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FLEMINGSBURG DEMOCRAT.

CONFEDERATION IS LIBERTY—CONSTITUTION IS DESPOTISM.

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Rates of Advertising.

A square is 12 lines of this size type, equal to about 100 words of manuscript.

	1 Week	2 Weeks	3 Weeks	1 Month	2 Months	3 Months
1 Insertion	1.00	$1.75	$2.50	$4.00	$6.00	$10
2 " "	1.50	2.50	3.50	6.00	8.00	15
3 " "	2.00	3.00	4.00	8.00	10.00	20
One Month	2.50	3.50	5.00	10.00	15.00	25
Two Months	4.00	6.00	8.00	12.00	18.00	35
Three Months	5.00	8.00	11.00	15.00	22.00	40
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County and City Directory.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Hon. W. H. STANTON, Circuit Judge.
GEO. T. BRIGHT, Commonwealth's Atty.
H. B. DONYNS, Circuit Clerk.
B. A. PLUMMER, Sheriff.

The Circuit Court convenes on the Second Monday in February and August.

COUNTY COURT.

Hon. WM. H. ABNEY, County Judge.
A. E. COLE, County Attorney.
MIKE M. TEAGUE, County Clerk.
B. A. PLUMMER, Sheriff.
JOHN HORSE, Jailer.
MATHEW THURMOND, Assessor.
CHAS. Z. DILLY, Coroner.
HENRY LANDER, Surveyor.

County Court meets the 4th Monday in every month. Quarterly Court meets the 3rd Monday in March, June, September and December. The Court of Claims meets the 4th Monday in October.

MAGISTRATES COURTS.

1st Dist.—Strubridge, John Roby and W. Hill, Magistrates; James Vinkfill, Constable. Courts held on the 4th Saturday and 4th Thursday in March, June, September and December.

2nd Dist.—Mt. Carmel James Darnall and Isaac Kelly, Magistrates; M P Wallingford Constable. Courts held on the 1st and 2d Saturdays in March, June, September and December.

3rd Dist.—Poplar Plains, N F Hurst and E. Rogers, Magistrates; Edward S Morrison, Constable. Courts held on the 4th Saturday and 4th Monday in March, June, September and December.

4th Dist.—Hillsboro, Grassup Pickrell and A E Cox, Magistrates; Jas Hamilton, Rouse Constable. Courts held 2d Tuesday and 3d Saturday in March, June, September and December.

5th Dist.—Tilton, Elijah Thomas and Jas Cochran, Magistrates; E. Williams, Constable. Courts held 4th Wednesday and 4th Saturday in March, June, September and December.

6th Dist.—Centerville, Jas H Barnes and W W Stockdale Magistrates; Jas Hamilton, Constable. Courts held 1st and 3d Saturdays in March, June, September and December.

7th Dist.—Flemingsburg, A J Dodson and M W Isaacs Magistrates; Ed Templeton, Constable. Courts held 1st Friday and 2d Thursday in March, June, September and December.

8th Dist.—Fox J H Saunders and J P Lanham, Magistrates; J Dodd, Constable. Courts held 3d Saturday and 3d Thursday in March, June, September and December.

9th Dist.—Elizaville, Wm. Garey and Isaac Planck Magistrates; B W McIntyre, Constable. Courts held 3d Friday and 4th Saturday in March, June, September and December.

Church Directory

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Services every Sabbath. Rev. Jas T. Hendrick, Pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Services every 1st and 3rd Sundays in each month. Rev. J. E. W. Flack, Pastor.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.—Services on the 2nd and 4th Sundays in each month. Rev. R. B. Chalmer, Pastor.

Professional Cards.

JAMES H. GIST. GEO. R. GIST.
JAMESTON TAYLOR.

TAYLOR & GILL,
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,
Court Street, - MAYSVILLE, KY.

WILL PRACTICE IN MASON AND adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals. Especial attention paid to collection of Claims 1-tf.

A. E. COLE,
Attorney at Law,
FLEMINGSBURG, KY.,
OFFICE IN COURTS HOUSE BUILDING on S. W side Main St. East Court House. Prompt attention given to collections. 29-tf

Dr. L. BETTS,
DENTIST. OFFICE ON WATER street, above the post office. my13y1

Dr. L. McDOWELL,
FLEMINGSBURG, OFFICE AND Residence on Water Street, in the house formerly occupied by Steel Dudley, where he may always be found unless professionally engaged. 1-1y

W. S. MOORES, M. D.,
RESIDENT DENTIST.

RESPECTFULLY TENDERS HIS PROfessional services to the people of Fleming and adjoining counties as an experienced and skillful Dentist. Office, Main Street, opposite the Lee House, Flemingsburg, Ky.

Dr. R. A. LIGHTFOOT.
RESIDENT PHYSICIAN.
HAS REMOVED HIS RESIDENCE TO Main, St., in the house opposite the Methodist Church and tenders his Professional services to the public. Particular attention given to Surgery.—Office, on Main X St, over J. B. Dudley's Drug Store, Flemingsburg, Ky June, 4-1868-6-mo.

DR. JNO. T. WALL,
Physician & Surgeon
RESPECTFULLY SOLICITS PATRONAGE. Residence, north-best corner of the public square. Office, front room, over P. B. Dudley's drug store.
Special attention paid to diseases of the Eye. 5 Dec. 15-tf

Dr. J. W. DUDLEY
BEING SUPPLIED WITH ALL of the latest improvements in the dental art, offers his professional services to the citizens of Flemingsburg and vicinity.
Office—Over S. W. Estes's Saddlery Establishment, Main Cross Street. ov14-tf

POETRY

"KISS ME AGAIN."

BY NETTIE POWER HOUSTON.

My Beauty! last night when I left you,
The touch of your lips on my brow
Thrilled my being with such a wide rapture,
The pleasure is pain to me now.
Your rosebud mouth gave to my forehead
What my lips had entreated in vain;
Twice I called for another, and twice
So kiss me, love, kiss me again!

You say that you love me my darling,
But your statement is open to doubt,
For a long, long, weary November
A June with the sweetness left out.
And your lips made my brow their selection,
Jealous of my intellect's reign;
What do mind and brains care about kissing?—
Kiss my lips, darling, kiss me again!

How you women delight in your power!
That from many a man has evoked
A doubt as to Tantalus torture,
Because he was never provoked.
If I were a woman with wishes
I'd try to adorn my face
I would give to the poor and the needy
Lady bountiful—Kiss me again!

Come! a kiss for the Test that we hurry,
A kiss for the Pledge we have begun,
A kiss for the Present, so fleeting,
(Its work should be speedily done!)
Do not go through my plans and my logic!
Then must be a proxy, in plain;
Time grows each intangible minute,
I'm his substitute—Kiss me again!

Listen, fairest of all Earth's fair women!
Your motto you say is "Success;"
My genuine woman—Napoleon!
Hearts are Waterloos, never half-hearted.
Leave foreheads and lips out of question,
(I'm Wellington in this campaign!)
Take not a Sparrow's Intrenchment
My Beautiful—Kiss me again!

A Princely Possession

[From the Hemingsburg (Ill.) Democrat.]

EDITOR DEMOCRAT.—By invitation I accompanied a friend on a visit to Mr. Sullivan's 40,000 acre farm in Pond county, and was so much interested myself that I am sure our readers cannot fail to be entertained by a brief account of the management of so extensive a farm. The people of Illinois are particularly interested in the great problem Mr. S. has undertaken to solve—that farming on a large scale can be made even more profitable than farming or merchandizing, when systematized and managed with the same ability, enterprise and energy necessary for success in any other large business.

Mr. Sullivan is an exceedingly modest man and is not desirous of being advertised, hence he has given the cold shoulder to professional interviews and I shall not take advantage of the very frank confidential detail of his business given us during a two day's visit.

Mr Sullivan is a large, finely built man, with a mind proportioned to his physique, is over sixty years old, but is fresh and vigorous, equal to the task he has undertaken. Mrs. Sullivan is his second wife, accompanying him, she is very into lligent, agreeable and refined, has three children, a son thirteen years old, away at school, and two beautiful little girls, four and six years old.

It would make this article entirely too long to give anything like a detailed statement of the management of this vast estate The whole is reduced to a perfect system, so that by turning to his books he can show the precise cost to a fraction, of every acre of corn raised, of every ton of hay in the stack, or the cost in labor of everything produced on the farm. Has his own shops, blacksmith, wagon-maker, harness-maker, carpenter, &c. Boards all his own hands at the different divisions, the headquarters at his residence in Bureak, a grove of some ten or fifteen acres, near the center of the tract and the only timber on the whole place. Has slaughter house, bakery and store house of supplies, so that all requisitions for supplies, machinery, repairs &c. are made to headquarters.

Has a captain over each division of twenty to twenty-five men and forty to fifty mules. Has a comfortable house for the men and fine stabling for the mules. This plan gives rise to a healthy rivalry between the captains, each trying to report the most work for the week. His men are mostly Swedes, and unmarried.

Believing that religion and amusement are equally necessary for healthy morals, he has erected a hall for the double purpose of preaching and dancing and we gave, without a pay and festive scene on Saturday night, resulting into the small hours before the Sodonian pious Sweed, found out the mischief had been done. Ed.

Mr Sullivan entered a lowa farm this land some seventeen years ago, and added to it by buying largely from the Illinois Central Railroad, has sold off some to square up, and has now in one body eight miles square and a number more sections and half sections lying round loose.

It is a question whether sixty-four sections in one body can be found even in McLean County, (and if not, no place in the world,) to equal this, being all of beautifully undulating and the very best quality of soil.

There is over two hundred and fifty miles of hedge, and one hundred and twenty seven miles of the best ditch I ever saw, besides the hedge rows are all thrown up being ten feet wide at the base, and two or three feet high. The whole is laid off into avenues or roads, two miles each way, crossing at right angles, and intersecting at eighty miles of road. He employs now two hundred men, four or five hundred horses and mules, besides numerous oxen.

He raised last year 5,458 acres of corn with 5,742 days, labor of men, and 10 561 of horses and mules, and 2,800 of oxen, averaging in his two and three year old, bruce ground over 50 bushels to the acre, and little under that on the whole average. He will have ten thousand acres of corn in this year, the month of April being the finest we ever had for out door work, the took shaking for the month 4½ 2½ days' labor of men, 5,703 days horses and mules, and 1,101 days of oxen. We had a fine much needed rain Saturday night, the whole five of nature looking fresh and beautiful. Sunday morning there was no preaching, and Mr. Sullivan proposed a visit to the different divisions of his farm, and at eleven o'clock had a spanking team of mules driven up to the door. Himself, his chief foreman, my friend and myself seated ourselves in uneasy wagon for a long drive, visiting first an elevated ridge, where he intends building his fine residence after he gets the whole in cultivation, and just north of the line of the Decatur & State Line road, a most beautiful location, overlooking the surrounding country—about 4 miles to the McLean county line, on which his land borders for 8 miles.

He has it divided into eight grand divisions of five thousand acres each, on all of which are handsome mounds or elevations sloping every way; one and the prettiest, he calls after his wife, Fannie, another for his youngest son, "Mount Mike."

We called at the differentstations to see his stock, all of which is of the best quality, and at one we had a very nice lunch prepared by a French cook he has had for a number years. To men all looked well, happy and cheerful. We must have ridden at least twenty-five miles, and returned at 5 o'clock to sit down to a most excellent dinner, and it was not pretty well understood in this community that my friend Mr. W. and I were strict temperance men I would speak of the bottle of cherry brandy that disappeared before dinner, but as there is one left the least said about that the better for Mr Sullivan a wine cellar

I never enjoyed a visit so much, and in riding five miles through a country I felt but one regret—that Mr. Sullivan was not fifteen or twenty years younger so that he might enjoy what his great mind has conceived, and his wonderful energy will make a success

G. W. P.

The 'Fat Contributor' on Insurance Agents.

I PICKED him out for an insurance man as quick as I saw him. There was no mistaking that glance of inventory with which he took in my boots, occupation, parents long or short lived, age of great grandfather when he died, pulmonary complaint on my mother's side, and tumor complaint on my father's side, etc. etc. Before he had spoke to me he would sit looking at me for an hour at a time with great tears in his benevolent eyes as big as pumpkin seeds, praying because I was young, and yet so fair, wasn't insured. Then he would clasp his hands and gaze yearningly upon me as if to say: "Why, why will you not take out a policy?"

Oh, but it was touching to hear that old man go on at the table and tell of the hundreds and hundreds of families whom he had rendered comfortable and happy by inducing husbands and fathers to get insured. And he did it out of pure goodness of heart and love of humanity, too—that was the best of it. The satisfaction it afforded him was all the reward he wanted.

If in a moment of weakness, I should yield to his persuasions and get insured, I shouldn't want to remain in his vicinity long. So axioms is he to have fatalities reap the benefit of insurance I should be afraid that will meaning but impetuous old man would contrive to get me killed for the satisfaction of handing the insurance money over to my widow.

I was greatly touched by a story this venerable insurance man told about his search for a poor woman who had a policy on her husband's life, in a company he was representing, to which pay it to her, having heard casually that she wanted it. I think he was occupied some fifteen years in his hunt for that woman, and yet only one payment on the policy had ever been made! But it is so much the custom of life insurance companies to do this that it is hardly necessary to mention that.

At length his efforts were rewarded. He found the poor woman with her six children in a miserable garret, trying to earn a living for her family by spinning up wheels for cotton gins, and then said: "Lying in a corner was her brute of a husband, dead drunk. But I will let the agent tell it in his own words.

I was sure I had found the right woman, for I had spent so much time in hunting out whether she still kept the policy. I had to be cautious, you know, and might drive the poor woman wild if I have you anything to think of yourself," said I, "save this toothpick manufactory?

"Nothing whatever," she replied. "My husband ought to support us, but he don't. He is good enough when he's sober, but he ain't ever sober. He can make good wages when he ain't drunk, but he has been drunk ever since I knew him!"

"Bless me, now be calm, madam, control yourself—didn't he have a life insurance policy?"

"No, Stop, though. Yes, now I recollect, he did have one, I think was a good many years ago (sighing). He only made one payment on it, and then let it run out,"

"Where is that policy?"

"Then he kicked round the house some where, I spose. Saw it in old barrel in the loft, last time I remember it, that's well on to a dozen years ago. But what use is it? It's run out long ago."

"Madam," said I, impressively, scarcely able to repress my emotions for fear the policy was lost, "the company I represent never allows any policy it has issued to run out, no matter it nothing has been paid on it."

With this she hastened into the loft, and to my unspeakable joy (here the insurance man produced a pocket handkerchief and wiped away some tears) she soon returned with the policy I had been searching for fifteen years, time some, tis true, and considerably soiled, but for the most part there. The endorsement was torn off, but the signature of one President was all right, and that was enough. Thereupon I paid the overjoyed woman fifteen thousand dollars, the amount of the premium."

"And did the man not dead yet?" I inquired.

"Well, yes," said the insurance man, "he was dead drunk, but our company don't draw any fine distinctions under such circumstances"

We all wept at this touching recital, and one of the jury could not refrain from catching the good old man in his arms and embracing him.—*Cincinnati Times.*

Jeff. Davis' Speeches.

So much is being paid by a certain class about the impropriety of the speeches recently made at Augusta, Ga., and Atlanta, by Jeff Davis, that we make a few extracts from them. At Augusta, the ex-President of the Southern Confederacy spoke in response to a serenade following the inducting of the Planters' Hotel.

"I feel that I have a peculiar claim upon the people of Georgia, and that the people of this State have also a peculiar claim upon me. My father was a native of Georgia many long years ago, and to him have I often listened in the days of my boyhood as he told me traditions of the great Revolution. It was to this city of Augusta—the ancient old town upon the banks of the Savannah—that my father then but a mere boy, came to join the Revolutionary forces, and enlisted beneath the American flag. I am proud of my father and proud of his State. It is a crime to feel proud of this sire—to glory in his devotion to the cause of the right—to remember with exultation his services in defence of liberty, then my friends, it is also a crime to oppose a despotic centralization of power, and uphold the right of a State to withdraw from a voluntary compact entered into only for the preservation of the freedom of them all. If this is a crime then I am a criminal, and it is only offence of which I have been guilty. * * *

You honor me only as the representative of your cause. That cause is dear to me—more precious even than life, and I glory in its remembrance."

Just here let me to say to you that I well know how every utterance of mine is seized upon by the organs and distorted to a certain motion I am well aware of the eagerness with which it is distorted and used in furtherance of designs upon my people, and hence I do not speak to you as I desire. * * * Words have been used that can be done but been done and I have no more fear. If I speak it is not myself, but you who will be injured, for, unfortunately, sectional wrongs can be heaped upon you.

He who reigns above and lives always will see that justice is done. He will not allow the wicked to always remain in power, nor the righteous to be oppressed. We can wait until that day comes, and in the meantime be quet. Tis an old and wise saying that a good thing dog never barks much. If we wait patiently a sense of justice will yet return to the people of the United States or an opportunity will come when our rights can be gained, and not only our rights—the rights of the Southern—but the rights of all the people, the rights which were fought for and obtained at the point of the sword in the first revolution. (Applause.)

In his speech at Atlanta, Ga, the other day, he said, "The first time that I saw the place where your city now stands it was little more than a wilderness. When I saw it again I looked upon blackened and deserted ruins, upon the ashes of noble fortunes, upon the ashes of earthlinessness and a ruined and stricken people. Your city had been devastated and laid waste by an act of Vandalism darker than aught that ever disgraced the fame of Turenne."

☞ "The Emperor of Germany is a practical printer. All his family are obliged to have some trade. The prince chose to be a typo, and worked at the case three years."

And both the old Emperor and his son evidently remember their trades. This accounts for the fact that they took such a clear "impression" of France, understood the "case" so thoroughly and "put their plans so well, laid down such distinct "leads," made many brilliant "dashes" at the French armies and knocked them into "pi," "locked up" Bazaine in Metz, had so many "sorts" of them and "distributed" ed Alsace and Lorraine, captured such immense numbers of "shooting sticks," "distributed" such vast quantities of "leaden matter," moved in "solid column" on the "capital" and compelled France to yield up its "coins," "corrected" Thiers, "revised" the treaty, demanded "clean proof" of everything, and insisted on attention to all the "form."—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

☞ Bids soon will be offered to manufacturers of brass cannon to supply enough equal to the Federal office holders in the "United States." Each collar will be marked "U. S. G." They must be delivered to collectors of ports, supervisors of internal revenue, and postmasters, and guaranteed to be substantial enough to last until after the Presidential campaign of 1872.

Mr Kobb Joins the Masons.

He tells How it was Done.

I flatter myself I understand something about secret societies. I've had a passion for that sort of thing ever since I was old enough to tell lies. I have sounded pretty extensively among different organizations. I've been an Oradgeman and a Penlan, and a Good Templar and a counterfeiter, and an idiot in Odd Fellas. I have belonged to the Sons of Temperance, and the Odd Fellows, and Young Men's Christian Association and the Band of Hope and a band of robbers I've been in everything, and I thought I knew everything almost, but I didn't.

Three months ago I became infatuated with Masonry, and since I've joined that organization, I've discovered that there are several things connected therewith that outsiders don't know just a great deal about.

Now, Mr editor, I propose making these secrets public, not out of compassion to my fellow men, who may be tending to Masonry and not see warning and stop in time, but I do it out of a spark of human kindness in my heart and would rather see every mother's son put to torture than not but for I have a spite against the fellow who initiated me, who made me pay fifteen and the goat too frisky, and treated me with a roughness generally that the occasion did not warrant.

Before plunging into my narrative, I will state, for the benefit of those who don't know, that the Masonry is about six hundred thousand years old. It was when the fraternity got into trouble at the tower of Babel, and it was put when Adam first put on his apron as Grand Master of Eden Lodge.

As a more convincing proof of its antiquity, I would just mention that a party of miners the other day, in one of their excavations, came upon the petrified remains of a Masonic Lodge, with the members in their places and all complete, an eminent geologist who examined the fossils, is of the opinion that these bodies have been imbedded in the rock for more than fifty thousand years.

On the evening I was to be initiated, I made my will, and took a most affectionate leave of my family. Thus prepared, I started for the Lodge, accompanied by Brother John Smith, S. R. S. P. T., who was to see me through. We had no difficulty getting past the first entrance but when we knocked at the second, a fat little fellow looked out through a round hole in the door and put this startling interrogatory to Bro. Smith: "Tiddle-de-wink-de-wan-de-wo?" To which Bro. Smith replied: "Nix-my-dolly-whack-doo!" The little fellow then said: "Floodzzzcumphridytum-tum-tum!" our conductor giving satisfactory answer, we were permitted to enter.

Before I had time to look around me, a long-legged fellow knocked me over the head with a hickory club three feet, and another marauder made a rush after me and brought me down again. After I had undergone this ephleman-tic experience about five minutes, they stretched me out on a board and examined my teeth, pinching my muscles, and stuck pins into me all over, and poured pepper up my nose, and poured mustard down my trousers pockets, and pulled hairs out of the back of my neck with red hot pincers, to make me feel mem barrassed and at home.

When I came to my senses, I was alone in the outer room of the Lodge I was a lively and cheerful apartment. A couple of crocodiles were amusing themselves in a corner, and a few full grown rattlesnakes were practicing the dying trapeze upon a stovepipe. The furniture consisted chiefly of a lot of mummies, the skeletons of Capt. Kidd, Lucretia Borgia, Guy Fawkes, Jack the Giant Killer, Oliver Cromwell, Peter the Wild Boy, Wilhelm the Conqueror, Christopher Columbus, and Dick Turpin, a flying machine, three barrels of gun powder, and a remarkable lively and well developed wild cat. Just then half a dozen pirates clad in aprons and sashes, rushed into the room with a whoop. One of them, the biggest and ugliest, who appeared to be the chief, ordered the initiate, in a voice of thunder, to trot out the animal. The attendants disappeared, but immediately reappeared, leading in from the ground floor, a regular double decker, with sixteen horns, a pair of wings, and seven or eight tails stuck all over him. My eyes were bandaged, and I was ordered to mount. I said—Gentlemen, if you'll excuse me, I'd prefer not. I'm not accustomed to going up in a balloon, and besides I've got an engagement down town. My wife waiting for me to carve a turkey. I'll be back in a few minutes. I rather think my house is on fire, but I'll be back in a few——

Before I could finish my sentence, I was seized from behind and planted on the back of the infernal goat. Somebody then said "let go," and away he went. I've been through a great many perilous scenes; I've taken part in an election fight; I've been down in a railroad accident, and my wife has collected a collision, I've fallen down three flights of stairs, and walked out of a fourth story window, but this goat excursion was a little ahead of them all. When I come to reflect upon the matter I get cold blood, I wonder that I ever come out alive. The furious beast kicked and screamed and rolled over, and turned back somersaults, and danced on against the ceiling and underneath the chairs, till the bandage fell from my eyes and I had to let go. The goat vanished up the chimney in a blue flame and I found myself in the centre of the Lodge room, with about fifty Masons in aprons, and nothing else, dancing a war dance around me. The rest of the members were standing on their heads in the different corners, and let the cadaverous looking buccaneer, who proved to be the head of the department.

Soon they left off dancing and marched around the room chanting an inspiring dirge. I was then hauled up in front of the Chief's who thus addressed me:

"Brother Kobb, you are now of us. You are a young child of an institution that has existed for more than three million years. You are imperious to mundane influences. You are water proof and fire proof. You are over-proof. You can walk through the river or sit on a red-hot stove with impunity. Mortal man cannot harm you, and the devil himself must curl his tail and walk off at your approach. Be virtuous, Mr. Kobb, and you will be happy."

I then assumed a sash and apron.

AN EARTHQUAKE IN CHINA

Dry Land Tossed Like the Waves of the Sea.

Over Two Thousand Persons Killed.

A Shake Lasting Twenty two Days.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Our Minister to China has forwarded to the Secretary of the State the following translations of a report made by the Chinese Governor-General of the province in which it occurred, of the earthquake at Bathang, in Szechuen:

I have ascertained that Bathang, lying on a very elevated spot beyond the borders as the province, about 260 miles west from Ningtang, and more that thirty post stations from the district town of Tachien, on the high road to Tibet, has suffered severely by an earthquake. About 11 o'clock A. M. on the 4th of April 1870, the earth trembled so violently that the government offices, temples, graneries, stone and storehouses and fortifications, with all the common dwellings of the people of Tung-ku-ting were at once overthrown and ruined. The only exception was the hall in the temple grounds, called Ta-chun, which stood unharmed in his solitude. Law of the troops and people escaped, but most of the inmates were crushed and killed under the falling timber and stone. Flames also suddenly burst out in four places, which strong wind drove about until the heavens were darkened with smoke, and their roaring was mingled with the lamentations of those distressed people. On the 16th the flames were beaten down, but the rumbling noises were still heard under ground, like distant thunder, and the mountains tumbled down in stones at the mercy of the waves. The multiplied miseries of the afflicted inhabitants were increased by a thousand aftershocks, which in quick succession began to grow quiet and the motion to cease. The grain tax collector at Bathang says that several days before the earthquake the water had overflowed the dyke, but after it the earth crinkled in many places, and black feted water sparted out in a furious manner. If one poked it the spattering instantly followed, just as is the case with the salt wells and fire wells in the eastern part of the province, and this explain how it happened that fire followed the earthquake in Bathang. As nearly as is ascertained there were destroyed two large temples, the offices of the collector grain tax, the local magistrate, and the Tinglin temple, and nearly seven hundred hundred fathoms of wall around it, and 351 rooms in all inside; six smaller temples numbering 221 rooms, besides, 8,843 rooms and houses of the common people. The number of people, soldiers and lamas killed by the crash 2,298, among whom were the local magistrate and his second in office the carriage, and the attendant, in Bathang castward to Pang Chabo-mup, westward to Nan tun, on the south to Lin-tashih, and on the north to the salt wells of A tunta, a circuit of over 400 miles. It occurred simultaneously over the whole of this region. In some places steep hills split and sunk into to deep pits, in other hills on level spots there appeared mountains, and rivers and highways were rendered impassible by obstructions. The people were scattered and beggared like autumn leaves carried by the wind. Bathang castward to Pang Chabo-mup, westward to Nan tun, on the south to Lin-tashih, and on the north to the salt wells of A tunta, a circuit of over 400 miles. It occurred simultaneously over the whole of this region. In some places steep hills split and sunk into to deep pits, in other hills on level spots there appeared mountains, and rivers and highways were rendered impassible by obstructions. The people were scattered and beggared like autumn leaves carried by the wind. Bathang castward to Pang Chabo-mup, westward to Nan tun, on the south to Lin-tashih, and on the north to the salt wells of A tunta, a circuit of over 400 miles. It occurred simultaneously over the whole of this region. In some places steep hills split and sunk into to deep pits, in other hills on level spots there appeared mountains, and rivers and highways were rendered impassible by obstructions. The people were scattered and beggared like autumn leaves carried by the wind. Bathang castward to Pang Chabo-mup, westward to Nan tun, on the south to Lin-tashih, and on the north to the salt wells of A tunta, a circuit of over 400 miles. It occurred simultaneously over the whole of this region. In some places steep hills split and sunk into to deep pits, in other hills on level spots there appeared mountains, and rivers and highways were rendered impassible by obstructions. The people were scattered and beggared like autumn

High Price for Horses.

The sales of Dexter at $35,000, and Lady Thorne at $30,000, and Kentucky at 20,000 have made the world ring. Paid for horses in England. At New Market, in 1809, a bay, by Pipato, sold for $75,000. In the same year, a bay colt of Pot, by Benningborough, a two-year-old Yorkshire, and a bay three year old filly by Sir Peter, were sold for $75,000, each. For the celebrated horse Sharp, $50,000 was refused, and Kelly Gray was offered an offer of $100,000 for his stallion Eclipse. Tradition says that the Duke of Devonshire refused for Flying Chief does the weight of the horse in gold. A few years ago the great sire Stockwell could not be bought for $100,000, and we presume that when Gladiator was carrying everything before him at the English turf, Count Lagrange would not have parted with him for $150,000.

Subscription with Advertising.

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid in advance.

Obituaries, Tributes of Respect, &c., charged fifty cents per line.

Business notices, twenty cents per line.

Personal compliments, twenty cents per line.

Marriages and Deaths free.

Job Printing, cash on delivery.

THOMAS F. BERRY,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law,
Carlisle, Ky.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE Circuit Courts of Fleming, Nicholas and Bath, and in the Court of Appeals. Collections promptly attended to. Mch. 9-1y.

WM. H. ABNEY,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law,
(Judge of the Fleming County Court.)
Flemingsburg, Ky.

TENDERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERvices to the people of Fleming and adjoining counties. Will practice in the Circuit Courts of Fleming and in the Court of Appeals. Office: Circuit office building, public square. [Jan. 1.

DR. W. ANDERSON, Maysville, Ky.
ANDERSON & GIVEN,
Attorneys and Counsellors at L.
FLEMINGSBURG, KY.

WILL PRACTICE THEIR PROFESSION in Fleming and adjoining counties, and also in the Court of Appeals. Special attention paid to the collection of all claims. Office in Courts House, under the Main Cross street.
January 10, 1871.

SOUTHERN
MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY,
Principal Office, LOUISVILLE, KY.
Cash Capital and Assets over $500,000.
W. L. SUDDUTH, AGENT,
NORTH-EAST KENTUCKY.

S. GLENN. J. H. GALLAGHER. S. GLENN.

S. STERN & CO.,
Wholesale Clothiers
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS, &C.,
60 Pearl Street,
CINCINNATI, OHIO

WE take pleasure in announcing to the people of North-eastern Kentucky that we keep constantly on hand a very large stock of good to our line to which we invite special attention of country merchants. Our goods are all of a high grade, and we will sell them you when in the city, confident that we can sell you right, style and prices.
Oct. 20-1y. S. STERN & CO.

CENTRAL HOTEL
LATE "BARCROFT HOUSE."
WHEDON & ROBINSON, Proprietors.
MARKET ST., BETWEEN SECOND & FRONT.
May, 2-tf MAYSVILLE, KY.

C. B. ANDERSON,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Hardware, Guns,
IRON AND NAILS,
COACH & SADLERY HARDWARE, &c.
Nos. 20 & 22 Market Street,
Oct 21-1y MAYSVILLE, KY.

GEORGE COX. WM. H. COX.
GEORGE COX & SON,
DEALERS IN
Fancy and Staple
DRY GOODS,
Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Matting,
House-Keeping Goods General,
Second Street, MAYSVILLE, KY.
Oct 21-1y

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PURCHASERS FURNISHED ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.
JOHN HEISER,
Wholesale and Retail
Baker and Confectioner,
And Manufacturer of French and Crushed sugar candies.
AND DEALER IN
Fruits and Canned Goods,
Nuts, Fruits, Toys, Fancy Notions, &c.
No. 26 East Second St.,
Oct 27-1y MAYSVILLE, KY.

E. D. NUTE,
IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER OF
HAVANA & DOMESTIC CIGARS
AND DEALER IN
Chewing and Smoking Tobacco,
SNUFFS AND PIPES,
No. 11, West Second St., below Bank,
MAYSVILLE, KY.
Orders promptly filled, and satisfactory warranted. Oct 27-1y.

RED CORNER
BLUM, HECHINGER & CO.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
CLOTHIERS
All goods manufactured by themselves
MERCHANT TAILORS,
AND DEALERS IN
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
Trunks, Tulises & Carpet Sacks.
Sep. 3d MAYSVILLE, KY.

JOHN WHEELER,
WHOLESALE CONFECTIONER
AND DEALER IN
Foreign & Canned
FRUITS, NUTS, FIREWORKS,
FLASH, GUNS, SPORT & MILITARY GOODS
No. 31, Market St.,
MAYSVILLE, KY.
ALL KINDS OF AMMUNITION FOR SPORT.

G. W. THOMPSON. B. SMITH.
COAL! COAL! COAL!
WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Flemingsburg and vicinity, they keep constantly on hand a superior article of Blacksmithing and Pomeroy coal, which will be disposed of at the lowest market rate. Your orders are respectfully solicited. No 6, Second st., nearly opposite Hunter's Grocery. Yours &c. THOMPSON & SMITH.
Apr 13-1y. Maysville, Ky.

THE DEMOCRAT.

C. H. ASHTON, Editor & Proprietor.
M. M. Teagar, Assistant Editor.

THURSDAY JUNE, ... 15, 1871.

Democratic State Ticket.

Election Monday, August 7, 1871.

FOR GOVERNOR,
PRESTON H. LESLIE,
OF BARREN COUNTY.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,
JOHN G. CARLISLE,
OF KENTON.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JOSEPH HODGE,
OF FRANKLIN.

FOR AUDITOR,
B. HOWARD SMITH,
OF OWEN.

FOR TREASURER,
JAMES W. TATE,
OF FRANKLIN.

FOR SUP'T. PUB. INSTRUCTION,
Rev. H. A. M. HENDERSON,
OF FAYETTE.

FOR REGISTER LAND OFFICE,

FOR STATE SENATOR
Judge THOS. F. HARGIS,
OF NICHOLAS.

OUR PLATFORM.

The Democratic party of Kentucky in Convention assembled, reaffirming the principles announced by the Conventions held since the war, do now resolve:

1. That wise statesmanship and true patriotism require universal and unqualified amnesty.

2. That the industries of the country demand the abolition of the present mode of raising the revenue, by which portions of the Republic are oppressed and robbed to enrich monopolies and certain sections, and the speedy adoption of a system by which the burdens of taxation will be equally and justly distributed, and the taxes actually paid may reach the Treasury.

3. That the preservation of liberty is possible only through the States; and we protest against every act by which the States are deprived of their just and constitutional powers, and State tribunals ousted of their proper and necessary jurisdiction; and we are ready to join in all lawful and just measures to reverse the tyrannical acts of the party in power, whereby it is sought to strip the States of all rights, and concentrate all the powers of government in a great centralized despotism.

4. We indorse the address recently issued by the Democratic members of Congress, and unite in condemning all acts by which the Constitutional and despotic powers are conferred upon the President, by which, with the use of the army and navy, the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus, the power to declare martial law, call out the militia, and invade the States without the request of their Executives or Legislatures, and other undefined means, he can destroy the freedom of elections, the independence of the judiciary and the sovereignty of the States.

5. Kentucky is unalterably opposed to every form of lawlessness, whether committed under the cover of unconstitutional enactments or by organized bands, and we pledge ourselves, as occasion may arise, to use every legal means to prevent the one, and to have enacted such laws as experience may demonstrate to be necessary to put down and punish the other, and to secure to every person ample protection of life, liberty and property under laws enacted by our own Legislature, and administered by our own Courts.

Notice.—During the time that I am a candidate for the Legislature, Mr. M. M. Teagar will have exclusive control of the editorial department of this paper. C. H. ASHTON.

The Convention.

Elsewhere in the columns of this issue will be found a call by the chairman of Central Committee for a convention to be held at Flemingsburg on the 26th, inst., County Court day, for the purpose of nominating a suitable candidate for the Legislature upon the Democratic ticket. The call also directs that the committee for each district in the county, hold a primary convention, for the selection of delegates to the county Convention. Upon this subject, we wish to make a suggestion. Heretofore, much dissatisfaction has been manifested by the friends of the party, on the alleged grounds of unfairness in our Conventions. This can all be obviated, if the people will do as they have the right to do. The whole thing is with them. No convention can be packed on them if they will take the proper precautionary steps. Let every precinct organize at once, and select for themselves the men they desire to represent them in the convention, and then there can be no charge made that the convention is packed, and general dissatisfaction prevail on the charge of unfairness. Heretofore it has been too often the custom of the people of the different precincts to pay no attention to the call of a district convention, appoint no delegates, and when the convention meets, the deficiency is to be supplied by appointments from the chair upon the suggestion of some member. If that member is interested in packing the Convention, he has it in his power to do so, by suggesting to the chair such appointments as will best serve his purpose. Now where does the blame lay? If the people omit to do their duty, they have no right to complain. The suggestion therefore offered by the call referred to above, we hope will be heeded, and acted upon promptly; and that each precinct in the county will be fully represented in a legitimate way in the convention.

E. A. Robertson.

It will be seen by reference to another column of this issue that our esteemed and worthy citizen, E. A. Robertson, has announced himself as a candidate for the next Legislature, subject to the action of the Democratic Convention to be held for that purpose, on the 26th inst.

Our personal acquaintance with Mr. Robertson warrants us in saying that should the Democracy of Fleming county see fit to nominate him as their standard bearer for the office to which he aspires, their confidence would in no wise be misplaced. He is a man of age and experience, a substantial farmer, and a plain practical man. One whose interests are closely identified with those of the people at large, and who will employ every effort within his power to advance the interests of those whom he may represent. Having been formerly an old line Whig upon the final disruption of that party, and the ascendency of the late civil war, he closely identified himself with the Democratic party and has been ever since, a faithful and earnest advocate of its principles in opposition to radical corruption and usurpation. Being a man of fidelity, honesty, and integrity, sound in his political faith, true to his trusts, honest in his motives, and faithful to his obligations, we take great pleasure in commending, in common with our other Democratic friends, to the most favorable consideration of the party, in the full confidence that should he be their choice, he will represent his constituency in honor and fidelity.

The Correct Idea.

No matter what may be said of Gen. Grants stupidity, he is nevertheless well acquainted with the American character and can play his part to perfection. Grant seems to reason, thus; The American people are fond of humbugs and I am a humbug. They love flattery and fat offices, I will distribute them, and thus secure their support and influence. Thus Grant is not so great a fool after all. He knows well the god that Americans worship, merely money. He therefore proceeds to present them with their favorite god and then all is safe. He knows also very well that if he will sustain the office and bond holders, they will sustain and support him. Grant has truly caught the correct idea. He views the situation and works to it as slowly and as surely, as he would a fortress. He takes it for granted that we have been in the habit of attributing too much of that obsolete principle styled patriotism to the American people. He views the matter in a different light and measures by their interest. Selfish ambition holding the ascendency, his only purpose is to gratify it, and the bargain is struck, and the work is begun. Grant has no false idea of the power that sits behind the throne.—Money—money—office—public patronage—anything that enrich, aggrandize, monopolize, or give preferment. Grant sees this plainly and works to it. Who can blame him? Is'nt it natural? Who is the fool the people who sell out to him for the sake of his patronage, or Grant, who accepts a good bargain when offered so cheap? Grant would buy the whole nation if the people would sell it to him, and then furnish him the money to pay for it. Grant seems to be only "an old fool," because he turns things to profitable account, and knows the people better than they know themselves. He knows exactly what the people will become used to, and all his acts are but a step beyond the line of the people who are once form in perfect order, and cry, *amen*.

Sectionalism.

Gen. Harlan, in his speech at Vanceburg, charged the Democratic party with being sectional, and based upon sectional hatred and prejudice. This is the last charge we had supposed that would have been made by the radicals against any political party. Radicalism has been purely sectional in its leading policy ever since its first inauguration. Hatred, bitterness, and prejudice, have been at all times its leading characteristics. A constant and unceasing warfare against the South and her local institutions, culminating in a blighting and desolating war, carrying with it murder rapine and plunder, have ever been its principal features. It had its conception in a purely sectional idea, originating in the hypocritical school of New England Puritanism, and, true to its first love, it has never abandoned it. The war originated in sectional hate—was conducted with sectional hate—and when ended the party that arose upon the ruins of the republic, was organized with all the bitterness of sectional hostility and fiendish animosity. And now to day the substance of the people is sapped and drained, in order to build up New England capitalists, and support Northern monopolists. Yet, we are told that the Democratic party is a sectional one, only because it has, and does, oppose centralization and despotism. Because, that the principles it maintains are in antagonism to those by which, radicalism seeks to enthrone itself. If a strict adherence to the true theory of our government, a faithful maintainance of the Constitution, a strict observance of the rights of the people under the Constitution of the country, as framed and interpreted by the founders of the republic, are sectional, then we plead guilty to the charge, and would much rather fail in the attempt to sustain them, than to live upon the prop of perjury and corruption.

Judge Hargis's Speech Accepting the Nomination for Senator.

We place before our readers a full report of the speech of acceptance of Judge Hargis. It is an excellent document.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention.

Knowing no higher duty in political matters than an obedience to the directions of the party to which I belong and a strict adherance to its forms and organization, when they are composed and directed to the achievement and preservation of civil and religious liberty, I therefore, in obedience to that sense of high duty, appear at your invitation to return to you the warmest thanks of my heart for the high compliment you have paid me, and the confidence you have so generously placed in my keeping to day, and to accept at your hands the democratic flag which you have selected me to bear in the coming canvass for State Senator in this district. That flag I shall bear with whatever merit I have, with an energy that knows no failing in the cause of democracy, and with a heart that has never yet felt the pangs which remain from a sacrifice of principle to the behests of policy, but with a due deference without cringing to the opinions of those who may differ with me. I have no long line, gentlemen, of prominent ancestors whose influence I can command or array before you, neither have I a political record, as lawyers sometimes say, "filed away" among the archieves of our *State* or *Confederation*, from which to draw evidences of past usefulness, or security to you for future conduct, but I can only tender you a short an humble record made in the ranks and service of the democratic party. A party to which I can point you, as the one *only worthy* of the confidence of the people. In it lies the germ and strength of constitutional liberty. By it alone can the wreck of the constitution be moored to the shore from off the bosom of the troubled political ocean, upon which she now rides without mast or anchor, manned by a crew who are ready to scuttle and desert her. The summer's canvass promises to be one of unusual interest, involving questions of great moment among which will appear, and be placed before the people by the democracy, the great question of Constitutional construction which we claim should be *strict*, the invalidity and mischief of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments which were adopted by force and fraud, the various unconstitutional and arbitrary acts of Congress passed since the close of the war, the despotic acts, *proclamations*, and unauthorized treaties attempted to be foisted upon the world as the will of the people, by a *cocious inebriate* horse jockey who fills the Presidential chair will receive their due attention.

The corruptions of the present administration, whose malversations and squanderings of the peoples money extorted from them by unequal, unjust and burdensome taxation, are susceptable of a thousand proofs from as many quarters, and the democracy are determined to put the witnesses on the stand and let the people hear the testimony so they can be justified in converting the radical party of high crimes and misdemeanors and give them the benefit of the reasonable doubt, at that, as that is the rule to which all criminals are entitled, and if they move in arrest of judgment the mass of the people of this vast land will rise with one common purpose, and hurl the money changers from the places they now polute. The tariffs, from which is mainly due the enormous profits and aristocracy of eastern manufacturers and the consequent draining and distruction of the commerce and agriculture of Southern and Western States, will be *derived* of its thin covering and all of its huge deformity laid bare before the country. All of these wrongs, violations of the rights of the States, corruptions, class and sectional legislation, with their attendant evils, and with their interminable future ills, linked with the infernal military usurpations of the radical party, will be held up in their true light to the gaze and contempt of a deceived and plundered people who were "but yesterday" as free as the immortal heroes immerging from the revolution of '76" with their flag all covered with victory and bound together by the ties of liberty in whose name they had shaken off the shackles of tyranny. A tyranny not more galling however, than that under which this country now groans. But *we will hold up that tyranny in all of its heinous attitudes* until to the radical party—

"It does recall"
"Lakeskullies at Memphian banquets" *
"The words which shook Belshazzar in his hall"
"And took his Kingdom from him."

Yes we will unveil the tyrants, expose their *monstrous* frauds and corruptions, ignore all "new departures" and in the name and by the power in the truth of democratic principles as advocated by consistent, tried, and *honest men*, we will, and in no other way, triumphantly plank our banner in the very center of the field of victory.

I hope gentleman, at another time when the occasion is more fitting to meet and address you at greater length upon these all absorbing questions. I again thank you for the confidence you have reposed in me and pledge to you and honest and faithful discharge of the high trust which I have just accepted at your hands.

The Ohio Democracy.

The following is the Platform of principles adopted by the recent Democratic State Convention in Ohio.

Resolved by the Democracy of Ohio

1. That, denouncing the extraordinary means by which they were brought about, we recognize as accomplished facts the three amendments in fact to the Constitution, recently declared adopted, and the same as no longer political issues before the country.

2. We demand that the rule of strict construction, as proclaimed by the Democratic fathers, accepted by the statesmen of all parties previous to the war, and embodied in the Tenth Amendment to the Constitution, be rigorously applied now to the Constitution as it is, including the three recent amendments shall not be held to have in any respect altered or modified the original theory and character of the Federal Government, but only to have enlarged the powers delegated to it, and to that extent and no more, to have abridged the reserved rights of the States; and that, as thus construed, the Democratic party pledges itself to the full, faithful, and absolute execution and enforcement of the Constitution as it now is, so as to secure equal rights to all persons under it, without distinction of race, color, or condition.

3. That the absolute equality of each and every State within the Union is a fundamental principle of the Federal Government.

4. That we will always cherish and uphold the American system of State and local governments, for State and local purposes, and a General Government for general purposes only; and are unalterably opposed to all attempts at centralization and consolidation of power in the hands of the General Government; and the more especially when such attempts are in the form of usurpation by any department of that government. And further, that we adhere firmly to the principle of maintaining a perfect independence between the co ordinate departments of the Government, the Legislative, the Executive and the Judicial, condemning all encroachments by one upon the functions of the others.

5. While the fundamental law as expressed in the Constitution is necessarily permanent until abrogated, as prescribed by that instrument, all legislation is, in its nature and purpose, temporary and subject to change modification, or repeal, at the will of a majority of the people, expressed through the law-making power, and that the pretense that any act of Congress not executed and spent, or any legislation of a party is an absolute finality, is totally inconsistent with the whole theory of republican government, and that it is the unquestionable right of the people of themselves, and through their representatives, at each successive Congress, to judge of what legislation is necessary and proper or appropriate to carry into execution and enforce the Constitutional powers, rights and duties of the Federal Government.

6. That, as an instance of eminent by appropriate legislation under the Fourteenth Amendment, we demand now of Congress an universal amnesty.

7. That while we denounce all riotous combinations and conspiracies against law or to disturb the peace, in the South, or elsewhere, and demand of all good citizens their utmost influence to put all such down, we also denounce the act commonly called the "Bayonet Bill," recently passed by Congress, and the more recent act commonly called the "Ku-klux Bill," extending by its terms, to every State, as enacted for no other purpose than to complete the centralization of all power in the hands of the General Government, established a military despotism, and thus perpetuate the present Administration without regard to the will of the people, and as not only utterly inconsistent with the whole theory and character of the Federal Government, and revolutionary and dangerous in their character, but in direct conflict with the spirit and letter of the Constitution, including the amendments which they intend to enforce.

8. That holding still to the good old Democratic doctrine of annexation or acquisitions of territory, we are yet totally opposed to the scheme of President Grant to acquire San Domingo as a "job," and by the means and for the purposes, evidently intended.

9. That we are in favor of a strictly revenue tariff, conformed to the theory and principles of all other just and wise tax laws, and opposed to the "protective" theory so called.

10. That the profligate, corrupt, and wanton extravagance which pervades every department of the Federal Government; the sacrifice of the interests of labor to aggrandize a handful of aristocrats, wicked, depletion of the people of their rightful heritage in the public lands, which have been made a gift to railroad and other monopolists; the payment of more than $24,000,000 of premium during the Administration of President Grant in Government bonds payable at par; the maintenance at an annual cost to the people of nearly $30,000,000 of an unconstitutional, oppressive, and extortionate system of banking, whereby money is made scarce and interest high, are abuses which call for wise and thorough remedies.

11. That we are in favor of a strict economy, of a large reduction in the expenditures of the Federal and State Governments; of civil service reform, of the collection of the internal revenue by the State authorities, and thereby return to honest labor the myriads of tax gatherers who afflict our land and eat up our substance; and of the speedy trial, conviction and punishment of the thieves who have stolen the taxes paid by the people.

12. That while we reject the proposition, we equally reject the proposition to pay the bondholders more than the contract with them demands, that, if the bondholders have rights so have the tax-payers, and we insist upon justice being done to both, that the creditor is entitled to be paid in the same currency he loaned to the Government; that when he loaned greenbacks he should be paid in greenbacks, unless the contract otherwise provides, and when loaned gold he should be paid in gold, that to guard against too great an expansion, greenbacks should be made convertible into three per cent. bonds, at the option of the note-holder, and bonds to be redeemed in greenbacks on demand; that the true method of returning to specie payments is to make custom dues payable in legal-tender currency, whether paper money or gold, that such policy would secure a uniform currency, stop gambling in gold, and thereby elevate the credit of the Government.

13. That with the watch-word of reform, we confidently go to the country that we believe the interests of the great body of the people are the same, that without regard to past political associations, they are the friends of free government, that they are equally honest, brave and patriotic, and we appeal to them as our brothers and countrymen to aid us to obtain relief from the greivous abuses which wring and oppress every class except the wrong-doers and oppressors themselves.

14. That upon State issues we resolve that we are in favor of calling a Convention, as provided by article 16, section 3, of the State Constitution.

New Advertisements

Town Ordinance!

Ordered by the Board of Trustees of the town of Flemingsburg that the Tax on avenues and Bar Sellers must be paid to the collector within 30 days and if not paid by that time their licenses will be suppressed.

Ordered that the delinquents lists of Taxes as returned by the collector be paid within 30 days and if not paid within that time ten per cent. will be added to the amount.

S. S. ANDREWS, Secretary.

New Livery Stable!

TURNER & FLEMING,
LIVERY AND SALE
STABLE,
WATER ST., FLEMINGSBURG, KY.

Horses, buggies and hacks for hire at reasonable rates.

Horses kept by the day, week or month.

We will make a speciality of buying and selling horses, and will give special attention to the breaking and training horses.

TURNER & FLEMING.

June 15-tf.

YOU WILL FIND
A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF
Knives & Forks,
So Handy To Use At The Table,
AT
KENNER'S
New Cash Store,
NO. 10 AS USUALLY FOUND ON HANDS.

MUST BE SOLD!

I HAVE A GOOD
FAMILY CARRIAGE
AND
Democrat Spring Wagon,
WHICH I WILL SELL CHEAP ON time as I have no horses—stable, or feed and no place to which I wish to trade.

L. W. KENNER.

Flemingsburg Ky., June 15, 1871.

New Advertisements.

WATCH FREE, and $30, a day sure, no humbug. Address with stamp, LATTA & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

8 O'CLOCK.

AGENTS MALE & FEMALE. For fast selling popular subscription Books. Extra Inducements. Agents. Information free, Address Am. Book Co., 62 William St. New York.

$10 MADE FROM 50 Cts! 12 Samples sent, postage paid for 50 cents that retail readily for $10. B. L. WOLCOTT, 164 Chatham Sq., N.Y.

THRA-NECTAR
A PURE
BLACK TEA
with the Green Tea Flavor. Warranted to please the taste, or money refunded. Ask for it at your grocers. If by the GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA Co., 8 Church St., New York. P. O. Box 5600. Send for Thra-Nectar Circular. 2m2-4w

WANTED—AGENTS, ($20 per day) to sell the celebrated HOWE SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Has the under feed, makes the "lock stitch" alike on both sides, is fully equal to Wheeler & Wilson and changes family sewing Machine for $10 Address, HOWE MACHINE CO., 438 Washington St., Boston, Mass., Pittsburgh, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo. 4m

It has the delicate and refreshing Fragrance of genuine Farina Cologne Water, and is the Favorite with the Ladies, Gentlemen, Child by Druggists, and Dealers in PERFUMERY.
COLGATE'S CAP-DE-COLOGNE
TOILET SOAP.

AGENTS WANTED FOR
A.H.STEPHENS
Great History of the War. Complete in one volume. Send for circulars, with terms and a full description of the work. Address National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo.

Science and Science have met together
Genius and Gilding have kissed each other.

SCIENCE AND THE BIBLE
A book of thrilling interest and greatest importance to every human being. The Papers, Pulpits and People are all discussing the subject and every man, woman and child wants to read it. The long days are ended, and honorable peace secured. Science is free, and Bible liberty, open and beautiful, both now united, and from friends, God's work days, six actual days, not ages, as some have claimed. This book gives the reason of science making the thrilling realities, beauties, wonders and sparkling gems a hundred times more interesting than fiction. AGENTS WANTED. Experienced Agents will drop other books and secure territory immediately. Address for circular
ZIEGLER & McCURDY, 139 Race St. Cincinnati, Ohio.

FREE TO BOOK AGENTS.
A special Prospectus of the best Illustrated Family Bible, published in both English and German, containing Bible, History, Dictionary, Analysis, Biography, and History of Religions. Sent free on application.
W. FLINT & CO., 26 South 5th St., Phila. Pa.

REDUCTION OF PRICES
TO CONFORM TO
REDUCTION OF DUTIES.
GREAT SAVING TO CONSUMERS
GETTING UP CLUBS.
Send for our New Price List and a Club form will accompany it, enabling the Ladies, without leaving home, to obtain a good and remunerative tea club organization.
THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO.,
31 & 33 Vesey Street,
P. O. Box 5643. NEW YORK.

JURUBEBA.
WHAT IS IT?
It is a sure and perfect remedy for all diseases of the Liver and Spleen. Enlargement or Obstruction of Intestines, Urinary, Uterine or Abdominal Complaints, Dyspepsia or a Want of Blood, Intermittent or Remittent Fevers, Inflammation of the Liver, Dropsy, Biliousness, Jaundice, Costiveness, Blood Abscesses, Tumors, Jaundice, Sick Headache, Piles, Female Complaints, Or Their Consumptives.
DR. WELLS having become agent of the proprietors, is now offering Drugs from the South American Plant, called

JURUBEBA.

sent a special commission to that country to procure its medicinal purity, and having found its wonderful curative properties to even exceed the anticipations formed by its great reputation, has concluded to offer it to the public, and is happy to state that he has perfected arrangements for a regular monthly supply of this wonderful Plant. He has spared much time experimenting and investigating the most efficient preparation from it, for popular use, and has for some time used it in his own practice with most happy results the medicinal medicine now presented to the public as

DR. WELL' EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA

and he confidently recommends it to every family as a household remedy should be freely taken as a Bitter Tonic in all derangements of the system and to animate and fortify all weak and Lymphatic Temperaments.
JOHN & KELLOGG Platt St. New York.
Sole Agent for the United States.
Price One Dollar per bottle. Send for Circular

CHAS. DIETRICH.
WAGON MAKER
in rear of
McGRATHS BLACKSMITH SHOP
FLEMINGSBURG, KY.,

I AM NOW PREPARED TO DO ALL kinds of repairing and new work in wagons, plows &c., at low prices. I hope that the farmers will give me a call.
May 25 12-m.

New Cash Store!
E. O. Sullivan's
Boot, Shoe, Hat & Cap DEPOT.
I KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A
Full Stock of Goods
to which I invite
The Attention of Buyers.
HOPING THAT BY FAIR DEALING and strict attention to business to merit a fair share of public patronage.
E. O. SULLIVAN.

Special Notice.
Gents Fine Boots of every description
MADE TO ORDER
And Satisfaction Guaranteed.
E. O. SULLIVAN.
Main Cross Street, Flemingsburg, Ky.
apl 20tf

You Will Find At
KENNER'S
New Cash Store,
Nice Wool Cassimere
SMALL CHECKS AND PLAIDS, SUITABLE FOR CHILDREN, BOYS AND YOUNG MENS WEAR.
Handsome and low in price.
June 1st, 1871.

New Advertisements.

SHARP'S HOTEL.
Corner Court House Square,
FLEMINGSBURG, KY.
THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES PLEASURE in announcing to the people of Fleming, and the public generally that he has opened the above hotel and has recently refitted and furnished the same and is now prepared to accommodate the public in the very best style. No pains will be spared to render all an agreeable entertainment who patronize the house. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.
MARION SHARPE.
Proprietor.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE
NOTICE
TO
TAX PAYERS.
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 8th DIST. OF KY.,
Maysville, Ky., June 5, 1871.
THE ASSESSOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE has for this District having returned his annual tax lists to this office, all taxpayers are hereby notified that the taxes on incomes, and all special taxes, or licenses, for the present year are now due and must be paid on or before the three set forth below. The Collector, or his Deputy, will attend at the following places and times for the collection of the same:
Flemingsburg, Fleming county, June 22.
Owingsville, Bath county, June 23.
Mt. Sterling, Montgomery county, June 24.
After the dates above mentioned, all who have not paid will be notified by mail, for which a fee of twenty cents will be charged, specifying that to all taxes unpaid, ten days after the date of notice, a ten per cent penalty, and interest at the rate of one per cent per month will be added as required by law.
S. COOPER.
Collector.
Office hours from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m.

POWDER, LEAD AND CAPS.
At Leroi Kenners.
LOWER THAN ANY BODY THAT SELLS SUCH ARTICLES,
June 1st, 1871.

THE BEST MACHINE YET.
THE EXCELSIOR
SELF-RAKING OR DROPPING REAPER AND MOWER.
Has taken more premiums than any other machine.
In lightness of draught, ease of management, simplicity of construction, speed and durability of machine and general reality the Excelsior cannot be surpassed.
It has taken 105 premiums as the best Mower & Reaper combined at State and County fairs held in the United States. Illustrated circulars of prices and premiums as a single reaper and mower.
Refer to Dr. M. T. Armstrong,
John Sherwood,
Richard Parker,
John Stuart,
Ben Johnson,
Henry Johnson,
Daniel P. Stuart, Hardville Ky. Agent for Fleming and Nicholas counties.
2 apl-1yr.

Remember There Is
—AT—
KENNER'S
New Cash Store,
QUITE A VARIETY
OF
SUMMER HATS;
AMONG THEM A PANAMA WILLOW WEIGHING ONE OUNCE,
ALSO
FANCY STRAW,
WHITE AND COLORED FOR CHILDREN AND INFANTS,
ALSO
Ventilated Hats.
June 1st, 1871.

New Dress Goods
Received!
I HAVE BEEN COMPELLED TO SEND off and buy another fresh lot of dress goods for Ladies. Among which are plain French Lawns, (in colors) blue, buff, black and rose colors. So please come in and buy of L. W. Kenner, at No. 10.

THE OLD ESTABLISHED
DRUG STORE!
Main-Cross Street,
FLEMINGSBURG, KY.,
WHERE MAY AT ALL TIMES BE found a good assortment of
PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS,
Oils, Dyestuffs, Fancy Articles,
PERFUMERY,
Pure Wines and Brandies for Medical Purposes,
PATENT MEDICINES,
SCHOOL BOOKS AND STATIONERY
Letter, Cap and Note Papers, Superior Ink, Pens, Pencils, Music and Musical Instruments, Tea, Tobacco, and all other articles usually kept by Druggists.
The above articles have been bought low for Cash, selected with the greatest care, and will be warranted as represented, and sold at the very lowest cash price. J. B. DUDLEY.
Prescriptions carefully Prepared at all hours—Day or Night.

BLACKSMITHING
—BY—
JOHN McGRATH,
On Main Cross-St., near the Bridge.
TAKE THIS MEDIUM OF INFORMING the citizens of Fleming county, that I am prepared to promptly attend to every branch of my business. Every kind of repairing and Horse Shoeing done in best manner. I am also prepared at all times to shoe mules and unruly horses, with the greatest facility and safety.
feb 9-tf

THE DEMOCRAT.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING, BY C. H. ASHTON, AT $2.00 A YEAR, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE

THURSDAY JUNE 29, 1871.

X Subscribers who receive their papers with an X marked opposite their name, either on the margin of the paper or on the outside wrapper, will understand that the term of subscription paid for has expired.

Local Matters.

Our Authorized Agents.

The following gentlemen are authorized to act as agents for the Democrat, to solicit, to receive, and to receipt for subscription, &c.

ANDREW T. COX, Maysville, Ky.
W. M. COLLINS, Centerville.
JOHN W. NEWCOMB, Sherlocus.

☞ *All advertisements inserted in this paper marked "till forbid" will be charged for by the time they are published. No exceptions to this rule in any case.*

Appointments of Hon. P. H. Leslie.

Hon. P. H. Leslie, the Democratic candidate for Governor in Kentucky, is announced to speak at the following places. General John M. Harlan, the Republican candidate, is invited to be present:

Jackson, Thursday, June 15th.
Hazelgreen, Friday, June 16th.
Salyersville, Saturday, June 17th.
West Liberty, Monday, June 19th.
Frenchburg, Tuesday, June 20th.
Morehead, Wednesday, June 21st.
Flemingsburg, Thursday, June 22d.

Speaking to commence at twelve o'clock.

Democratic County Convention.

A Democratic county Convention, to nominate a candidate for Fleming county, for the House of Representatives, will be held at the court house in Flemingsburg on Monday the 26th, day of June, 1871 (County Court day) The Democrats of each of the precincts are requested to hold meetings on Saturday 24th day of June, at 3 o'clock p. m, at their respective places of voting and select the number of delegates, they are respectfully entitled to send, to represent them in said Convention. The sub committees will give this their special attention.

By order of the Democratic Executive Committee of Fleming county.

JAS. E SMITH, Chairman.

New Advertisements.—We call attention to the new advertisements in this paper.

TO THE LADIES.—Go to J. B. Dudleys drug store and buy a bottle of Natures Hair Restorative. It is the best in the world.

NEWS DEPOT.—Mr. Jas. I. Dorsey keeps at the post office all kinds of Magazines, Newspapers &c.

Fox Springs.—We understand that these springs will be open for the reception of visitors the last week in this month.

Bold.—A double fisted Dutchman was fined $6.45 for beating our little devil on last Sunday. If you feel with printers devils you will get the word of it in the end.

Rains.—Heavy rains are reported in all directions. We were visited by a very heavy fall of rain on Sunday morning. In some places in our state the like was never known before. Salt river rose 45 feet in a few hours.

The Grand Jury—The recent Grand Jury returned a market basket full of indictments against beer sellers for selling beer to minors. They have about suspended the beer business in this place.

Radical Convention.—The Radical Convention to nominate candidates for the Senate and House of Representatives will be held in this place, on Saturday, the 15th. Will the colored brethren participate? We shall see.

The Key Trial.—The Key trial is still going on at the Court House. At this writing all the testimony is not yet taken. It is thought the trial will last until Friday or Saturday.

Public Speaking.—Let everybody remember that the candidates for the office of Governor speak at this place on Thursday next, the 22d. We hope all will turn out both Democrats and Radicals and hear your standard bearers.

New Arrangements.—Messrs. Turner and Fleming have formed a copartnership for the purpose of conducting a general livery and sale stable business. The stock &c, of both the establishments of Turner and Fleming & Co, have been consolidated and removed to the lower brick stable on Water Street where the new firm will be prepared to wait on the public with anything in their line.

Circuit Court.—In addition to the gentlemen mentioned last week in attendance upon our Circuit Court. We notice Hon. Harrison Taylor, Geo. B. Gill and Dr. J. C. Shackleford. Dr. S. is prominently spoken of in Mason Co, for the Legislature and we are certain the gallant democracy of old Mason could do no better than nominate him. He is a high-toned gentleman and would make an excellent representative.

Mr. Geo. L. Palmer with whom all of our citizens are well acquainted, has accepted the position of salesman and book keeper for the firm of Mauker, Mockbee & Co., of Maysville Ky. This firm besides keeping the Planing Mill at Ripley O., have recently erected a fine new Planing Mill in Maysville Ky., within a few feet of the depot of the Maysville & Lexington Rail Road. This is a first class building and is every respect, and their facilities for turning out first class work in their line cannot be excelled in Kentucky. While Mr. Palmer is in the office of the above establishment, we understand from him that his family will remain in this place, and he still consider this his home. We bespeak for this firm a share of the public patronage.

HOT FOR CAMPAIGN OF 1871.—It has been about five years since the close of our late civil war and things are now settling gently on a peace basis. All articles of merchandise are approaching the old anti-war prices and Andrew T. Cox, has embarked in the grocery campaign for 1871, in the City of Maysville. See his advertisement elsewhere.

Announcement.

In compliance with the solicitation of many friends, I announce myself a candidate for a seat in the next Legislature subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention to be held at a future day. Should I receive the nomination I will endeavor so to bear the Democratic banner through the canvass as that a glorious victory shall be the result, but should any other be chosen I shall acquiesce with cheerfulness, and pledge to him my cordial support.

E. A. ROBERTSON.

June 13th, 1871.

American Sunday School Worker.—The June number of this Magazine, published by J. W. McIntyre, St. Louis, Mo., contains its usual variety and value. It is designed to be adapted to all sections and all evangelical denominations, and consequently is constantly gaining friends and subscribers. The *Lesson Papers* published for the Scholars will very greatly add to the interest and profit of any School that introduces them. Specimens on application to the Publisher.

Ballou's Magazine for July.—Hot weather is upon us. Excursions and recreations are now in order, and to those who contemplate a ride by rail or steamer we would recommend Ballou's Magazine as the one to take to relieve the monotony of journey. It is full of light reading, just such as all must fancy. In the July number we notice some thirty different articles, besides illustrations and humorous matter. It is the magazine to interest, and can be found all over the country. Every one has a kind word *for* Ballou's. Here is the list of contents for the July number: "The Palace of Wilhelmshohe;" "Japanese Views;" "Lake George;" "Isadora;" "Russian Priests and Russian Religion;" "With what Measure ye Mete;" "Then and Now;" "Sketches of Travel in California;" "Jerry's Death;" "Alock Stuart's Revenge;" "Laura and Alfred;" "Miss Weldon;" "A Village Scene;" "A Bitter Lesson;" "The Cascade Mountains;" "Here in Cairo;" "After Many Days;" "More Light;" "What he Thinks;" "A Kiss in the Dark;" "The Beautiful Soul;" "Jim Yoder's Northern Story-Telling;" "Guess or The Son of a Politician;" "The Pet Bird;" "Joe's Experiments;" "A Japanese Fable;" "The Housekeeper;" "Facts and Fancies;" "In search of Diamonds"—(Humorous Illustrations.) Published by Thomas & Talbot, 93 Congress Street, Boston, at 15 cents single copies, or $150 per year. Just try it once.

How to Build up a Town.

An exchange has the following truthful remarks. The best way to build up a town is for every business man in the place to advertise his business in the columns of the local paper, and thus present an array of business houses on the street. It draws trade to town, draws produce to the town, draws money to the town. If a man wants to buy anything, he goes where he sees the most men trying to sell that article. If he wants to sell anything, he goes where the most men are buying. If a man wants to buy groceries or sell produce, he goes to the business man that advertises, for he knows where to find him and what he has to sell.

STATE NEWS.

We hear that a man named Garret, who lived on Peeled Oak in Bath county was visited by a party of men on Friday night last, and whipped in such a manner that he died on Saturday.—*Mt. Sterling Sentinel.*

The steamer Robert Mitchell, for New Orleans, took aboard 236 hogs heads of tobacco at this city on Sunday The bulk of shipments of the staple from this point seem to be going in that direction.—*Owensboro Monitor.*

The barn on the place of James Foster, of this county, was burned on Wednesday night of last week. It was evidently the work of an incendiary. All of Mr. Foster's grain was destroyed and the loss is quite heavy.—*Mt. Sterling Sentinel.*

THE CROPS.—Our latest information is that corn and oats are getting along well, and that all bearded wheat will yield finely. The smooth wheat, with the exception of the crop of Ephriam Ferguson, is a failure, so far as our information extends, will be a decided failure. —*Elizabethtown News.*

It is decidedly refreshing to learn that the peaches of this county were not all killed by the early frosts. We are told that in the neighborhood of Gradyville the peach trees are overburdened with fruit, while of the smaller kinds of fruit there is also a fair yield.—*Columbia Spectator.*

LAW AND ORDER.—But we will affirm that in very few other States is the enforcement of the laws attended with as little trouble as to what is falsely called the "rough" section of Northeastern Kentucky. Deputy A. J. Harrington makes visits to the most remote parts of this region unaided and alone, serves his warrants, and brings down his prisoners by the half dozen. There is no fuss, no attempt at release. Most of the arrests for the violation of a set of complicated, villainous, internal revenue laws, and the violation is more the result of ignorance than design. Can as much be said for the distillers and manufactures in loyal' virtuous Cincinnati?—*Big Sandy Herald.*

AN AGED PARTY.—Several gentlemen of Bourbon were sitting in the shade in the court-house yard on Monday, who gave their ages to us as follows: Robert Palmer, 77; Abram Moore, 83; Jas. Wallace, 77; P. O. Skinner, 72—combined ages, 309 years. All in comparatively good health. The first uncle Bob Palmer, has now his third wife, and says he will in a few days have had twelve grandchildren. Jos. Wallace has twelve grandchildren. Jos. Wallace has twelve grandchildren and six great grandchildren.—*Paris Kentuckian.*

ANNUAL MEETING OF SOLDIERS OF 1812.—From all accounts the annual meeting of the soldiers of 1812, to be there on the 21st of June, will be large ly attended. We are happy to know there is no misunderstanding this time as to the day. A banquet will be given them by the city of Paris, at the hotel and if deemed advisable a trip will be taken to Detroit or some other of the points of interest connected with the war of 1812. Already 2100 applications for pensions on account of soldiers of 1812, have been filed with the commissioner of pensions.—*Paris Kentuckian.*

The Senatorial Convention.

The Democracy of the Thirtieth Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Fleming, Nicholas, Rowan and Carter, met in convention at Flemingsburg on Thursday June 8, 1871.

James R. Smith, chairman of the Fleming County Executive Committee, called the convention to order, when, on motion of H. B. Dobyns, of Fleming, Col. T. S. Parks, of Nicholas, was elected chairman. The chairman, upon taking his seat, made a few very appropriate remarks, when on motion, C. H. Ashton, of Fleming, and John R. Scudder, of Nicholas, were elected secretaries.

On motion of Dr. Logan, of Fleming, the chairman was requested to appoint a committee on credentials. Whereupon he appointed the following gentlemen as said committee, viz: John A. Campbell, of Nicholas, H. J. Purnell, of Fleming, H. G. Burns, of Rowan, and Dr. Rouse, of Carter.

During the absence of this committee, the following resolutions were reported and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we hereby adopt the platform of the Democratic State Convention recently held at Frankfort, and endorse the nominations made by the convention.

Resolved, That we hereby pledge ourselves to support the nominee of this convention whoever he may be, and will exert ourselves from this time until the election to promote his success.

The committe on credentials returned, and reported that Carter is entitled to 10 votes; Rowan to 4 votes; Fleming to 29 votes; and Nicholas to 25 votes—the basis of representation being one delegate for every fifty Democratic votes cast at the last August election and one delegate for each fraction over twenty-five votes. The committee also reported the delegates as properly accredited to the convention from their respective counties.

The report of the committee was accepted, when the nominations for a candidate for Senator was declared to be in order.

H B Dobyns, of Fleming, nominated T. F Hargis, of Nicholas.

The chairman then asked if there were any other nominations, and there being none, it was moved and carried, by acclamation, that T. F. Hargis was the unanimous choice of this convention as the Democratic candidate for Senator from this district.

A committee was appointed to wait upon Capt. Hargis and inform him of his nomination. In a short time he appeared, and in a few graceful, eloquent, and well-timed remarks, which were frequently applauded, he accepted the nomination so unanimously tendered him. [We publish Capt. Hargis' speech in full in another place.]

Motions were made and carried that the thanks of this convention be tendered to the congregation of the Baptist Church for the use of their house, and that the proceedings of this convention be published in the Frankfort Yeoman, Louisville Ledger, Flemingsburg Democrat, and Carlisle Mercury, when the convention adjourned.

T. S. PARKS, Chairman,
C. H. ASHTON, } Secretaries.
J. B. SCUDDER, }

Vote the Democratic Ticket.

Let the white masses in every nook and corner in Kentucky arouse to the work of August.

Let all who are opposed to negro political or social equality vote the white man's ticket.

All who are opposed to dividing the school tax, earned by white men for white men's children, should vote for the Democratic ticket.

Let all white men who feel a repugnance to sharing the jury-box in common with the negro vote the Democratic ticket.

Let all who are opposed to mixing white children in public schools with negro children vote the Democratic white man's ticket.

Let all who are opposed to negro magistrates and constables vote the Democratic ticket.

Let all who believe that nature made the white superior to the yellow, red, or black race vote the Democratic ticket.

Let all who are opposed to negro rule, carpet bag corruption and bankruptcy vote the Democratic ticket.

Let all who pay taxes and give character to our State and its white man's institutions vote the Democratic ticket.

Let all who do not think that the white race are unfitted and incapable of governing this State and Government vote the Democratic ticket.—*Owensboro Monitor*

Subscribe for the Democrat.

AUGUST ELECTION.

We are authorized to announce C. H. ASHTON, Esq., as a candidate for the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Democratic party.

Special Notices.

Aimes' Liniment.—Since the introduction of Aimes' liniment many of our citizens have used it, and have received great benefit therefrom. Numerous certificates can be seen at January & Lloyd's Drug Store, corner of Second and Sutton streets, Maysville. Ky. It cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all similar complaints. Sold by druggists everywhere. For sale at Dr. H. P. Lindsays Drug Store.

Several Reasons why Chase, Dimmitt & Collins, of Maysville, Ky., can sell Lumber, Shingles, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Moulding &c. Cheaper than can be had at any other point south of Pittsburg.

1st They keep a Larger Stock than any other establishment.

2nd. Their acquaintance on the Ohio river enables them to buy their stock cheaper.

3rd. They have the very best machinery and every convenience for manufacturing.

4th. They understand their business not being dependent on their employees.

A Chapter of Facts.

Space is valuable in a newspaper, and it is taken exception to in the advertisement to condense a variety of facts, important to the public, into a small compass. These facts refer to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters—what that celebrated medicine is, and what it will do. In the first place, then, the article is a stimulant, tonic and alternative, consisting of a combination of an absolutely pure spirituous agent with the most valuable medicinal vegetable substance that Botanic research has placed at the disposal of the chemist and the physician. These ingredients are compounded with great care, and in such proportions as to produce a preparation which invigorates without exciting the general system, and tones, regulates and controls the stomach, the bowels, the liver, and the minor secretive organs

What this great restorative will do must be gathered from what it has done. The case of dyspepsia, or any other form of indigestion, in which it has been persistently and faithfully tried without effecting a radical cure, is yet to be heard from, and the same may be said of bilious disorders, intermittent fever, nervous affections, general debility, constipation, sick headache, mental debilitation to which the feeble are so subject. It purifies all the fluids of the body, including the blood, and the gentle stimulus which it imparts to the nervous system is not succeeded by the slightest reaction. This is a chapter of facts which readers, for their own sakes, should mark and remember.

CONSUMPTION,
Its Cure and Its Preventive,
BY J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.

MANY a human being has passed away, for whom death there was no other reason than the neglect of a simple and indisputable proven medicine. Year after year and date in family and friends are sleeping the sleep of death, who, had they taken the medicine, which RD. JOSEPH H. SCHENCK'S SIMPLE TREATMENT, and availed themselves of his wonderful efficacious medicines, would not have fallen.

Dr. Schenck has for years past proved that whatever may be said to the contrary, that vitality, by his medicines and his directions, can be given to the sick and the feeble.

In this statement there is nothing presumptuous. To the faith of those who trust in such an experimental science is not a thousand times substantiated by living and visible proofs. The theory of the cure by Dr. Schenck's medicines is as simple as it is unfailing. Its philosophy is exceedingly plain. It is self-acting, self-supporting, self-evidencing.

The Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are the two two weapons with which the citadel of the malady is assaulted. The Mandrake of the cases of consumption originate in dyspepsia and a functionally disordered liver. Very high conditions are essential before the Seaweed will reach the stomach. They respond to the medicine action of the liver. Then comes the calcinating results, and the setting in, with all its distressing symptoms, of

CONSUMPTION.

The Mandrake Pills are composed of one of Nature's noblest gifts—the Podophyllum Peltatum. They possess the combined properties of a cathartic preparation, and that they unlock obstructions, they

GO STRAIGHT AND STRING BEHIND.

The work of cleansing is now beginning. The vitiated and morbid deposits in the liver and lungs are thus effectually cleansed expelled. The liver, like a clock, is wound up. It answers to its duties promptly. The stomach is responsive, and the patient begins to feel that he is getting well.

A SUPPLY OF GOOD BLOOD,

The Seaweed Tonic, in conjunction with the Pills, permanently establishes with the food Chyle digested in healthy processing without its precious fertilizer. Digestion becomes painless, and the cure is seen to be as hard. There is no more dyspepsia, no exacerbation of the stomach. An appetite sets in.

Now comes the greatest Blood Purifier ever yet given to a suffering fellow creature. The Seaweed Tonic and Podophyllic syrup assume to us perfectly the functions and powers to expand and diffuse the vitalizing principle in the blood. The patient must keep in good spirits—he must be cheerful and well. This has a great deal to do with the appetite, and is the great point to gain.

To detail of cures after such arbitrary evidence of the possibility in the worst cases, and moral certainty in all others, is needless. Dr. Schenck's personal attendance in the office of his own cases was in those modest words:

"Twenty years ago I was in the last stage of consumption, and thought to go home and die among my relatives. Dr. Schenck's medicines cured me, and I have enjoyed good health ever since." Dr. Schenck's wife, then, lay in the last stage of consumption, and had coughed up all sputum, I heard of and obtained the preparations which I gave her. Her husband, and friends, thought she was past cure. Her husband came to me and I could feel her pulse, and I could feel that I could have her pulse stopped and diseased portions of the lungs in the form of gatherings, it prepares them for expectoration. Dr. Schenck's medicines are adapted to such cases. Dr. Schenck's medicines are adapted to such cases. Dr. Schenck's medicines are adapted to such cases

Social Equality in the Schools.

(From the Louisville Journal.)

The Radical party in this State arrogate to themselves the honor of being the special champions of a system of common schools, but we undertake to say that the inauguration of a Radical Governor in Kentucky would be the death-knell of our common school system. When that party come into power they must admit colored children into the public schools on terms of perfect equality with the whites. They cannot do otherwise and be consistent. If they should refuse any of the demands of the negro they would alienate the very element which elevated them to power. This they will not do. Whatever the negro requires at Radical hands that he will get. With the inauguration of Radical rule in Kentucky, comes the admittance of the negro to the theaters, hotels, and public schools.

The rich man can stand this arrangement. He can educate his children in schools other than those supported by the government, but the poor man must either educate his children in the common schools or not at all. Every vote cast by a poor man for General Harlan, at the August election, is a vote to put his children on terms of perfect equality with the negroes in the public schools.

It may be that those who would oppose such an arrangement are not progressive have not kept step with the progress of the times, and stubbornly refuse to accept the situation. But if such opposition is indicative of prejudice it is to be hoped that it will be a long while before that prejudice is removed. It is not through unkindness to the colored race that we would keep up the line of demarcation between them and the whites. The social and political equality of the two races cannot result in good to either one, but on the contrary it will work great harm to both. Therefore the Democracy oppose it, and in this opposition they are perfectly sincere. The Radicals dare not oppose it, and they are induced to withhold their opposition in order to get the colored vote. The negro can not be elevated to an equality with the white man, but the white race may be degraded to an equality with the negro. Let the poor white men of Kentucky, who desire that the work of degradation shall commence with their children, by mixing them with negroes in the public schools, vote for General Harlan.

POLITICAL.

The Sober Opinion of the Present Radical Candidate for Attorney General of Kentucky on Negroes—Good Reading for the Sambo Suffragans.

Mr. William Crown—now, and justly so, one of the radiant lights of the Radical party of Kentucky—said in one of his speeches in the fall of 1869 in the following truthful and forcible language:

"The principle of self government is based on the intelligence of the people. It is a principle for which mankind have ever been struggling. Our race has fought for it for more than a thousand years and we alone of all the people on earth have gained it, *and now to throw it away upon a semi-civilized race only a few generations ago living in a state of nature in the jungles of Africa, unendowed by the God that made us with any high order of intellect*, without past associations, without any education; without knowledge of the first principles of government or of public men, merely because said race was enslaved and has been made free, and because it happens to be black, IS A THING I WOULD RATHER DIE THAN DO!"

Mr. Brown will hardly live through the campaign, and will doubtless consult *Kurikari*, unless carefully guarded, as he intimates his purpose to do. His friends should keep a vigilant eye on him during the pending exciting canvass, lest in a fit of remorseful phrensy he may carry his dire threat into execution.—*Owensboro Monitor.*

The Ruling Passion.

"Gris," of the Cincinnati Times, tells this story about an old railroad conductor, promoted to train dispatcher:

"Habit was very strong with the ex-conductor. As he sat in the office he would start every time he heard the bell ring, and yell 'all aboard.' Then he would go about to collect fare of his assistants. We dropped in casually one afternoon, and Billy wanted to know if we had a pass. He couldn't get accustomed to his new position at all. He pined to be again on the road. One day he begged the boys through a collision, which they did to his entire gratification. They tore his clothes nearly off, blackened his eyes, broke a kerosene lamp over his head, and piled a red hot stove on top of him. Billy was in ecstacy of delight and declared he had not enjoyed himself so much since he had a bile."

☞ The Lynchburg (Virginia) News tell a good deal of truth in a few words, when it says:

"What the radical leaders want us of the south to do is, to vote the radical ticket. If we will do that, and re-elect the Grant administration, we might drive the whole negro race into the Atlantic, for all they care. We rather think that in that event they would like to see us do it. If we choose to have peace we can have it by surrendering the power of the general government to radicalism without resistance. If the southern states will go for Grant they will be left to manage their local affairs as they please. Whether that on the whole, would be the wisest policy is a question which those who see fit to entain it, may ponder at their leisure. But nothing short of that will be satisfactory.

☞ Another wrang whanger come to grief.—Rev. Tooms, of Ohio, as *pious* and as *loyal* a Radical as ever sang, "John Brown's body is mouldering in the ground," was rawhided by the husband of a lady whom he had slandered.—*Franklin Sentinel.*

☞ A mean time—the time when one's note fall due.

R. ALBERT'S
CHINA PALACE,
35 EAST SECOND ST.,
MAYSVILLE, KY.
IMMENSE REDUCTIONS!
—IN—
CHINA, GLASS, QUEENSWARE, LOOKING GLASSES, CHANDELIERS, LAMPS, Silver Plated WARE, BRITANIA, AND FANCY GOODS, WHITE, GILT & DECORATED CHINA DINNER AND TEA SETS.
In great variety at very low prices. Will discount all Cincinnati bills wholesale or retail.

R. ALBERT'S
Carpet And House Furnishing
BAZAAR,
Maysville, Ky.
Carpets all grades from 25 cents to $4.00 per yard. Oil cloths from 15 inches to 10 feet wide. Mattings, all widths and colors.—Window shades from 18 cents to $6.00 each. 20,000 pieces wall paper from 10cts to $2.00 a Roll. Plush, and table covers, Bedspreads, Towells, Napkins, Table Oil Cloth, etc., at lowest Cincinnati prices.

R. ALBERT,
JEWELER
—AND—
WATCH-MAKER,
No. 35 East Second street,
Maysville, Ky.
GENEVA & AMERICAN WATCHES,
In Gold, Silver and French Oride cases.
Solid Gold and Plated Jewelry.
JET GOODS, FRENCH & AMERICAN
CLOCKS,
Silver, & Silver-Plated Ware,
In GREAT VARIETY. A very large stock of SPECTACLES and EYEGLASSES, including the celebrated
Perfected Spectacles,
For impaiving weak and defective eyes. Instructions sent by which spectacles can be ordered to suit every case. Watches and Jewelry repaired.
Satisfaction Guaranteed or no Charge.

Pianos! Pianos! Pianos!!
R. Albert,
Maysville, Ky.
Pianos of the best makers at from $125 to $150 less than Cincinnati prices. Second hand pianos rented and taken in exchange.
April 7, 1870.

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK
OF
FURNITURE,
—FOR THE—
FALL & WINTER TRADE
WE HAVE NOW ON HAND THE best assortment of Furniture ever brought to this market, consisting of
Bedsteads,
Bureaus,
Lounges,
Sofas,
Divans,
Center Tables,
Dining Tables,
Chairs,
And every other article in our line of business which we offer as cheap as they can be bought anywhere this side of Cincinnati. Give us a call and examine our stock.
TONER & McCARTNEY.
Opposite Singleton's Livery Stable.
June 4-tf

THE OLD ESTABLISHED
DRUG STORE!
Main-Cross Street,
FLEMINGSBURG, KY.,
WHERE MAY AT ALL TIMES BE found a good assortment of
PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS,
Oils, Dyestuffs, Fancy Articles,
PERFUMERY,
Pure Wines and Brandies for Medical Purposes,
PATENT MEDICINES,
SCHOOL BOOKS AND STATIONERY
Letter, Cap and Note Papers, Superior Ink, Pens, Pencils, Music and Musical Instruments, Tea, Tobacco, and all other articles usually kept by Druggists.
The above articles have been bought low for Cash, selected with the greatest care, and will be warranted as represented, and sold at the very lowest cash price. J. B. DUDLEY.
Prescriptions carefully Prepared at all hours—Day or Night.

SAM. M. McDONALD
—WITH—
B. F. TURNER & CO.,
—DEALERS IN—
Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods,
Silks, Dress Goods, Shawls,
FANCY & FURNISHING GOODS
Nos. 66 & 68 WEST FIFTH ST.,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Bet. Vine & Walnut.
A Call is Solicited.
Sept. 15-tf

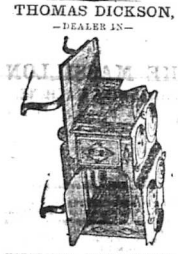
DUDLEY HOUSE,
(Late Commercial,)
April 24th, 1871.
The public are notified that we have purchased the Dudley House, in this place, and have opened it, and are refitting and refurnishing it anew. The table will be supplied with the best the market affords, and the bar with the choicest liquors, and no pains will be spared to add to, its already well known reputation as a first class Hotel.
J. ALEX LEE,
M. H. TRIMBLE.

H. PELHAM. THE L. BARRON. F. H. MILLER
HILL HOUSE,
CORNER OF FRONT AND SUTTON STREETS,
MAYSVILLE, KY.
PELHAM, BARRON & MILLER,
Proprietors.
Have leased the Hotel from C. B. Hill who is no longer connected in any way with the management.

MRS. R. THURSTON. T. C. HARROW.
Metropolitan Hotel.
Main Street, between Front and Second,
CINCINNATI, O.
Board Reduced to $2.00 Per Day.
Mrs. R. THURSTON, Proprietress.
☞ Mr. T. C. HARROW has an interest in the house from this date, April 24, 1871.
Mrs. R. THURSTON.
T. C. HARROW, } April 28.

HENRY BRUCE. C. W. MINTIRE. W. P. BRUCE.
Merchants Hotel,
Fifth Street, Near Main,
CINCINNATI, O.
Henry Bruce & Co., Proprietors,
(Successors to FRANK P. BURR.)
The large and elegant additions now being made to this House, and the determination to omit nothing that will add to its comforts, will place it the most desirable in the City.
March 17, 1870.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.
WE TAKE THIS METHOD OF ANNOUNCING to the public that the partnership existing between Fleming & Smith in the above business has been for some time dissolved, and the business is now conducted by the undersigned, who have now on hand a splendid lot of
SADDLE & HARNESS HORSES,
and a fine lot of
HACKS, BUGGIES & WAGONS,
for hire on reasonable terms. Horses kept by the day, week or month. Public patronage is solicited.
FLEMING & CO.
Feb. 2-tf

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!
THOMAS DICKSON,
—DEALER IN—

HARDWARE, IRON & STOVES,
Guns, &c.,
Corner Main and Water Sts.,
Flemingsburg, Ky.
I TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to the people of Fleming county that I have purchased the interest of W. H. Hendrick of the late firm of Dickson & Hendrick and will continue the business at the old stand, in Flemingsburg, Ky. I have on hand a very
Large & Complete Stock of
HARDWARE, STOVES, IRON,
Nails, Tools, &c.,
And everything pertaining to a first class Hardware establishment. My terms will be very moderate and I respectfully solicit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to the late firm. Give me a call.
THOMAS DICKSON.
Flemingsburg February 16th tf.

Fresh Arrivals!
Fresh Arrivals!
AN ENTIRE STOCK OF
NEW GOODS!
JUST RECEIVED AT
ANDREWS & BROTHERS'
New Cash Store.
We beg leave to call the attention of the public to our very large and complete stock of
HARDWARE,
GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONERIES, &C.
among which will be found Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Indigo, Starch, Candles. Also,
OYSTERS, SARDINES & SALMON.
Canned Fruits, Pickles &c.
a large assortment of
PLAIN & FANCY CANDIES
Foreign and domestic fruits, nuts, &c.
HARDWARE, POCKET AND
Table Cutlery,
Guns, Ammunition and all kinds of hunting apparatus.
Parlor & Cooking Stoves,
WOOD & WILLOW WARE,
Tobacco & Cigars.
All of the very best quality, and warranted to give satisfaction. We earnestly solicit a fair portion of the public patronage.
Terms Cash!
ANDREWS & BROTHER

New Drug Store
IN
FLEMINGSBURG, KY.,
—OF—
Dr HENRY F. LINDSAY,
DEALER IN
Drugs & Medicines.
Paints, Oils & Dye Stuffs,
PERFUMERIES, &c.,
I RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS of Flemingsburg and of Fleming county, that I have just received a
New & Fresh Stock
of Goods in the above line, and solicit purchasers to call and examine my stock before buying elsewhere, as my prices are low and my goods fresh and genuine. I will also, keep a splendid stock of
Choice Fancy Toilet Articles, Notions, Soaps, Toilet Medicines &c.,
Coal Oil & Lamps,
of all kinds, including Moore & Hubbard's Safety Lamps and Dunbarfie's Petroleum Fluids, of which I am the only agent for this place. I respectfully solicit a call from everybody, confident that I can give satisfaction in goods and prices.
Dr H. F. LINDSAY,
Feb 2-tf (Freshlin's New Building.

TERMS CASH!
First of the season.
N. O. SUGAR!
IN HHDS., BBLS & HF BBLS.
Crushed & Granulated Sugars!
N. O. Molasses,
Syrup; Coffee; Choice Gunpowder Tea; Cigars; Tobacco; Candles; Starch; Soap; Paper;
And everything in the Grocery line.
Canned Peaches & Tomatoes,
Wood and Willow Ware,
FINE OLD BOURBON WHISKY,
Gins, Wines and Brandies.
Who we will sell any old friend purchasers. ☞ Will exchange for Meal, Butter, eggs, Chickens, Butter, Turkeys, Lard, Bacon, Flax Seed or Feathers. Pound and Salt always on hand.
TERMS CASH.
W. J. ROSS & CO.
Cor. Market & 3rd Streets, East Side,
MAYSVILLE, KY.
jan 2-3m

BOOK AGENCY!
I HAVE MADE ARRANGEMENTS BY which I can furnish any standard work published in the United States, which is not sold by subscription and would be glad to fill orders for any book or books you may want at the publishers price. I am at present agent for the following valuable works which are sold by subscription only:
General History, Cyclopedia and Dictionary of Phrenology.
By ROBERT McCOY.
Rituals of Freemasonry.
By ROBERT McCOY.
And all Masonic works published.
The Unvitrified Rock or Natural History of Man,
By Rev. J. G. WOOD, M. A., F. L. S.
Overland Through Asia,
By J. W. KANE.
Night scenes in the Bible,
and
Our Fathers House.
By REV. DANIEL MARCH D. D.
also agent for Family Bibles of all kinds—Webster's Illustrated Unabridged Dictionary, the largest and best dictionary in the world.
Any person wanting miscellaneous books, I hope will give me a call for I will deliver them to you at the publishers prices without any extra cost for postage or express.
H. C. ASHTON,
Flemingsburg, Ky.
March 9th.

TRAYSER PIANO FORTE
MANUFACTORY.

M. J. CHAST, President and General Manager.
S. GREGG, Vice President.
G. Hambach, Jr., Secretary.
P. Henna, Solicitor & Traveling Agent.
J. REYNOLDS, Treasurer.
Fd St., Ripley, O., & Fd St., Maysville, Ky.,
DEALERS IN
Organs, Melodeons, Accordeons, Violins, AND
General Musical Merchandise,
Instruction books and sheet music direct from publishers. Liberal discount to teachers and the trade. Send for circulars and price lists. Very Respectfully
TRAYSER PIANO FORTE CO.

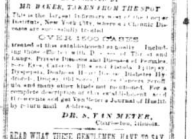
MAYSVILLE
MARBLE WORKS!

H. GILMORE,
SECOND STREET, BETWEEN Market and Limestone. Orders from the Country solicited. Persons desiring work, by communicating the same, will be promptly waited upon. 1-ly.

BLACKSMITHING
—BY—
JOHN McGRATH,
On Main Cross St, near the Bridge.
I TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the citizens of Fleming county, that I am prepared to promptly attend to every branch of my business. Every kind of repairing and Horse Shoeing done in the best manner. I am also prepared at all times to shoe mules and unbroke horses, with the greatest facility and safety. feb 2-tf

Andrew T. Cox,
(Formerly of Flemingsburg, Ky.)
NEW
Wholesale Grocery,
—IN—
MAYSVILLE, KY.,
An Entirely New Purchase Since January 1st, 1871.
GROCERIES
OFFERED EXTREMELY
Low For Cash!
A. T. C.
ANDREW T. COX,
Wholesale Grocer
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 17, Market St.,
MAYSVILLE, KY.
WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the people of Fleming and surrounding counties that he has just opened a
NEW WHOLESALE GROCERY,
and can offer
GREAT INDUCEMENTS
FOR CASH!
DEALER IN
Coffee's,
Sugar's,
Fine Teas,
SYRUPS,
MOLASSES,
FLOUR,
SALT,
RICE,
SOAPS,
Candles,
Tobacco & Cigars,
CLOVER & TIMOTHY SEEDS,
Nails,
Lime & Cement,
VINEGAR, SODA & SPICES,
CannEd Goods &c.
—ALSO—
PURE BOURBON
WHISKY,
☞ A General Stock of all Articles in my Line Cheap and Examine Prices.
ANDREW T. COX,
No. 17 Market Street,
MAYSVILLE, KY.
Jan. 26, 1871 ly

NEW
LIVERY STABLE!
H. P. CARR
WOULD ANNOUNCE TO THE PEOPLE of Fleming and surrounding counties that he has opened a new Livery Stable on Water Street, near the Kentucky House. My stock is new and I shall keep none but good horses and good rigs.
Horses, Hacks, Buggies, &c.,
On Reasonable Terms.
His Buggies, Hacks, Horses, &c. are entirely new, and the horses fresh and in good condition. He is also prepared to board horses by the day, week or month.
He begs the strict attention to business to merit a fair share of the public patronage.
Sept. 29-tf.


THE ABOVE
Represents the Famous
MEDICAL INFIRMARY,
DR. S. VAN METER,
OF
CHARLESTON, ILLINOIS.
AS EXHIBITED BY
MR. BIKER, TAKES FROM THE SPOT
This is the largest Infirmary in the world devoted to Chronic Diseases, Only Life, where a Chronic Disease will not result in Death.
CONSULTATION FREE
Treated at this establishment are quite Astonishing Cures effected with Dr. Van Meter's Medicines, Prepared Herbs, Barks and Roots of Germany, Prepared Herbs, Extracts, Tinctures, Elixirs, Syrups, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Lotions, Liniments, Electricity, Galvanism, Electro Magnetism, Magnetism, Electro Magnetic Belts, and Suspensories, Electric Belts, Electric Shoulder Braces, Electric Boots and Shoes, Electric Hose, Electric Insoles, Electric Bandages, Electric Drawers, Electric Shirts, Electric Stockings, Electric Suspenders, Electric Belts