paraded to show the schisms in the democratic ranks, that the desertions from Whiggery are more serious than he has been willing to admit.

These admissions of the National Intelligence are important. They show the progress of that dissolution, which began with the Whig party at the Philadelphia Convention, and which will end in the total annihilation of the whole concern at the next November election.—When the Intelligencer is compelled to rebuke desertions, and admit the rapidly waning popularity of its cause, no democrat need remain in doubt as to what is to be the result. We have all along assured our friends that the free soil movement had too much of the sympathy of the Whig party, to do the cause of democracy any serious harm. Its narrow, selfish and fanatic principles, have no affinity with either the spirit or principles of democracy. Every candid man must admit that the free-soil movement is a movement prejudicial to, and against, Taylorism—a movement which must ensure the defeat of Gen. Taylor, because Northern Whigs constitute the great mass of its supporters. So strong in the East is the inclination of the Whigs, to unite in this movement, that the National Intelligence and other influential Whig papers, are powerless in all efforts to restain them. Like the "Numidian horse," no cords or bit can check them—they are going over, lag and baggage, to the enemy.

Abuse of Candidates.

It appears to be the settled policy of the Federal press to lavish all sorts of abuse upon Gen. Cass at this particular time, with a view to keep the democratic party forever on the *defensive*, or rather always refuting and exposing the infamous falsehoods and misrepresentations which they send forth among the people. The Louisville Journal stands No. 1 amongst the defamatory papers of the party, and that paper no sooner utters its malicious *lies* than they are caught up by every drivelling retailer of slander and defamation into whose hands the leathsome lying sheet may fall, and its falsehoods are borne upon every whig tongue in the land to earth's remotest bounds.

Prentice has his co-workers in the systematized method of carrying on a political warfare; and, we are sorry to say, that some of them are to be found in this city, who claim to be fair and honest editors and publishers, but whose course, in relation to the nefarious practice of promulging false testimony, will soon be made so palpably plain that it must put them to shame, if not sink them in the estimation of the party to which they belong.

Because democrats do not thus think proper to follow their example, and pour out abuse and villification upon the heads of Taylor and Fillmore, it is no reason why these dough-faced drivellers should be permitted to assail our candidates with impunity; and for one, we shall, if that course be persisted in, feel fully justified in retaliating, by opening a few *budgets* of facts upon them.

Knowing, as we do, that the lives and characters of Gen. Lewis Cass and Gen. W. O. Butler stand as unblemished as do those of Gen. Taylor, *Old Whitey*, and Mr. Fillmore, we are ready to go into any investigation which our opponents may ask, so far as the general reputation of the candidates may be concerned; and it will be well for the whig prints if we do not throw them upon the *defensive* in due course of time; though we had much rather that they would quit *lying*, and thereby spare us the unpleasant duty of putting forth some solid TRUTHS, in relation to their candidates, and the position which they occupy.

Progress of the Whig Rebellion.

The Hon. Horace Everett and Ex-Governor Slade, hitherto distinguished and influential members of the whig party, not content with having renounced whiggery and Taylorism, are devoting themselves energetically to the defeat of the whig nominees for the Presidency and Vice Presidency. They are not only giving the weight of their great names, but the influence of their powerful eloquence is exerted against Taylor and Fillmore. The New York Express, a leading whig paper, refers to their speeches recently made at Middletown, Vermont, and says:

"The Convention was addressed by Hon. H. Everett, vindicating his course in leaving the whigs. He considered the whig party as a national party forever dissolved.

"Ex-Governor Slade made a long speech in favor of the free-soil movement, and repudiated Gen. Taylor and the course of the whig party."

Mr. Sansbury and Mr. Stewart, both leading whigs from New York, addressed the same meeting.

Thus does the work of rebellion move on. Niggerism is using up whiggery, fast.

The Pyramid.

Our neighbor of the Herald did not like the little pyramid which we put up a week or two ago with North Carolina at the base; so we have pulled it down and erected another, which we hope will be more congenial with his *monumental* symetry. It is a beautiful *pile* of States, and they will *pile* up a beautiful *pile* of votes for Cass and Butler in November, as may be seen by looking at the number of electoral votes put down in a column on the right hand of the *picture*. Only **212** in all!

Democratic Column for 1848.

OHIO.	21
IOWA.	4
MAINE.	9
TEXAS.	4
INDIANA.	11
FLORIDA.	3
GEORGIA.	10
ILLINOIS.	9
VIRGINIA.	17
ALABAMA.	9
MISSOURI.	7
MICHIGAN.	5
ARKANSAS.	3
LOUISANA.	6
WISCONSIN.	4
MARYLAND.	8
MISSISSIPPI.	6
TENNESSEE.	13
NEW JERSEY	7
CONNECTICUT.	8
PENNSYLVANIA.	26
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	7
SOUTH CAROLINA.	9
	212

Old Seabury Ford!—The Cleveland Plaindealer says that Seabury Ford, the whig candidate for Governor in Ohio, has expressed his intention to vote for the nominees of the Buffalo Convention. So whigs may now truly exclaim:

"Good Lord, good Lord, what a nominee,
Is Seabury Ford of Geau-gee!"

The *bell-weather* has at last *jumped the fence*, and the whole *flock* will speedily follow. Huzza for Ohio whiggery! Taylor's prospects are all blown sky-high there.

Wen't Come it.—Gen. Taylor has declined an invitation to attend the *dough-face doings* at Fort Harrison, Indiana, on the 5th of September. Sensible.

The cause of the decline of Whiggery in North Carolina

While the whig presses in this region are puzzled for means to account for, and ward off the effect of, the late disastrous decline of whiggery in North Carolina, hear what the New York Tribune has to say on the subject! Now, Greely is not only well informed on the subject, but ought to be taken as good authority, especially by our neighbor of the Herald, who thinks as Greely does on the subject of Judge McLean's letter, as well as all other matters touching whiggery:

"A friend just from North Carolina informs us that the choice of the Philadelphia convention exerted a most powerful influence there. Especially in the stronghold, Guilford county, he saw the steady old Quakers, who form the backbone of our party, come up and stand around the polls in scores, listless and utterly determined not to vote. In vain Governor Morehead, (whom they knew and loved as an old-fashioned, firm Clay whig,) expostulated with and entreated them—they heard him patiently, but would not vote, saying, 'Your convention has put aside the man we love and confide in, and nominated one whom you only know that he is a man of blood, and that we do not like him." Sorhey went away; and the whig majority in that county is some 400 less than usual—not by any direct vote given gain, but by a whig falling off. Now there has not been a word of public whig dissent in North Carolina—not a single whig journal has murmured—no dissenting journal has been compelled to abandon the ship. Yet the people will think, and will act, or else evince their convictions by a masterly inactivity." It is idle to quarrel with human nature—we must study and take counsel from it."

Another kick at the foot ball of Whiggery—Gen. Taylor repudiates whiggery again.

Judge Saunders and other friends of Gen. Taylor, placed him in the hands of the Philadelphia Whig Convention, either to be nominated by that body, or *withdrawn*, and pledging him *"to abide its decision!"* He was nominated by that body, and thus made the *Whig candidate* for the Presidency, as much so as Mr. Clay would have been, had he received the nomination. The action of his friends, and the proceedings of the convention, he afterwards approved, and accepted *"most cordially"* the nomination. He thus became the candidate of the *whig party*, and in good faith and by all the high and honorable principles which regulate the conduct of honorable men, was in duty bound to remain the candidate of the whig party. The convention was a whig convention, appointed by the whig party, and composed exclusively of whigs. It was the same in its elements as the convention of 1840 which nominated John Tyler—it was thoroughly, purely whig, and nothing else. Gen. Taylor now refuses to be the candidate of that convention, or of the party whose convention it was. He kicks the convention to the dogs, and declares that he will be the candidate of no party. We have published his letter to Mr. Lippard of Philadelphia, and now we have another, which goes farther, and contains a fiercer kick at the poor, deluded, disrupted concern. How the respectable portion of the whigs can submit to such treatment, and continue to support Gen. Taylor for the Presidency, is a mystery. No man can believe for a moment, that if the subjoined letter had been read at the Philadelphia convention, instead of the famous declaration of Judge Sanders, that Gen. Taylor could have received the nomination of that body. Such an idea would be perfectly ridiculous.

The following extract of a letter from Gen. Taylor, is taken from the Charleston News of the 16th inst:

Extract of a letter from Gen. Taylor to a friend in this city:

"I never had any aspirations for the presidency, nor have I now, further than the wishes of my friends are concerned in the matter; nor would I have at any other time taken that ground when the subject was first agitated, which is, that my acceptance must be without pledges or being trammeled in any way, so that I could be the President of the whole *nation* and not of *party*.

"I have accepted the nomination of the Philadelphia Convention, as well as the nomination of many primary assemblies gotten up in various quarters of party; *and would have accepted if nomination of the Baltimore Convention had it been tendered on the same terms*. I am now fully, *if not fairly*, before the country as a candidate for the chief magistracy; and if it should be my good or bad fortune to be elected, I trust my course will be such, in the important, as regards the management of our national affairs, as will meet the approbation of my fellow-citizens—should they fail to do so, they will, I flatter myself, have the charity to attribute my errors to the head, and not the heart.

"Very respectfully, your friend,
"Z. TAYLOR."

If the Baltimore convention had been silly enough to nominate Gen. Taylor, and he had accepted that nomination with *cordiality*, would he not have been to all intents and purposes the democratic candidate for the Presidency? Surely he would. But he was neither talked of, nor thought of, in connexion with that nomination. His claims to being the candidate of the people, and not of a party, are ridiculous. The only independant organization in his behalf, was dissolved immediately upon his accepting a party nomination from the whig convention, and if he receives any votes for the presidency, it must be from the whigs, as all others have repudiated him. No whig who has any self-respect, and regards the integrity of his party principles, can, it seems to us, adhere to him after his declarations such as we have quoted above. They should remember their woful experience under the reign of John Tyler.

The Southern Whigs deserting General Taylor!

The following extract is taken from a letter of the Hon. H. S. Foote, lately published in the Washington City Union. It will be seen, that in consequence of the reasons assigned by Mr. Foote, many of the leading whigs of the south, now a strong doubt as to the propriety of supporting General Taylor, and as a measure of safety to the interests of the south, are inclined to yield their support to Cass and Butler, the only candidates now before the public, who can be relied on to protect the rights of the south and preserve the compromises of the Constitution:

"If any are disposed to conjecture that the last scenes in the senate augur the enfeeblement of our ticket in the South, let me assure them that never have I seen such signs of concord and brotherly love among the democrats from the North, South, East, and West, (with very slight exceptions, indeed,) as those same closing scenes included. I may further, and declare, as I did by their express authority, on last Wednesday, in Virginia, that distinguished democratic leaders from the South, heretofore lukewarm or hostile to our ticket, encouraged by the assurances given that northern democrats will hereafter concur and co-operate with southern democrats and southern whigs in bringing about a fair equitable compromise of the territorial question, will now support our nominees cordially, actively, and to the end—I could go yet further, and show what I actually know to be true—that southern whigs, as leading and influential men as any in the whole south, seeing the united and determined resolution of northern whigs in Congress to the constitutional rights of the south—seeing the extraordinary influence which Mr. Clay possesses, of a general disposition among the whigs of the north to fraternize with the barnburners in support of Van Buren and Adams—perceiving, as all discerning men must now at last perceive, that General Taylor has really no strength anywhere, and that the only hope of defeating the abolition ticket of Buffalo, and thus securing the safety of the South and the integrity of the Union, *are centered in Cass and Butler*, *strong doubt whether it is not their duty, as true patriots and southern men, to come with all their strength and influence to the support of Cass and Butler*. I speak not hastily on this point, and those who receive this suggestion lightly, will in a very short time find it made good, and even transcended, by actual facts."

"Death on a Pale Horse."—The Whigs of Ohio interpret the above to mean General Taylor on old Whitey. No room for criticism.

BY THE TELEGRAPH!

Arrival of the Cambria.

Second Dispatch.

THE IRISH VICTORIOUS.

6000 British Killed.

Rescue of the Patriots.

The Irish people have gained a great victory in Skibereen. The brave Gen. McDonald was killed.

The road for three miles was covered with the dead and dying.

The people of Kilkenny and Limerick beat off the Government troops, and held undisputed sway. The people of Dublin were about to liberate the Irish Patriots from jail.

In addition to the above, the New York *Tribune* says:

"We have the following from a confidential correspondent in Dublin. It is almost too favorable to the people to be believed, and yet the blind and inconsistent reports of the British papers seem to give plausibility to our correspondent's statements. The number of British troops said to be killed seems exaggerated. The letter was written in cypher to evade the vigilance of the British Post Office, which would otherwise have detained it, but we make the number six thousand. The writer would not knowingly deceive the public. His brother is a resident of this city. Without further comment we subjoin the letter:

Dublin, Aug. 2, 1848.

No newspaper here dare tell the truth concerning the battle of Skievenamon, but from all we can learn the people have had a great victory. Gen. Macdonald, the commander of the British forces, is killed, and six thousand troops are killed and wounded. The road for three miles is covered with the dead. We have also the inspiring intelligence that Kilkenny and Limerick have been taken by the *people. The people of Dublin have gone in thousands to assist in the country.*—It is generally expected that Dublin will rise and attack the Jails on Sunday night, August 6th.

All the people coming in on the Railroad are cautioned and commanded not to tell the news. When the cars arrive thousands of the Dublin people are waiting for the intelligence. The Police are very civil to us, and are seldom asking questions. Why all this care of the Government to prevent the spread of intelligence, unless it be that something has happened which they want kept as a secret? It they had obtained a victory they would be very apt to let us know it.

We are informed that the 34 Buffs (a regiment) *turned and fought with the people*. The 31st regiment, at Athlone, have also declared for the people, and two regiments have been sent to reinforce them.

The mountain of Slievenamon is almost inaccessible. There is but one approach to it. It is said to be well supplied with provisions. It was a glorious place for our noble O'Brien to select. It is said he has sixty thousand men around him, with a considerable supply of arms, ammunition and cannon. In '98 the rebels could not be taken from Slievenamon until they chose to come out themselves. I talk with a man who came down yesterday and who had passed the scene of battle, said that for three miles the stench arising from the dead men and horses was almost suffocating.

Wexford was quite peaceable till recently—but the government in its mildness proclaimed it, and now it is in arms to assist the cause. Now that we are fairly and spiritually at it, are we not worthy of help? What are you doing for us? People of America, Ireland stretches forth her hands to you for assistance. Do not let us be disappointed!

B.

☞The sick with a diseased stomach restored, and impure blood cleansed—without endangering the constitution, go to J. W. Johnston's Drug Store and obtain a box of Dr. Le Roy's Wild Cherry and Sarsaparilla Pills, which are the best family medicine now in use.

* See advertisement.

☞We are rejoiced to learn that great good is being accomplished in the use of *Dr. Le Roy's Wild Cherry and Sarsaparilla Pills*. We have no hesitation in saying (being composed as they are of vegetables) they are the safest and best family medicine now in use, and would say to the sick of both sexes, and all ages, do not fail to get a box. You can run no risk in using them, and half a pill can be administered to a small child with safety. B. Clarke, M. D.

Public Notice.

WHEREAS, my wife, Catharine Wright, has left my bed and board, without any just cause or provocation, this is to forwarn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I am resolved to pay no debts of her contracting after this date. AMBROSE R. WRIGHT.

Bath co., Ky., August 10, 1848—3t*

Wheat Wanted.

I AM paying the highest market price, in cash, for good merchantable Wheat.

JNO. C. STILLWELL.

July 26 City Mills, 3d street

Glorious Triumph of Democratic Principles in Carter county!

Powell's Maj. 433!

Great Democratic Mass Meeting and Barbecue near Grayson, in Carter County, on the 29th of September next.

There will be a Democratic Mass Meeting and Barbecue held near Grayson, on Friday the 29th of September next, to which the democracy of Kentucky are most cordially invited.

Fellow Democrats, let us have a glorious rally in unterrified little Carter, the Gibralter of Democracy in the Old Ninth. Don't be backward in coming. There will be plenty provided for you, and all creation besides!

The most distinguished Democrats in the State are invited and expected to be present.—Among them are

COL. L. W. POWELL, the Idiom of Democracy in Kentucky.
WILLIAM S. PILCHER, Esq.
Hon. JOHN P. MARTIN.
Hon. RICHARD FRENCH.
R. H. STANTON, Esq.
Gen. THOMAS MARSHALL.
JAMES W. MOORE, Esq.
Gen. WILLIAM O. BUTLER is also an invited guest. And last, though not least, SAM. PIKE, the minority man to sing songs.

Come one, come all! Let us not count you by hundreds or thousands, but by Acres.

Committee of Arrangements.
Samuel W. Reed, C. N. Lewis
Moses Everman, Sr. C. W. Honaker,
Thomas Scott, John Knous,
James Stewart, Robert Barns,
John N. Hord, J. W. Thompson,
John Pulsifer, Solomon Jarvis,
James Ogden, James Savage,
Committee of Arrangements.

HOWE & CO.'S

GREAT UNITED STATES CIRCUS!

Embracing by far the largest troupe ever organized in the World, consisting of 250 Men and Horses, *and requiring* 40 *carriages to convey the performers, music, &c., will perform at*

Maysville, Saturday, Sept. 9.

THIS Establishment will be distinguished by the magnificence of its travelling Paraphernalia, and the beauty and extent of the Stud of Horses. The Procession will be preceded by two Splendid Chariots, built with all the gorgeous magnificence of which modern art is capable, and at an expenditure hitherto unequalled. In addition to their Mammoth Company of Equestrians and Animals, the Proprietors offer the present season, a series of Novel and Magnificent Entertainments, surpassing anything ever presented to the American public.

The first new feature of this Magnificent and Extensive Company, is a Troupe of

Real Bedouin Arabs,

nine in number, whose performance has been the wonder and delight of all who have witnessed their unapproachable acts. The public may be assured that this is no counterfeit presentment, but the real unmitigated Sons of the Desert.

The names by which the members of this astonishing troupe are known among themselves are:

MUSTAPHA, The Athlete or Flying Man.
MALEEK, - - The Tamer of Wild Horses.
HAMET, - - The Man of Good Counsels.
MAHOMET, The Strong.
ZAZRAC, - - The leader in deeds of war
MAIRMAD, The Fleet Favorite.
ALLA, - - - The Ever-enduring.
ZAZRAC, - The Sorcerer.

The grand Procession of Camels will be managed and driven by two native Arabs from the Desert—MAHOMED and AFTMAN.

The next Grand Feature is

Great Egyptian Dragon Chariot!

drawn by twelve trained SYRIAN CAMELS; two are the sacred Albino or White Camels, the only ones ever imported. These were procured with great difficulty, and at an immense cost, the mere so as this species are deemed the Sacred Animals, the gift of Allah to the true disciples of Mahomet; they are never allowed to leave the country. This Chariot Charior will convey the full New York Brass Band, attached to the company.

Another right of great interest, which will form a part of the Procession, is the Queen Mab's Fairy Chariot, drawn by ten Diminutive Shetland Ponies, driven in hand, by the Dwarf, MAJOR STEVENS, in conveyance of ten Juvenile Equestrians.

Some description of the acts and astonishing performances of these strange Arab people is necessary in detail, in the performance of which the Flying Trapeze and double somersets, among other surprising feats, they leap over horses, through hollows and over canvas elevated 10 feet high, performing Pyramids of human forms, and who had passed the scene of battle, said that for three miles the stench arising from the dead men and horses was almost suffocating.

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Bath co., Ky., August 10, 1848—3t*

Wheat Wanted.

I AM paying the highest market price, in cash, for good merchantable Wheat.

JNO. C. STILLWELL.

July 26 City Mills, 3d street

Going East.

W. W. LAMAR respectfully announces to his friends and customers that he expects to start to the Eastern cities in the course of a few days, and will be thankful to those indebted to him, if they will come forward and make payment IMMEDIATELY, as every *dollar counts* at a time like this.

Maysville, Aug. 3d, 1848.

Commissioner's Sale,

UNDER a decree of the Mason Circuit Court, in the case of Silas Mitchell's heirs against William K. Mitchell dec'd, complainants, and George Dunbar and others as defendants, I will offer for sale, at the premises on *Saturday the 23d day of September*, 1848, to the highest bidder on a credit of Twelve Months, the tract of land on which the said William Mitchell died in his life time, about three and a half miles above the city of Maysville, near the Ohio river. The purchaser will be required to give bond and security, payable to the Commissioner, bearing interest from date. L. B. GOGGIN, *Commissioner*.

Aug. 26, 1848-3w.

Hats! Hats!! Hats!!!

I am now in receipt of the fall style of Hats. Gentlemen in want of a not bad good article will do well to call.

JAMES WORMALD.

Aug. 30, 1848. Second Street, near Market.

Green and Black Teas.—A fresh supply, W. S. PICKET, agent of the Pekin tea Company, has just received and has ready for sale at his store on Market St., the following varieties of Green tea, put up in sealed packages, of quarter, half and pounds, viz:

Young Hyson, (strong.)
Superior do (sweet cargo.)
Fine do (very sweet.)
Silver Leaf do (fragrant.)
Extra do do (delicious.)
Fine Imperial, (strong.)
Extra do do (fragrant.)
Golden Chop do (aromatic.)
Superior Gunpowder, (strong)
Fine do (rich flavor.)
Extra do (very fragrant.)
No Fine Ultra, (imported to order.)
Superior Old Hyson, (powdery.)
Very Fine do (choice.)
Extra do do (pearly leaf.)

Also a good assortment of black teas—all of which he can confidently recommend and offer at low prices. aug 30.

Notice.

WE, the subscribers very respectfully give notice, that, on Monday the fourth of September next, our School, situated in Second street, between Scudder and Crosby's, will be opened for the reception of both male and female pupils.

We would receive into our School eighty scholars, of which number, we have sixty-five upon our list for the year. We take order for a shorter time than the term of ten months, unless they are entered at some time after the term begins; in which case, their term will be reckoned from the day of their entrance to the end of the regular school year.

In the case of protracted sickness, or removal from the neighborhood, an allowance for lost time will be made.

We pledge ourselves to use our united efforts to advance the scholars entrusted to our care, in their studies, and to have a strict regard to their behavior and manners. Making no greater pretensions than to call ours an Elementary, English, and Classical School, yet, being in possession of our credentials of having given satisfaction in the management in our English and Classical Academy, in which were taught the English branches usually taught in preparation schools, and the Greek and Latin classes. In the last, we have not expected, when, we would be grateful to have two or three classes of students.

RICHD. W. ASHTON,
THO'S E. HOOPER.

P. S. Our terms will be made known to those who may call upon us.

Maysville, Aug. 30—4t.

Entirely New.

Cook Stoves.

NOW is the time, and the Maysville Foundry the place, to buy the prettiest and best Cook Stoves ever offered in this market.

We have recently, at a heavy expense, purchased the exclusive right to make and sell in Northern Kentucky, the justly celebrated

Quackenbong Stove,

of three sizes. We have a sample of each size on hand, and will be constantly manufacturing them. These Stoves are unsurpassed, beautifully ornamented, and from their many conveniences much superior to all others.

Call, examine, purchase and try, and if you are not better pleased than ever before, return the Stove and take back your money. These Stoves are sold only by

R. JACOBS.

Maysville, Aug. 23, 1848.—2m

Superior Pomeroy Coal.

The best ever brought to the Market.

THE subscribers respectfully announce to the citizens of Maysville generally, and to the people of the upper counties *in particular*, that they will land a large quantity of the above named superior coal, at the foot of Wall street in the city, on Monday the 21st day of August, (inst.) which they will offer at an unusually LOW PRICE; so that the Blacksmiths in Maysville will do well to be on hand to make purchases. Come on with your wagons, and buy cheap!

CAMPBELL, COOKSON & NICHOLSON.

Maysville, Aug 16.

New Livery Stable.

MARSHALL CURTISS.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has opened a good and commodious Livery Stable in the City of Maysville, at the corner of Market and Fourth streets, where he is prepared to furnish Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Barouches, &c., on the most favorable terms, and at short notice, all of the very best quality.

Horses kept by the day, week, or month at the usual rates. His friends are invited to give him a call. Aug. 2—50tf.

China.

20 PACKAGES of fine French Porcelain, containing rich tulip and gold band and plain white Dinner and Tea sets complete; rich vases, mantel ornaments, Cigar stands, Cologne bottles, Perfume bottles, Fruit Dishes, Card baskets, &c. &c. The whole comprising the largest and most complete assortment of French China ever brought to this city. For sale by

JAMES PIERCE,
Market street.

July 5.

Removal.

MY friends and the public are informed that I have removed my stock of Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, &c., from Front to Second street, one door below the corner property formerly occupied by Wm Thresum, where I have now on hand, and shall continue to keep, a large and various stock of goods in my line, which I will sell on accommodating terms.

Manufacturing and repairing done promptly to order, as heretofore. J. S. GILPIN.

Aug. 9 Second Street.

For the Newly Married.

A Valuable Book.

THE Young House Keeper, by Wm A. Alcott. This work should be in the possession of every married lady.

Smith's Researches in China, a new and valuable work. [aug 9] W. S. BROWN & CO.

Mrs. Lacy's School.

THE fifth session of Mrs Lacy's School will commence on the first Monday in September next. She solicits a continuation of that liberal patronage heretofore extended to her.

Terms—$6 00 per session of 22 weeks.

August 15, 1848—2t.

Family Flour,

VERY superior, just making, and for sale at $5 75@6 00 per bbl., with privilege to return if not satisfied.

JNO. D. STILLWELL.

City Mills, 3d street, Aug. 23.

Wheat Wanted.

I WISH to purchase forty thousand bushels of Wheat. I will pay the market price when delivered at any time during the Summer or Fall. JOHN B. MILVAIN.

Maysville, July 25, 1848.

LUMBER!! BY TELEGRAPH

900,000 FEET OF BOARDS!
900,000 SHINGLES!

By the President of the United States.

IN pursuance of law, I, JAMES K POLK, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales will be held at the undermentioned Land Offices, in the State of Arkansas, at the periods hereinafter designated, to-wit:

At the Land Office at FAYETTEVILLE, commencing on Monday, the ninth day of October next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned Township and fractional Townships, viz:

North of the base line, and west of the fifth principal meridian.

Fractional township twenty one, north of White river, of range eighteen.
Fractional township twenty one, north of White river, of range nineteen.
Township twenty, of range twenty one.
Township twenty, of range twenty two.
Township eighteen, of range twenty seven.
Township twelve and thirteen, of range twenty eight.
Township twenty, of range twenty nine.
Fractional township twenty one, of range thirty.
Fractional township twenty one, of range thirty one.
Township nineteen and twenty, and fractional township twenty one, of range thirty two.
Township twenty, and fractional township twenty one, of range thirty three.
Fractional township twenty one of range thirty four.

At the Land Office at BATESVILLE, commencing on Monday, the sixteenth day of October next, for the disposal of the public lands situated within the undermentioned townships and fractional townships, to-wit:

North of the base line, and west of the fifth principal meridian.

Township twenty one, of range one.
Township six, of range three.
Fractional township six and seven, east of White river, of range four.
Fractional township twenty one, of ranges ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, and fifteen.
Fractional township twenty one, north of White river, of ranges sixteen and seventeen.

North of the base line, and east of the fifth principal meridian.

Fractional *sections* twenty five and thirty six, in township eight, south of Arkansas river, of range four.
Township seven, of range eight.
Township ten, of range ten.
Township eight and nine, of range eleven.
Township eight and nine, of range twelve.
Township seven, of range thirteen.

At the Land Office at HELENA, commencing on Monday, the ninth day of October next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned townships and fractional township, viz:

South of the base line, and west of the fifth principal meridian.

Fractional *sections* twenty five and thirty six, in township eight, south of Arkansas river, of range four.
Township seven, of range eight.
Township ten, of range ten.
Township eight and nine, of range eleven.
Township eight and nine, of range twelve.
Township seven, of range thirteen.

At the Land Office at HELENA, commencing on Monday, the ninth day of October next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned townships and fractional township, viz:

North of the base line, and west of the fifth principal meridian.

Township twenty, of range twenty one.
Township six, of range twenty nine.

At the Land Office at WASHINGTON, commencing on Monday, the ninth day of October next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned townships, viz:

South of the base line, and west of the fifth principal meridian.

Township four, of range twenty six.
Township four, of range twenty seven.
Township three and four, of range twenty seven.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military or other purposes, will be excluded from the sale.

The offering of the above mentioned lands will be commenced on the days appointed, and proceed in the order in which they are severally offered, with all convenient dispatch, until the whole shall have been offered, and the sales thus closed, but no sale shall be kept open longer than two weeks, and no private entry of the lands will be admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks.

Given under my hand at the City of Washington, this third day of July, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty eight.

By the President: JAMES K. POLK.
RICHARD M. YOUNG,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS

Every person entitled to the right of pre-emption to any of the lands within the townships and fractional townships above enumerated, is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the Register and Receiver of the proper land office, and make payment therefor, *as soon as practicable* after seeing this notice, and before the day appointed for the commencement of the public sale of the lands embracing the tract claimed, otherwise such claim will be forfeited.
51-8w RICHARD M. YOUNG,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS,
TO THE CITIZENS OF
THIS GREAT & GLORIOUS UNION.

LIFE now the greatest blessing, that Brandreth's pills are the evil of premature death must be of paramount importance.

Brandreth's Pills are a blagedier of Vegetable composition, and while they possess remarkable powers in curing disease, are perfectly harmless, and can be used with perfect safety by persons of all ages, and in any condition of the system, with a certainty of beneficial results from their operation, which is mild and pleasant, but thoroughly searching to the root of diseased action, and always terminating in a great increase of lively and vigor.

Ninety seven years they have been before the public, and every succeeding year has increased the sphere of their practical usefulness, and now patronized in every part of the civilized world; nor can every nor detraction materially impair their well established reputation.

These celebrated Pills do not cure entirely by their purging qualities. They have in their composition a vegetable corporeal, analogous to the corpuscle of the blood; this corpuscle of vegetable origin, becomes incorporated with the mass of the circulating life-giving fluid, and IMPARTS A FERMENTATIVE POWER which occasions the blood to throw out all in festial, poisonous, or putrefactive, and thereby entirely purifying the whole volume of blood in the circulation. And thus these Pills cure the most dire, and hitherto, deemed incurable cases, in a manner so easy and certain, as to give great thankfulness to the afflicted.

Every year these sale has increased. Doctor Brandreth sells more of them at this time in a month than he did in the whole of the year 1838, or any previous year.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS are sold, with full directions, at 25 cents per box, by H. C. Timmins, Maysville; T. M. & S. W. Crane, Hillsboro'; J. F. Downing, Washington; James C. Savage, Germantown; D. K. Browning, Flemingsburg; C. Adams, Mt. Carmel; A. Boyd, Sharsburg. August 16, 1848—3m

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Groceries! Groceries!!

600 SACKS Rio Coffee;
30 do Java do;
60 Sacks Pepper;
20 Pimento;
150 hhds Sugar;
200 hhds Sugar House and Plantation Molasses;
125 bbls No's. 1, 2, and 3, Mackerel;
300 packages G. P. and Y. H. Teas, very cheap.
250 kegs asst'd Nails, Brads and Spikes;
50 bbls Wa. Ry. Rum, and Mo. Tobacco.
53 kegs 6 twist do;
100 bags 8 by 10 and 10 by 12 Glass;
50 dozen painted Buckets;
10 bbls Rosin;
20 do Copperas;
20 do Alloing;
8 cerouns S. F. Indigo;
5 cases best Madder;
75 bas Lod Sugar;
20 bxs double refined do;
200 reams Wrapping Paper;
50 gross Pasteboard Blackings;
50 bbls Vinegar;

With various other articles manufactured in the city; such as Candles, Soap, White Lead, Oil, Starch, Candy and Saleratus; all of which we offer for sale on as good terms as this market will afford.

CAMPBELL, METCALFE & CO.,
July 25. 43 Main St. Cincinnati, O.

Tobacco! Tobacco!!

20 BOXES Tobacco just received, part very fine, and for sale at from one to four cents less per pound than the same qualities can be bought for elsewhere, for cash.

ALSO—A supply of Fine Cigars, at
H. J. HICKMANS,
July 15 Market st., between Front & Second.

Summer and Fall trade.

WE are glad to be able at so early a period, to inform our customers and the public generally that we have received our stock of Goods for the Summer and Fall Trade, and are now ready to meet their favors. Our stock of Hardware is large, and more complete than it has ever been in the departments of Building Hardware, Cutlery, Mechanics tools, Saddlery, &c., and we hope to be able to offer such inducements to Mechanics, Mechanics and others as will satisfy them that there is no better Hardware market than Maysville. We have never before purchased goods so cheap and can therefore say with truth that we will sell cheaper than heretofore.
jy.17 COBURN & REEDER.

To our Friends and the Public!

OUR last stock of Hardward, consisting of Axes, Chains, Pocket and Table Cutlery, Saddlery, Harness materials, Carpenters tools, Building materials, Tools, &c., &c., is rapidly coming in, and makes our assortment full. Having purchased *largely for CASH*, and in first hands, we are now able to offer such inducements as cannot fail to convince all who will call, that it is their interest to purchase of us. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.
HUNTER & PHISTER,
No. 4 Allen Buildings, "Sign of the Saw."
July 25.

For Sale.

A NEW and splendid Dwelling on Third street for sale. Apply at this Office very soon, or you will miss a bargain
May 24, 1848

Maysville Marble Factory.
KENT & STEWART,
Late of Portsmouth, Ohio,

RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Kentucky and Ohio, that they have located their establishment in the city of Maysville, on Sutton Street, between Front and Second, east side, where they are prepared to execute all orders in their line, in the neatest style, and upon the most reasonable terms; and where they will be happy to receive the calls of those desiring to have Monuments, Tombs, or Grave Stones put up in memory of departed relatives or friends; or who may wish to have any other deer plan of Marble work handsomely executed.
Maysville, April 12, 1848.—3t-tf.

SADDLERY, &c.,
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

"Sign of the National Flag—immediately under the Flag Office."

Second street, Maysville Ky.

WE would respectfully ask the attention of the country Merchants, Saddlers and buyers generally to our large stock of Saddlery, the largest and best assortment ever offered in this place! Manufactured by ourselves, expressly for the Maysville trade, which we offer at Wholesale and Retail, on terms which cannot fail to give satisfaction. We have

Ladies' Saddles,
Gentlemen's do., Plain, Quilted and Spanish;
Couch and Buggy Harness;
Coach, Buggy and Riding Whips;
Bridles, Fair & Black—Martingales to match;
Saddle-bags, Carpet-bags, Trunks, Trunk Valises;
Wagon and Dray Harness, Wagon Whips;

The largest stock of Collars ever offered in this place.

Together with every other article properly belonging to an establishment of the kind. We feel confident that those who will give thing in our line, fearless of successful competition.
Aug. 2—n50. RICKETTS & STRALEY.

Farm for Sale.

I WISH to sell my Farm, lying 2½ miles from Maysville, on the Upper Blue Lick road. It contains about **100 Acres** of well-improved land, under good fencing, well watered, and has upon it good comfortable buildings. A great bargain will be sold in the above Farm, if application be made soon, to
June 14—tf THOMAS DRENNEN.

Notice to Turnpikers.

SEALED proposals will be received by the undersigned up to the 1st day of September, for Grading and Metalling five miles and a half of road, from Flemingsburg to Poplar Plains, Ky. For specifications, field notes, &c., apply to the President of the Company, at Poplar Plains, Ky. F. GOLAR,
F. & P. P. T. P. R. Co.
Aug 2—$125

Engines! Engines!!

WE are now prepared at our Foundry and Machine Shop, in Maysville, to furnish Steam Engines, Saw Mills, and all descriptions of Machinery necessary for either Saw or Flouring Mills, at the shortest notice, and at prices as low as the same description of work can be furnished by any establishment in the west. At all times on hand, Cook Stoves of various patterns and sizes, with a general assortment of Hollow Ware, Sad Irons, And Irons, &c., &c. Thankful for favors heretofore bestowed upon us, we solicit from a generous public a continuation and extension of the same.
J. & B. JACOB.
April 6, 1848

Fruits, Candies and Cakes.

JOHN ROSE,

KEEPS constantly on hand all the various articles usually found in a Confectionary Store—all manufactured by himself and warranted pure.

Weddings and Parties of all descriptions furnished at the shortest notice, in the best manner, from Maysville East or West of the Mountains. As his terms are very moderate, he invites all to give him at least a "passing call," before purchasing elsewhere. His Store is still

"NO. 3, HERALD BUILDINGS,"

and not "FLAG ROW," as announced in one of our city papers. When the three houses composing the row were finished, it was agreed by the owners and occupiers to call them the "HERALD BUILDINGS," and the fact that the "Herald Office" has been removed, and the "Flag Office" taken its place, does not change the name of the buildings, nor make Old Zack, *I never will surrender!* My Store is still in the "HERALD BUILDINGS," No. 3. JOHN ROSE.

A R CROSBY,
REMOVED TO
Second st. between Market & Sutton sts

REVOLVING, Duelling, and other Pistols Rifles and Shot Guns of every kind. A good assortment of Sporting Apparatus and Gun Maker's Materials.

Agent for the King's Mill Rifle Powder.
Maysville, feb 9

JOHN NOBLE. 1848. JOHN A. DUBLE.

PEARL STREET HOUSE,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
NOBLE & DUBLE, Proprietors.

CORNER of Pearl and Walnut streets, in front of the Postoffice, Masonic and Odd-Fellows' Halls, two squares from the Steamboat Landing, and one square west of Main street.
march 15, 1848—30-6m.

BEVERLY HOUSE.
W. L. DUNCAN,
LATE OF THE FRANKLIN HOUSE,
Maysville, Ky.

HAS now the occupancy of the above well known Hotel, at the corner of Market and Front streets. He has refitted the establishment in a style which will warrant him in expecting a share of public patronage. His charges are as low as heretofore, he moderate. Porters will always be in attendance at the steamboat landing.
Maysville, Jan. 19, 1848.

MANSION HOUSE,
And General Stage & Steamboat Office,
(Corner of Main & St. Clair sts.)
Frankfort, Ky.

N. SHIELDS, Proprietor.

THIS commodious and conveniently located HOTEL, having been purchased, thoroughly repaired and refurnished by the present proprietor, is always ready to accommodate travelers, to whom every attention will be paid which can contribute to their comfort and convenience.
January 19, 1848. 1y

PARKER'S HOTEL,
Second St., near Wall, Maysville, Ky.

THE undersigned, late of the Beverly House, has the pleasure to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed to the commodious and well located TAVERN HOUSE on Second street, lately occupied by W. L. Dupuy.

The House has been thoroughly repaired and much improved in its internal arrangement, and he respectfully is prepared to give to those who may favor him with a call, a hearty welcome, and the best fare which the market affords.

His House is convenient to the Packet Landing, and his porters will be in readiness to convey baggage to and from the river, at all hours.
March 8—29 W. B. PARKER.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.
JOHN G. PAYNE,
Late of Flemingsburg, Ky.,

RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Maysville, and the public, that he has just opened a Boarding House, on Front street, in the house formerly occupied by F. T. Hord, Esq., a few doors below the Law House, where he will be happy to receive and accommodate all those who may be pleased to favor him with their patronage.
Maysville, March 29, 1848—32tf

THE BOYD HOUSE,
Steamboat landing, Concord, Ky.

JOHN L. BOYD, respectfully informs his friends and the above establishment has been thoroughly repaired, and is now in com plete order for the reception of guests. Door open at all hours of the night. Bills moderate.
Dec. 15, 1846. 1-6ly

A Call.

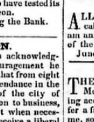
I AM desirous of closing up my business to the date of the partnership with Dr. Phister, either by note or cash, and will thank those indebted to me for being prompt.

In my absence from the office, Dr. Phister is authorized to transact all business appertaining to the settlement of my accounts.
april 19tf JOHN SHACKLEFORD.

Removal.

THE undersigned has removed his Tailoring establishment to No. 24, Front street, two doors east of Sutton, where he will continue to execute his work in the most approved and desirable style.
SAMUEL McKEE.
Maysville, April 19, 1848.
Herald and Eagle copy 3t, and charge McKee.

Maysville & Cincinnati Packet.



The new and splendid steam packet,
"BOONE,"
G. MOLNEN, MASTER,
Will leave Maysville Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 10 o'clock, A. M.; and Cincinnati the alternate days, (excepting Sunday)
April 19.

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRES!
THE AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Office, No. 72, Walnut St., Philadelphia,

INSURES Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and property generally in the city or country, against loss or damage by fire either perpetual or for limited periods. Applications addressed to the Agent, personally or by letter, will be promptly attended to.

DIRECTORS:

John Sergeant,	Adolphus Perkins,
William Lynch,	George Abbott,
Thomas Hale,	Patrick Brady,
John Welsh, Jr.,	John F. Lewis.

Francis D. Lanier, *Sec.* Samuel C. Morton, *Pres't.*
DOBYNS, Agent.
apr19 No. 16, Market st., Maysville, Ky.

Franklin Fire, Marine and Life Insurance Company,
At Louisville, Ky.,
JAMES TRABUE, *Pres't.*
D. S. CHAMBERS, *Sec'y.*

THIS long established Company, with a most ample means for the protection of its Policies, by its Agent, continues to insure property of every description, against the perils of the Seas, Rivers, and Lakes.

Risks will be taken on the most favorable terms, and losses will be liberally and promptly adjusted in this city.
JNO. P. DOBYNS, Agent.
Office in the Market st., Maysville, Ky.
For the reputation of the above Companies, I have the privilege of referring to H. A. Hill, Esq., of this city. JNO. P. DOBYNS, agent.

Sash Cheap!

A LARGE lot of Sash, Lookings and Sash and Sashing
April 19, 1848 CHARLES PHISTER.

Fine Hats.

JUST received from New York, a fresh supply of those beautiful French Molleskin Hats. Call and see them.
April 26 JAMES WORMALD

Panama Hats.

THE subscriber has just received an invoice of superior Panama Hats, which he will sell at unusually low prices.
may 17 JAMES WORMALD

Cash for Wheat.

THE market price will be paid for any amount of good Wheat, delivered at my warehouse, one door below Cutter & Gray's on Sutton st.
July 28. CHAS. W. FRANKLIN.

Tan Bark Wanted.

WE are prepared to receive two or three hundred cords of Chesnut Oak Bark, for which we will pay the highest market price in cash, on delivery at our Tan Yard in this city.

We would call the attention of Leather Dealers to our stock, which is large, and as well assorted as any offered in the west, which we are selling at very low prices, and at all times paying cash for Hides.
W. & N. POYNTZ,
Corner of Third and Market st.
Maysville, Feb. 16, 1848.—26-tf.

Professional Cards.

JOHN N. JEFFERSON,
Attorney at Law.
Office—On *Market Street, between Front and Second, East side.*

WILL continue the practice of his profession in the Counties of Mason and the surrounding counties and respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.
February 2, 1848. n24-ly.

THOMAS Y. PAYNE,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law,
Maysville, Ky.

MAY still be found at his office, on Market street, a few doors above the Beverly House; and will practice in the courts of this and the circumjacent counties, and in the Court of Appeals. feb9

RICHARD H. STANTON
Attorney at Law,
MAYSVILLE, KY:

WILL give assiduous attention to all business intrusted to him. Office in the second story of the Front Office, Second st. feb9ly

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P. U. MAJOR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
TRANSYLVANIA, KY.

WILL practice in the various Courts held in Frankfort, and give his attention to any business which may be entrusted to him in the adjoining counties. Office on Saint Clair street, in the old Bank opposite J. Dudley's.
feb9 1y

V. & J. A. Monroe,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Frankfort, Ky.

WILL practice in the counties of Owen, Scott, Henry, Anderson and Shelby, and in all the Courts of Frankfort. Office on St. Clair street, next door to Keenon's book bindery.
January 19, 1848. 1y

(☞ John A. Monroe, Commissioner for the States of Indiana, Missouri, Tennessee, and Louisiana, will take the acknowledgment of deeds and proof of other writings to be recorded or used in those States.

Lawrence S. Trimble,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Paducah, Ky.,

WILL attend promptly to business entrusted to his care, in Southwestern Kentucky, or Southern Illinois. Office—basement of the Public Buildings.
March 15, 1848—30tf.

D. K. WEIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Grayson, Carter Co. Ky

WILL attend to the collection of claims in any part of Northern Kentucky or Western Virginia.
Refers to—L. C. & H. T. Pearce, Maysville.
Cutter & Gray, Maysville.
R. H. Stanton, Esq. Maysville.
Hampton, Smith & Co., Pittsburgh
Grayson, March 18, 1848.

FREDERICK RAND,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Owingsville, Bath County, Ky.* Will practice in the Counties of Bath, Montgomery, Fleming, Nicholas, Morgan, Bourbon and Carter.
Sept. 1, 1847. 2-ly.

J. M. Spindle & J. M. Alexander.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office, Flemingsburg Kentucky.

WILL attend the courts of Fleming, Mason, Bath, Nicholas and Carter counties. They have by prompt and diligent attention to business to merita share of public patronage.
Flemingsburg, Ky., Dec. 8, '47. no15tf

HORD & CLARK,
Attorneys at Law, Maysville, Kentucky.

WILL practice in the Mason and Bracken Circuit Courts, and in the Superior Court of the Ohio Valley, and in the Courts of Mason and Court of Appeals. All business entrusted to them will receive their joint and prompt attention. Office occupied by Herald Buildings No. 5, immediately above John Brosee's Confectionary Shop, on Second, between Market and Sutton streets. ap26-y.

DOCTOR NELSON

OFFERS his Professional services to the citizens of Maysville and surrounding country. His residence is the house formerly occupied by Richard Henry Lee, on the corner of Front and Sutton streets, opposite the "Lee House;" his office on Sutton street, near his dwelling.
Dec. 6, 1847. May 3, 1848.—3m.

Drs. Shackleford & Phister.

WILL hereafter practice their profession in Maysville and vicinity, in connection—Their office will be same heretofore occupied by Dr. Shackleford. april 19

Chloroform.

DR. J. TAYLOR, Dentist, has received and is daily using the CHLOROFORM, for the prevention of pain during operations in Dentistry. Those of the Medical Faculty who have tested its merits place it far above the Letheon.

☞ Office on Sutton st. adjoining the Bank.
jan29 tf

DR. STOCKTON.

RESPECTFULLY tenders his acknowledgments for the very liberal encouragement he has received, and would remark, that from eight years experience, and a long attendance in the various charitable institutions of the city of St. Louis, and a vigilant attention to business, and by never being absent except when necessarily so, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

Office—over Hugh Barr's Hardware Store.
Sep. 1, 1847. 3-ly.

N. B. Diseases of the Eye particularly attended to.

DENTAL SURGERY.

DRS. MARSHALL & WAUGH will hereafter practice their profession in connection in the city of Maysville and vicinity. All operations warranted. ☞ Office on Sutton street, opposite the Lee House. June 28—tf

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Grain Shovels.

RECEIVED and for sale at the Hardware House of HUNTER & PHISTER,
No. 4 Allen Buildings.

Enamelled, Brass & Bell-Metal Kettles, for Preserving, and other purposes.
HUNTER & PHISTER,
Aug 2 No. 4 Allen Buildings.

Fresh Family Flour!

JUST received and constantly on hand, for sale by
Aug 2, 1848. A. T. WOOD,
Wall Street.

W. R. CHEESE DEPOT.

50 Boxes Western Reserve Cheese, fresh from the Dairy, just received and for sale at Cincinnati prices, by
I shall be receiving weekly supplies throughout the season. CHAS. W. FRANKLIN.
May 17, '48.

Fine Straw Hats.

A LARGE assortment of Men's and Boy's fine Straw Hats, for sale at the Hat and Cap store on Sutton street, by
may 10 JAMES WORMALD.

Screws.

1500 GROSS best American Wood Screws which we offer on customers at our usual low prices.
may 19 COBURN & REEDER.

CORN! CORN!!

I WISH to purchase **50,000 bushels** of good sound corn.
March 8, 1848 W. S. PICKETT, Ag't.

Regular Portsmouth, Maysville, & Cincinnati Packets!

THE Fine Steamer SCIOTO, B. Reynes, Master, and NORTH AMERICA, J. M. Clark, Master, will ply regularly between the above and all intermediate points, leaving Cincinnati and Portsmouth each day at 12 o'clock, M., (Sundays excepted.)

These boats are unsurpassed in speed and accommodations by any others on the Western waters, and will afford to persons reaching Maysville in the evening an opportunity of a speedy passage either up or down. Freight will be at Maysville generally about 6 o'clock, P. M.
Dec. 8, 1847. no15tf.

Cheese Agency.

WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE always on hand, and for sale by
W. S. PICKETT,
dec 1 [15] Market street.

Canton Tea Agency Revived.—I have just received, and will continue to keep all the different varieties of Canton Teas, at my store, on Market street, opposite the market.
W. S. PICKETT, *Agent.*
Nov. 17. no14tf.

TEA, Coffee, Loaf & Brown Sugar, Allspice, Pepper, &c., &c.
dec 14 W. S. PICKETT, Market st.

Botanical Medicines.

WE have received a large assortment of *Botanical Medicines, Herbs, Roots, Seeds, Barks, Extracts, &c.,* and have made arrangements to keep supplies when wanted, (warranted) of the best and purest, and labeled and put up in superior style. Our catalogue is too lengthy to advertise. We, therefore, invite all that may be in want, to give us a call. Prices same as Cincinnati—come and see.
J. W. JOHNSTON & SON
march 1 Druggists, Main st.

BARLEY.

I WISH to contract for 10,000 bushels Spring Barley, per year, for three years—to be raised from seed furnished at my store.
For terms, apply to
CHARLES W. FRANKLIN,
Maysville, April 12, 1848. Sutton Street.

Cutlery.

A LARGE addition to our previous heavy stock, received and for sale VERY CHEAP.
HUNTER & PHISTER.

Dr. Le Roy's
Wild Cherry and Sarsaparilla
PILLS.

DR. LEROY, a licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians in London, having used in his extensive practice the strength of the Wild Cherry and Sarsaparilla, at length made an extract of them, which with other vegetables, he has compounded in the form of pills ever made known to the European community, and which merit the attention of the American people. They are the most efficacious purgative and tonic yet discovered. The Wild Cherry is an excellent tonic, possessing aperient and anodyne properties, which make it valuable in Dyspepsia Jaundice, weakness of the stomach and chest. The Sarsaparilla is demulcent, diuretic, and sudorific, and is used in scrofula, chronic disease of the skin, and to eradicate the bad effects of Mercury. In the operation of all other purgative medicines, debilitation and purification go hand in hand; they remove the good as well as the bad; thus weakening the system which they were intended to cleanse, and making the cure generally almost as bad, and frequently much worse, than the disease. Dr. Le Roy's Pills on the contrary, strengthen and tone the system which they purge and purify. And this is their peculiar attribute, and the principal cause of their universal popularity.

P. S. The virtues of the Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry are too well known to medical men and the community, to require further detail.

The genuine article can be had at
J. W. JOHNSTON & SON'S
May 7. Drug Store, Maysville.

Lucina Cordial.

NEITHER married or single persons will be disappointed in finding the original celebrated Lucina Cordial, which is one of the most valuable articles ever used.
J. W. JOHNSTON'S Drug Store,
March 8. Maysville.

Cheap Chewing Tobacco.

ALL and see W. S. PICKETT,
dec 14 Market street.

Teas—Latest From China.

20 CHESTS Gunpowder Tea, finest quality.
60 13lb boxes do do do
60 do do do do do
2 cases paper black do do do
Just received and for sale very low by
July 5 CUTTER & GRAY.

Sundries.

1 HHD. best Dutch Madder;
500 lbs. best Indigo;
800 ☞ Cinnamon;
3 bbls. genuine Ginger;
100 lbs. Nutmegs;
6 half pipes Pale Brandy, "Maglory;"
6 do do do Port Wine;
1 pipe pure Holland Gin;
Just received and for sale by
july 5 CUTTER & GRAY.

Steel.

1000 LBS. Naylor & Co's. best cast steel, assorted sizes;
400 lbs. English Blister do do do
1200 lbs. Naylor & Co's. German steel. Received direct from New York, warranted good, and will be sold low
JNO. B. M'ILVAIN.

A Call.

ALL persons indebted to me are requested to call and settle, either by note or cash, as I am anxious to close up my business to the date of the partnership with Dr. Waugh.
June 28. H. MARSHALL.

July is at hand.

THE time of settling up old scores. I want Money and must have it. All persons having accounts of six months standing, will confer a favor by letting me have the amount due me, so that I can do the same by my creditors.
july 24 J. W. JOHNSTON, Druggist.

Just Received.

100 KEGS Avery & Ogden Pilt's Rum Brandy, 2 bbl. Linseed Oil, pure;
Oils and Paints for sale as low as possible, for Cash, by J. W. JOHNSTON, Druggist.
August 2, '48

1,000 Cases of Yellow Jaundice, 3,500 cases of Dyspepsia and Salt Rheum.

FEVER & AGUE.—This medicine will arrest this disease in its first stage. Nothing else can prove with it in controlling the patient after the Chills and Fever are broke. It removes the Ague cake, warms the skin, opens the pores, strengthens the system, and prevents its return.

1,000 Cases of Fever and Ague.

Hilled, Whatever may be the cause, are entirely cured—whether internal or external, by this remedy. This is by far the most certain and pleasant medicine in the Materia Medica. The Electuary, Liniments, Salves and Ointments are sure cases, but in others, are highly injurious. For mercurial cases, nothing can compare. It keeps the bowells in perfect order, without acting as a cathartic, and strengthens weakened and debilitated parts. Wherever it is preverved in, it will cure any case. The parts should be frequently bathed with cold water and Castile Soap.

2,000 Cases of Costiveness.—No remedy equals this in Chronic Costiveness. It regulates the Bowels, and leaves them in a natural state, without purging or weakening the patient.

It has cured thousands and thousands of cases of cholera and cholera morbus, cured every complaint and of dysentery, bilies and bloches, fever and sleers of all kinds, syphilitic affections, water, tumor, tic-doloreux, ulcers of all kinds, skin diseases and eyes, scald head, sick and nervous headache, uterine diseases, cancer and cancerous tumors, bad breath and yellow complexions, cramps, chills, cramps and spasms, carbuncles and swellings, croup or hives, inflammation, sore throat and quinsy, caused by pain from drying and cross chilling, or by the sudden acidity or wind in the stomach, drowsiness and drumming, diseases of the skin, diabetes, impotency of the blood, eruptions, enlargements of the parts, goitre or bronchial, (enlargement of the neck,) faintness, flatulency, inactivity, palpitation of the heart, headache, hysterics, jaundice, kidney pains, &c., &c.

W. S. BROWN & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Agents, Maysville, Ky
Aug 9, 1848—y

DR. TOWNSEND'S
COMPOUND EXTRACT OF
SARSAPARILLA.

Wonder and Blessing of the Age—The most extraordinary Medicine known in the World!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AGENTS, MAYSVILLE, KY.,
W. S. BROWN & CO.

This Extract is put up in Quart Bottles; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any old. It eradicates and vanquishes, purging, sickening debilitating the Patient.

The great excellency and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other medicines is, that when it eradicates the disease, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very few Spring and Summer medicines ever known; it not only purifies the whole system and strengthens the person, but it creates new, pure, and rich blood, in a power possessed by no other medicine. And in this lies the grand secret of its wonderful success. It has performed cures within the last two years, more than 100,000 cases of severe cases of disease, at least 15,000 were considered incurable. It has saved the lives of more than 10,000 children the past two seasons in the city of New York alone. More than

2,000 Cases of Chronic Rheumatism.

This Sarsaparilla is used with the most perfect success in Rheumatic Complaints, however severe or chronic. The astonishing cures it has performed are indeed wonderful. Other medicines sometimes give temporary relief, this entirely eradicates it from the system, (let it be of the limbs and bones are dreadfully swollen.

2,500 Cases of Dyspepsia.

No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food, and strengthening the organs of digestion, as the preparation of Sarsaparilla. It positively cures every one of Dyspepsia, however severe or chronic. If any doubt this assertion, we can furnish the testimony of some of the most respectable gentlemen in the U. States, who have been perfectly cured.

30,000 cases of Nervous Debility and want of Nervous Energy.

If invigorates the whole system permanently. To those who have lost their strength by excessive energy by the effects of medicine or indiscretion committed in youth, or the excessive indulgence of the passions, and brought on a general and great prostration of the nervous system, lassitude, want of ambition, fainting sensations, premature decay and decline, have reason to hope that fatal disease, Consumption, can be entirely restored by the use of this pleasant remedy.

This Sarsaparilla is the superior to any

Invigorating Cordial,

As it renews and invigorates the system, gives activity to the limbs, and strength to the whole system, in a most extraordinary degree.

2,000 Cases of Female Complaints.

This is, without dispute, the best medicine for the various and peculiar complaints, ever offered to the public. It cures all inner injuries and always beneficial, especially to advanced, delicate and delicate females. It quickens the circulation of the blood, informed it in the extremities, and creates new blood and life to the most feeble and prostrated. No female is delicate health, or young, or middle aged, should neglect to take it.

4,000 cases of Consumption.

Brought on by Consumption, Liver Complaint, Colds, Coughs, Catarrh, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Soreness in the Chest, Hectic Flush, Night Sweats, Loss of Expectoration, Night Sweats, Pain in the side, &c., have been cured by this medicine. Dr. Townsend has the most indisputable testimony of thousands of severe cases of Consumption that his Sarsaparilla has cured.

1,000 cases of Scrofula.

1,000 Cases of Liver Complaint.

1,500 cases of Diseases of the Kidneys.

750 *CASES OF DROPSY.*

1,000 cases of Gravel.

This Sarsaparilla strengthens the kidneys; on the accretions of the Liver and Kidneys. It is the most successful medicine known in diseases of the Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Liver Complaint and all affections of the Urinary Organs. Several thousand cases have been reported as cured when all other remedies failed to cure.

Ship Fever, Bilious Fever, Prevents Fever.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla has been fairly and thoroughly tested in a great number of cases of Ship Fever during the past season in New York, Boston and Philadelphia. In Boston before the patient was too far reduced, it invariably arrested the disease. "Sisters of Charity, from the Grey Nunnery in Montreal, and the nurses who were continually exposed in the hospitals of Boston, used this Sarsaparilla, to escaped the fever—while those physicians and others who had not faith in its efficacy, sickened and died. Dr. Ingalls, a very talented Boston physician of extensive practice, informed us that he did not lose a patient that used it when first attacked. Hundreds of cases were attended by the Bilious Fevers, so prevalent in the South and West, have found nothing which restored them so speedily as Sarsaparilla has in all cases. It prevents the Ship Fever, or any other fever. If the blood is pure and active, it is impossible to be attacked by fever.

3,000 cases of Mercurial Sores.

There are many thousands of cases which are supposed to be Secondary Syphilis, and are, in fact, only the terrible effects of using mercury to excess—making the unfortunate individual linking in disease and a miserable life, miserable, as well as suffering from loathsome and Mercurial Sores. Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla will certainly cure the worst cases of ulceration, of whatever description, and speedily eradicate Mercury from the system. Nor is it of less benefit in cases of SCROFULOUS ERUPTIONS.

Thousands are cursed with grievous and painful complaints, which they inherit from their ancestors. In using this Sarsaparilla, all this can be prevented, and an innumerable number of lives annually saved.

It removes all poison from the system the latent taint, which is the seed of disease, and so takes off the cause by which the sins or mistakes of parents are visited upon their innocent and unoffending offspring.

8,000 Children Saved!

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla has undoubtedly saved the lives of more than 10,000 children in past three or four years. The two past seasons have been very fatal to children in the city of New York, to children. Yet scarcely a family that took the precaution to let their children take this Sarsaparilla in season, lost a child, as it cleansed and prepared them for the hot weather, by bracing the system. Let every family use it before the hot weather, and fatal wood sets in—they will then save the lives of their children. For the Croup, Teiter, Eruptions & Rash, Scarlet, Teething and Summer complaint, it has no equal.

1,000 Cases of Yellow Jaundice, 3,500 cases of Dyspepsia and Salt Rheum.

FEVER & AGUE.—This medicine will arrest this disease in its first stage. Nothing else can prove with it in controlling the patient after the Chills and Fever are broke. It removes the Ague cake, warms the skin, opens the pores, strengthens the system, and prevents its return.

1,000 Cases of Fever and Ague.

Hilled, Whatever may be the cause, are entirely cured—whether internal or external, by this remedy. This is by far the most certain and pleasant medicine in the Materia Medica. The Electuary, Liniments, Salves and Ointments are sure cases, but in others, are highly injurious. For mercurial cases, nothing can compare. It keeps the bowells in perfect order, without acting as a cathartic, and strengthens weakened and debilitated parts. Wherever it is preverved in, it will cure any case. The parts should be frequently bathed with cold water and Castile Soap.

2,000 Cases of Costiveness.—No remedy equals this in Chronic Costiveness. It regulates the Bowels, and leaves them in a natural state, without purging or weakening the patient.

It has cured thousands and thousands of cases of cholera and cholera morbus, cured every complaint and of dysentery, bilies and bloches, fever and sleers of all kinds, syphilitic affections, water, tumor, tic-doloreux, ulcers of all kinds, skin diseases and eyes, scald head, sick and nervous headache, uterine diseases, cancer and cancerous tumors, bad breath and yellow complexions, cramps, ch