Weekly Express.

DEVOTED TO DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN NEWS, COMMERCE, AGRICULTURE, MECHANICS, LITERATURE AND POLITICS.

VOL. 5. MAYSVILLE, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18, 1857. NO. 1.

THE MAYSVILLE EXPRESS

IS PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY

WEDNESDAY MORNING

By ROBERT McKEE,

AT TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square 1 month,	$1 50
Two " " "	2 50
Three " " "	3 50
Two squares one month,	5 00
Three " " "	6 00

Yearly Advertisements as agreed upon.

Advertisements outside of the regular business of yearly advertisers, will be charged extra.

All advertisements must be marked for a particular length of time, or they will be continued, and charged for, until ordered out.

OFFICE—In "Bonham's Buildings," 2nd and 3rd Story, South side of Second Street, between Court and Market.

H. A. KEMPER, SURGEON Dentist. Office on Sutton street, Bank Building, Maysville, Ky. mh7

DR. SHACKLEFORD, CONTINUES the Practice of his Profession in Maysville and vicinity. Office on Third, between Market and Sutton Streets. mh7

M. BRATT,

RESIDENT DENTIST,

OFFICE NEARLY OPPOSITE THE BANK

SUTTON STREET,

Maysville, Kentucky.

EMERY WHITAKER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Court House, Maysville, Ky.

WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care and will practice in the Courts of Mason and the adjoining counties. mh7

LAW NOTICE.

R. STANTON has removed his office to the East side of Court Street, over the room occupied by F. T. Hord, Esq., where he may at all times be found during business hours. May 21.—4

D. K. WEIS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

ASHLAND, KENTUCKY.

WILL attend promptly to the collection of Claims in any part of Northern Kentucky. May 14, 1856—1y.

JOHN L. SCOTT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Court street, Maysville, Ky.

WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care and will practice Law in the Courts of Mason and the adjoining counties. (Sept. 21,'55-1y

JOHN N. JEFFERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Court street, Maysville, Ky.

WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care and will practice Law in the Courts of Mason and the adjoining counties. Sept. 21,'55-1y

THOMAS Y. PAYNE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

WILL practice Law in the Counties of Mason, Bracken, Greenup, Lewis and Nicholas, and in the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. Any business entrusted to him shall be faithfully and diligently attended to. May 14, 1856.

JOSEPH M. ALEXANDER,

Attorney at Law,

FLEMINGSBURG, KY.,

WILL give immediate attention to all business that may be intrusted to his care. He will practice Law in the Courts of Fleming and adjoining counties. Oct. 24, 1855.—1y.

TAYLOR & McCUTCHEON

Attorneys at Law,

Maysville, Ky.

JAMES McCUTCHEON

WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to their care, and will practice in the courts of Mason and adjoining counties. Feb. 24, 1855.

LAW NOTICE.

Stanton & Cleveland.

H. STANTON AND P. L. CLEAVELAND have formed a copartnership for the practice of Law in *BRACKEN COUNTY*, and will give prompt attention to all business which may be confided to their care.

OFFICE of Mr. STANTON at *Maysville* and of Mr. CLEAVELAND at *Augusta, Ky.* Nov. 7.—tf.

J. C. ADAMS,

Attorney at Law,

GREENSBURG, KY.

HAVING resumed the Practice of the Law, will attend promptly to any business entrusted to my care in Greenup and adjoining counties. [August 22, 1856-tf

BWIRL, TAYLOR & GLEASON

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND

GENERAL MERCHANDISE BROKERS,

No. 189, Park Place, New York City

Jno. L. Swirl, late of Texas.

Jas. D. Taylor, late of N. Orleans. } N. York

W. H. Gleason, late of Texas.

GEO. E. ROE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

WILL practice his profession in the counties of Adams, Franklin, Carter and Lawrence, and in the Courts of Ohio.

Prompt attention will be given to the collection of claims, of all descriptions. Office on Main street opposite the Court house.

Gallipolis, O., June 18, 1855.

N. M. STANTON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

M. STANTON has resumed the practice of his profession in Mason and adjoining counties in Kentucky, and will devote himself assiduously to such business as may be entrusted to his care.

Prompt attention will be any part of Northern Kentucky, or Cincinnati, Ohio. May 16, 1855.

BROWN, STANTON & WALKER,

Attorneys at Law,

WILL attend to their professional services in the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Appeals of Kentucky, in Washington and adjoining counties.

Office in Washington, Mason county, Ky., on Main street, opposite the Court House.

W. A. Brown, Maysville, Ky.

J. Walker, Washington, Ky.

FRANK OWEN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ANDERSON & ANDREWS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Hardware, Cutlery, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Hollow Ware, Queensware, Groceries, Liquors, &c., &c.

No. 3, Market Street, Maysville, Ky.

April 18, 1855—1y

THE EXPRESS.

ROBERT McKEE, ... Editor.

MAYSVILLE, KY.

[From the Indianapolis State Sentinel, 3rd inst.]

Indiana Stock Bank.

The following Banks have deposited the additional ten per cent, as required by the amendment to the Banking law:

Bloomington Bank	Bank of Indiana,
Cambridge City Bank,	" " of Rockville,
Central Bank,	" " of Madison,
Crescent City Bank,	Farmers' & Exch'ge Bank,
Canal Bank,	Farmers' & M'f'rs' Bank,
Exchange Bank,	Kentucky Stock Bank,
Goodrich Bank,	Lagrange Bank,
Indiana Bank,	Parke County Bank,
Indiana Farmers' B'k,	Prairie City Bank,
Salem Bank, Goshen,	Western Bank of Indiana
Tippecanoe Bank,	Bank of Goshen,
Bank of Salem, Salem.	

The Bank of Mount Vernon has given the Auditor notice of its intention to comply with the amended law.

The following Banks have given notice of their intention to wind up, and are redeeming their circulation at par, as set forth:

Brookville Bank	at the Bank.
Bank of the Capitol	" " Bank.
" " Monticello	" Branch Bank, Lafayette.
" " Syracuse	" Bank of Commerce.
Fayette County Bank	" Branch B'k, Connersville
Indiana Reserve Bank	" the Bank.
Merch. & Mechanic B'k	" Branch B'k Bank N. Albany.
N. Y. & Va. State Stock	" the Bank.
Bank of Brazil	" the Bank.
Indiana Stock Bank	" the Bank.

The following Banks have not been heard from:

Bank of North Western at Clinton. This Bank is under protest. The circulation is $16,792.—The depreciation of the securities at present market value is about 18 per cent.

Savings Bank, Connersville. Under protest.—Circulation $7,800, with $3,000 of Stock in charge of Auditor. The loss upon the security will be about 10 per cent.

Huntingdon County Bank.

From Chamber's Journal, Jan. 17.

The Story of an Engaged Young Person.

It seemed a very long journey that we poor parliamentary passengers were taking, in this early November weather all the way from London to Liverpool. The stoppages were frequent enough, but of such short duration that we had scarcely time to get ourselves roused as the cowled gnte before the inexorable bell rung for us to start again, and then we sank with a shriek into the blinding fog. It was positively too dark to read with any comfort, even if one was so indifferent to the biting air as to lend one of his hands to hold the book up; we put both of them in our pockets instead, or were mutually set upon them to keep them warm. It was only when the guard came from time to time to look at our tickets, and tend upon our feet, that we began to feel we had them, so dead they were with cold.

"Sir," observed a comical looking tailor to this official, "your seats are too near the door and open after my cross-legged fashion; so please be careful, for although my toes are frozen they will not bear."

The fog was a tough, and when arose a little talk, principally about how miserable we were, and then, as poor people use, we began to tell what our business was upon at Liverpool, why we had left our homes, why the carriageful at least were emigrants.—Each had his say; and every tale, however roughly told, had more or less interest, because it was real life, and was what we, in quite forgot our weariness and cold for a little time. Then, since this had answered so well, the sprightly tailor proposed that each of the party should tell one regular story, of his own life if he chose, but not only of his present circumstances, but of what had led to them—which was an idea we all received quite rapturously, expecting the tailor himself to begin. But he said no; we must draw lots for that. So producing some long slips of measuring paper, he wrote a word on one and shook them altogether in a hat, and sent it round. There was a great deal of giggling among the ladies, and a great deal of secret trepidation among them, too, for a long time nobody pulled out the fatal lot; at last a burst of laughter from those about one of the corner seats announced that the victim had been selected, and that from among the ladies.

She was certainly the plainest of the female passengers. Her complexion was bad, her mouth had scarcely any turn at all; her hair was red, and so were the rims of her eyes; and her eyes themselves were far from being good ones; but there was a sense of frequancy and sprightliness about her, too, as though she had been a French lady's maid rather than an English one. She looked as if she could put her head on her shoulder and nod arm to anything, and had been very good tempered and obliging throughout the journey. It was unfortunate, we had been expressing indeed, among ourselves, rather unfavorably by the young lady herself—that she was an engaged young person, going out to America to be married, that there was a somebody waiting upon the other hemisphere with outstretched hands, yearning to receive her as his bride. She would be a capital wife for a settler without doubt, as though perhaps in England she should have called her rather a settler for a wife. She seemed to know very well, indeed, what we were all likely to think about this matter, but she didn't care.

If I had been little better looking—she began her story with this—I might never have got a husband, at all, and I don't know any so merry him upon, which is the same thing. The mannishness of my face is what I may be allowed to call my best feature, while figure, has been literally the means of bestowing happiness, as I hope, upon Jo Joseph, and of putting £400 into my own pocket. I was a lady's maid, and I was fond of my late mistress, who was very kind to me, and had intended, poor thing—for she told me so—to leave me comfortably provided for, took me over with her, seven years ago, to Paris. She was a widow lady, fond of a gay life and brilliant amusements, and that place suited her so well, that she made it her home, and I, but little acquainted with it, there too. Joseph and I had kept company together before that time, but he was not so fond of me as to wish me to give up my expectations for him, and I thought it only right to tell that he would wait patiently, dear fellow, although the great said sea was to roll between us for years. He was a clever man, too, getting a better more than once a day. He was a mason's assistant in London, and was hardly worth my while, I dared, for he didn't wear, nor yet able to wear, a hat, so that, however, we contrived to meet in a hut, so that I could be in two places at once, and made Joseph promise to be faithful to me, and I promised the porter in the courtyard, there was nobody, when the carriage had driven off that night, in the whole house save myself and the porter, leaving nothing for least one—to do, and being in my mistress' bedroom among her beautiful robes and ornaments, it was hardly to be expected I should resist such an opportunity of trying them on. The room, besides being charmingly hung with mirrors had a delicious full length swinging glass, in which I could see myself from my good long white. I beheld how Madamoiselle Elizabeth Martin—that is my present name, but dear Joseph's is Andrew—how she looked in those rich silks, in muslins, for the morning, and how lace and satin, and how sleeves, with pearls, became her for evening wear; finally, equipping myself in a gaiety-looking blue and silk walking dress, with a bonnet and falling veil fit for a bride, I could not help twirling round a little, to see how it would look in motion, and contrasting the effect at the same time with that of madame—who was beautiful enough, but indifferently proportioned—I involuntarily exclaimed aloud, "Well we may be plain in the face, but we are certainly unexceptionable behind."

It was an absurd thing to say even to one's self, and I remember blushing at the idea, though it were not quite out of the question that I could be overheard. There were several jewel drawers—this was long before the finger, a ring belonging to my mistress's late husband, was in one of them—but I had no time for more than to set off a handsome necklace to my neck, and to utter aloud that my ears had not been punched for the accommodation of an especial pair of diamond earrings, before I heard wheels in the courtyard, and my mistress was upon me. Everything had been put away very carefully, and I undressed her and saw her to bed as usual. She was more than commonly kind and gentle to her maiden that night, as I have since thought at least; and when she wished me her *bon soir*, she added: "I am sure we shall both be tired tomorrow, Bessie; so call me an hour later, and take an extra sleep yourself." I was never to hear my good mistress speak any more.

Did I dream that night that she had left me all her wardrobe, and that I was married in the glacé silk? Did I, even in my sleep, build schemes of what I would do with the money thirty dead mistress might enrich me with? No; as I hope for heaven, and to meet dear Joseph, with all my woman's vanity, I had my woman's heart to beating true and warm, and I thought no shadow of evil. I told them so in court, where all looked black against me, and they believed me even there. But in that morning, late, when the sun was shining full upon the window, and the noise of the people going about their daily work was full and clear, I saw a frightful sight, a ghastly terror that I dare not to be served to make more hideous and unnatural—my mistress murdered in her bed! No answer when I knocked; scarce no answer even when I ran out at the door close drawn, but through the open shutters a fiery flood of light fell red upon the carpet and the curtains—yes, on the curtains and the white counterpane, red also. It was blood! I thought there had been a rain of blood; upon the handles of the drawers, upon the toilet cover, on the dressing case, upon the towels, in the basin—everywhere where the murderer's hands had been after their deadly work, and in the bed—I dared not look there! My left hand in it, I rushed to the place where I had decked myself for a few hours ago, I saw it all, and every mirror in the room—the picturing glass which had flattered my vanity—showed the murdered woman with her gaping throat.

They thought at first that I was murdered too, lying as stiff and cold as she in the chamber. I answered nothing to their questions, neither in the house nor in the prison. I knew nothing, nor could I have told them had I known, until Joseph spoke. It seemed to me then quite natural that he should be with me—nothing praiseworthy, nothing. (This dear little engaged young person's eyes began to get red and swollen as she rims at this reminiscence, and her story to assume an incoherent as well as choky character.) I did not understand how much I was in his power, how he had heard from me for some time, and reading in the paper that an English lady's maid had been taken up in Paris for a murder in the Rue St. Honoré, and that she refused to speak, and even had perhaps in reality lost her senses, he started off at once, giving up his employ, and borrowing and begging his way to Paris, coming no word of French but the name of that one street, he hurried to me; so that my mind came back again, and I could tell them all that I had to tell, and that I was not less than he ought to have done, because he had behaved ill to me of old (which, I am sure, dear Joseph never had, and thought he deserved a kiss for it in court—in the prisoner's place along with me he stood and shared my shame. I told about the jewels, and I told by trying them on, everything was safe, and the doors locked, and the chamber—window too high to be climbed up to, though a man might have let himself down from it, left the house.

Joseph and I learned for the first time that all that afternoon and night the murderer had lain hidden under my mistress's bed, that he was there when I left the room—think of it!—that I was trying on the dresses and the ornaments; that there was murder waiting in that chamber all the time! Joseph said that a shudder came over that crowded court, with Joseph by me. They thought it very strange, they said, that since there was so much time before the alarm was given, that departure and return, that he had not murdered me instead. He had carried off all the jewels—those in the drawer and those on the person—and murder had worn that very evening; but from the moment he had dropped into the courtyard, the police could find no trace of him. He was not seen to pass out by the porter of the gate-porter; but it was so vague that he was not put upon trial. A great sum was offered in reward for the apprehension of the murderer, but it was said that what offered by my late mistress, was really equal £400. She died without a will, poor lady, and they were her stepsons, who made me anything but a handsome present.

After my acquittal, a collection for me and Joseph's benefit was made by some of the people in the court, and I offered to bring it back to Joseph. Joseph had so worn out a very dear, honored coat on my account, that he had to buy a new one, and was going to do my best to help him. At the end of two years, he offered, except that he had discharged his obligation, he was not yet able to repay me the money, and I offered to give up the remaining thirty to him, for the sake of our pledge. Joseph had to work twelve months longer, and we were married. We had a little money, we had a little furniture, we had a little good will, and we set up housekeeping in the very house where I had been taken from, and where I had lived for years, and Joseph's good name, and the good will of his employers, and the good will of the neighbors, and the good will of the people who had known me, and the good will of the people who had known my mistress, and the good will of the people who had known the murderer, and the good will of the people who had known the murdered woman with her gaping throat, helped us on.

Joseph's mother was living, and we had taken a little cottage, and I was very happy, and I was very proud, and I was very grateful, and I was very, very, very, and I was very, very, very, and I was very, very, very

THE EXPRESS.

ROBERT McKEE, ... Editor.

MAYSVILLE, KY., WEDNESDAY, ... March 18, 1857.

Democratic Convention.

The Democrats of Mason County will meet in Convention in Maysville on Monday, April 13th, that being County Court day, to select delegates to a District Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress. Every Democrat in the County is earnestly urged to attend.

By order of the Executive Committee.

J. L. RUSSELL, *Chm'n.*

The New Volume.

With this number we commence the *Fifth Volume of the Express.* Published, as it is, in a part of the State where there are but few Democratic papers, it might have been reasonably expected that it would be liberally supported, and generously and heartily sustained. Such, we are sorry to say, has not been the case. It has been sustained, it is true, but it has not received the support the proprietors had a right to expect.

It does not become us to speak of the manner in which it has hitherto been conducted, nor of the influence it has exerted; nor will it be expected of us to make extravagant promises for the future. As we promised when we assumed the management of it, we will faithfully give all our time and attention to the *Express*, and will conscientiously devote whatever talents we may possess to the interests of the Democratic party, to the defence of Democratic principles, and to the success of Democratic candidates. We can promise no more than this; but we have confidence that industry, perseverance, and determination to succeed, will enable us to make the *Express* worthy of the patronage and confidence of the Democratic party.—But our efforts to extend the influence and increase the usefulness of the *Express* must, to be successful, be met in a corresponding spirit on the part of the Democratic party of this Congressional District particularly. Without their aid we cannot largely increase its circulation; and without their good wishes and generous confidence, we cannot succeed, as we wish, in making it the *best* weekly in the State. Since our connexion with it we have received many new subscribers, and have good reason to hope for a large addition to our subscription list. We have heard of many good Democrats who are actively engaged in procuring us subscribers; and we confidently expect others will have hereafter no less careless and negligent to use a little exertion in our behalf. There is scarcely a Democrat in the State who is not able to pay for a newspaper, and but few who would not subscribe for one devoted to the interests of the party, if solicited to do so.

If our present subscribers, and others who feel an interest in the success of a Democratic paper in this part of the State, will present the matter to their Democratic neighbors and friends, we are sure they will be as much surprised at the result as we will be gratified and encouraged. Every Democrat in this Congressional District should be supplied with a Democratic paper published in its bounds; and if all who are able to subscribe and pay for a paper will take the Express, we will amply *gratuitously* the remainder, until after the approaching election at least.

We will do our duty; we will spare no labor or pains to make the *Express* reliable, useful and influential—to make it a dignified, honorable and worthy exponent of the principles of the Democratic party, and, particularly, of the wishes and interests of that party in Northern and Eastern Kentucky—we shall expect in return their co-operation and assistance.

There could not be a more favorable time to subscribe for a Democratic newspaper than the present. We have just witnessed the inauguration of a President who is a Democratic party, of which for long years he has been a trusted and tried member, and to the principles of which he is devotedly attached. In electing him we passed for the first time through a contest with a strictly sectional party the success of which would have been necessarily fatal to the Union of the States. There are many questions both of foreign and domestic policy of great importance which the energy and ability of the Administration fairly to settle, which remain for Mr. Buchanan to dispose of. In this State we triumphed for the first time for many years over the opposition, and it now remains for us to make that triumph complete.

Democrats, then, who feel an interest in the success of Mr. Buchanan's administration; who desire to watch the decline and fall of Abolitionism; who feel an interest in the settlement of our difficulties with Great Britain, and other important questions which will engage the attention of the present administration; and all who wish to complete and perpetuate the glorious victory obtained in this State last fall, should at once subscribe for the *Express*, or some other good Democratic paper, and use their influence to induce others to do likewise.

"The Slavery Question."

The Mt. Sterling *Whig* is determined to make its readers familiar with the slavery question. For *eighteen* weeks it has regularly had a long, dull, incomprehensible article on this subject; and promises to continue them. This will do pretty well for a paper whose party has always been opposed to slavery agitation! Why, all other papers in the State, of all parties, have not written so much on that subject. We have never read them, and can't tell what the writer is driving at, and we wouldn't be surprised if many of the *Whig's* subscribers are equally ignorant. They are written in a style too profound and philosophical for common people like ourselves, and under any circumstances we are apt to become surfeited with too much of a good thing. Eighteen numbers, and to be continued! They are evidently written for posterity, and, as a wit once remarked under somewhat similar circumstances, at this rate he will soon have the satisfaction of seeing them in the hands of those for whom they were intended.

Well, we wish him success, and hope posterity will do justice to his genius, his vast information, and profound wisdom; but we fear his articles will not be read until the writings of Jefferson and Madison, and Tappey are forgotten.

The Missouri Compromise Declared Unconstitutional.

The opinion of the Supreme Court in the case of Dred Scott vs. Sanford, involving, with other points the constitutionality of the Missouri Compromise, was delivered by Chief Justice Taney on the 6th inst. Below we give a synopsis of this decision as reported by Telegraph:

1. Negroes, whether slaves or free—that is, men of the African race—are not citizens of the United States by the constitution.

2. The ordinance of 1787 had no independent constitutional form or legal effect subsequently to the adoption of the constitution, and could not operate of itself to confer freedom or citizenship, within the Northwest Territory, on negroes not citizens by the constitution.

3. The provision of the act of 1820, commonly called the Missouri Compromise, in so far as it undertook to exclude negro slavery from, and communicate freedom and citizenship to, negroes in the northern part of the Louisiana cession, was a legislative act exceeding the powers of Congress, and void, and of no legal effect to that end.

In deciding these main points, the Supreme Court determined the following incidental points:

1. The expression "territory and other property" of the Union, in the constitution, applies in *terms* only to such territory as the Union possessed at the time of the adoption of the constitution.

2. The rights of the citizens of the United States, emigrating into Kansas Territory, and the power of the federal government there, depend on the general provisions of the constitution, which define in that, as in all other respects, the powers of Congress.

3. As Congress does not possess power itself to make enactments relative to the persons or property of citizens of the United States in federal territory, so it can not, as the constitution confers, so it cannot constitutionally delegate any such power to a territorial government organized by it under the constitution.

4. The legal condition of a slave in the State of Missouri is not affected by the temporary residence of such slave in any free State, but on his return his condition still depends on the laws of Missouri.

This decision sets at rest the vexed issues pertaining to the power of Congress over slavery in the Territories; and in declaring the Missouri restriction unconstitutional, fully vindicates the principle of popular sovereignty embraced in the Nebraska Kansas Bill, which was passed by a Democratic Congress, approved by a Democratic President, endorsed by the Democratic party of the Union in National Convention assembled, and which was violently opposed and bitterly denounced by all other parties and factions throughout the country. This decision by the highest tribunal known to the laws of the nation, and from which there is no appeal, settles the slavery agitation, and will restore peace to the country. This question was made the issue in the great political contest which resulted in the election of Buchanan, and by his election the people decided that Congress possessed no power whatever over slavery in the Territories; this being followed by a similar decision from the Supreme Court leaves no pretext whatever for the further agitation of the slavery question in Congress, while the latter clearly and unmistakably defines the Constitutional rights of the slaveholding States. If slavery, or the extension of slavery, is wrong, the fault is in the Constitution, and the only remedy is in an alteration or amendment of that instrument, and we may expect the Northern Freesoil leaders now to join Gerrit Smith, Wendell Phillips, Theodore Parker, *et id omne genus*, in the denunciation of the Constitution as "a covenant with Death, and an agreement with Hell." The patriotism of the American people will revolt at such treasonable sentiments; and the honest masses of the North who have been deceived by the specious sophistry and pretended patriotism of these freesoil leaders, will repudiate the demagogues who have misled them, and signalize their real devotion to the Union, and give evidence of their real patriotism, by joining the Democratic party and aiding in the extermination of those who have so long hoped to obtain the control of the government at the expense of the Union.

The Democracy were as violently assailed by the Know-Nothings for the repeal of the Missouri Restriction as they were by the Abolitionists. Some of the Know-Nothing members of Congress, and some who afterwards became members of that order, it is true, supported the Kansas-Nebraska Bill, both by their speeches and their votes; but so strong was the opposition of the order to that measure that most of them afterwards vindicated themselves by denouncing it, and all of them voted for Mr. Fillmore who declared that Bill to be the Pandora's box from whence had issued all the evils which then afflicted our country; and all of them stood upon a platform which denounced the act they had assisted in passing.

The Know-Nothings of Kentucky, in the last canvass, while professing to be as good friends of the South as the Democrats, differed from them in this: We contended that Congress had no power to legislate upon slavery in the Territories, and having no power could delegate none to the people of the Territories, who could only act on it when they came to form a Constitution preparatory to admission into the Union as a State; while the Know-Nothings maintained that Congress had power to legislate upon that question in the Territories; that consequently the Missouri Compromise was constitutional; that its repeal was wrong; and, as a consequence, that the Wilmot Proviso was unconstitutional, but with a saving clause that Congress ought not to exercise the power it possessed.

The Democratic party in every part of the Union united in denying the power of Congress to legislate upon slavery in the Territories; and the only difference existing in our party as all, north or south, was in regard to the precise time at which the people of a territory should decide on whether slavery should or should not exist among them; some contending that the power over this question pertained to the people under a territorial government, and others that it could only be decided at the time of the adoption of a constitution preparatory to the admission of the territory into the Union as a state. The former of these opinions obtained the sanction of the doctrine of "squatter sovereignty," and found favor with a large portion of the Northern democracy, while the latter idea which was accepted by the mass of the party, south and north, was termed the doctrine of "popular sovereignty, and is embodied as law in the Kansas bill.

This difference of opinion existed among the democratic party of politicians, but was settled by a party convention, but was, as it was every where conceded to be by our newspaper opponents, a question involving an interpretation of the constitution fit only to be determined by the highest judicial tribunal. This accordingly left no such decision, and the opinion of the Supreme Court quoted above, gives the sanction and binding efficacy of law to the doctrine maintained by Mr. Buchanan in his Inaugural, delivered prior to the decision, and to the theory advocated by a vast majority of our party.

The democracy has now the proud satisfaction of seeing all the measures they have ever advocated, adopted as the settled policy of the Country, and under their operation and influence our Republic rapidly increasing in all that constitutes the greatness, the power and the influence of a nation; while all the great measures of the opposition—a National Bank, a Protective Tariff, a Bankrupt Law, etc., etc.,—have been condemned by the people, and abandoned by their friends. Upon the subject of slavery the policy of the Democratic party has encountered the most bitter, unscrupulous and fanatical opposition of all others; but it was maintained with a moral courage and chivalric heroism that knew no discouragement, and would suffer no defeat. Convinced that upon the triumph of that policy depended the perpetuation of our happy Union, the Democratic party unhesitatingly and unanimously adopted it, and, though opposed by faction and fanaticism, with artifice, misrepresentation, falsehood, fraud, and every species of professional villany, it was sustained by the people, and vindicated by the decision of the Supreme Court—the highest authority known to the laws of the country—in the decision quoted above.

Know Nothing Opinions of the Cabinet.

When we first heard the names of those who were to compose the Cabinet of Mr. Buchanan, we felt some curiosity to know what the Know-Nothing press could say against them. We knew the spirit of the order would expect and demand a condemnation of every member of every other act of the Administration, and we could scarcely imagine in what manner they would attempt to gratify this feeling. We supposed, however, they would resort to their old plan of misrepresenting or distorting their present or past political opinions, or acts. We certainly never dreamed that even Know-Nothing audacity and impudence would attempt to disparage the ability of those who are known to every intelligent or reading man among the most able and profound statesmen of the country or the age. It is amusing to hear Know-Nothings speak of Cass, and Cobb, and Toucey, and the other members of Mr. Buchanan's Cabinet, as "weak and characterless men!" The absurdity of the organs of a party whose leaders and great men are Prentice, and Humphrey Marshall, and Haven, and Hancock, *et id omne genus*, designating men who have repeatedly been Cabinet ministers established and acknowledged before Know-Nothingism was hatched, or its leaders, born, as "weak and characterless," is seldom equalled and never exceeded. If the object of such disparagement is to impair the confidence of the people in the Administration, it is perfectly harmless; but, as we have already said, we believe that even the Know-Nothings have confidence in Mr. Buchanan's ability to select a Cabinet adequate to his election, and that by assailing his Cabinet at a point where it is *known* to be invulnerable, they only desire, without seeming to do so, to give it additional strength, if possible, with the people.

Whether such is the design or not, it will have that effect; for if the most violent of the opposition are unable to say anything against the Cabinet but what every person knows is false, the people of all parties may well give it their confidence.

☞ ROGER A. PRYOR whose ability as a newspaper writer is attested by the columns of the Washington *Union* and Richmond (Va.) *Enquirer*, both of which papers he has edited with signal success, is about to commence the publication of a new Daily and Semi-Weekly Democratic Newspaper at Richmond, Va., to be called "THE SOUTH." In his prospectus he says:

"Before the close of the present month, I will issue the first number of a newspaper called 'THE SOUTH.' I propose to publish Daily and Semi-weekly editions, and which I intend to devote to the service of the South, the interests of the State, and to the support of the principles of the Democratic Party.—But the paper will not be so exclusively political, that its columns will only interest the politician; nor so subservient to party as to spare the misconduct of bad men; to betray principle for the sake of power, or to disguise its convictions at the suggestion of expediency.

"I will endeavor to commend it to intelligent persons of all classes, by diligence in the collection of news, by imparting something of agriculture, commerce and literature, interest to the columns, and by venturing an outspoken and emphatic opinion on the topics of the day, no matter what the hazard of conflict with popular fancies or offence to the self-appointed leaders of party. The organ of no clique, in the interest of no faction, and with no partial purpose to serve, the paper will address itself to the honest judgment of the people, and for support will rely upon their appreciation of energy and enterprise and their love of plain talk and independent thought. There may be particular individuals to whom this sort of discussion will not be very acceptable, but if I can conciliate the favor of the masses, I may survive the opposition of self-appointed leaders. No doubt servile spirits will be shocked at my zeal in the defence of the South; still I have the consolatory assurance that there are plenty of brave and true men in Virginia, upon whose sympathy and support I may rely with absolute security.—And so believing, I embark upon the enterprise, with the sanguine hope of success in the result."

"THE SOUTH" will be furnished to subscribers at seven dollars a year for the Daily, and at five dollars a year for the Semi-weekly—payable in advance.

☞ Purchases of Land Warrants during the week has largely increased at Washington City, and prices have declined. They are quoted as follows:

	Buying Rate.	Selling Rate.
40 acres	$1,10 per acre.	1,20 per acre.
80 acres	1,05 per acre.	1,01 per acre.
120 acres	99 per acre.	1,01 per acre.
160 acres	96 per acre.	98 per acre.

☞ If you want to see "eighes," go to "Jerry Young's."

Emancipation in Missouri.

The intelligence from any section of the country which speaks upon this subject, is of a character to indicate a mutiny at midnight, after the storm has subsided, and the ship has weathered the rocks safely and repaired. But four months ago our institutions and our Union were trembling and tottering under the throes of the most anxious, excited and painful political excitement, has ever agitated this nation and the popular mind is but beginning to regain its equilibrium. The public pulse seems to be regular and healthful tone, when, from Missouri, an old and unyielding outpost of slavery in the West, comes the murmur of a movement towards emancipation. With what prospect of ultimate success, or under what auspices this suicidal scheme is opened, we are not prepared to say. But that there are ardent and active advocates on either side, and that the question is to be definitively decided, sooner or later, we think there is little doubt. The Emancipists of Missouri may move Heaven and earth in their efforts to sweep slavery from their soil, but they will be manfully met at every point and fiercely fought by the friends of slavery, and the undaunted defenders of the opposition.

There was a time, when not a few of the wisest and best men in Virginia concurred in the opinion that negro slavery was an evil, and an incubus upon the interests of the State, when perhaps, if possible, some legislative measure for ameliorating it might have been eagerly embraced by some of the ablest spirits in our councils. And it may be, indeed, that the opposite extreme of public sentiment on the subject, which prevails with every class and craft of our people, is attributable, more to the investigations and disquisitions induced by the doubts and fears of Emancipation than to every other cause combined. The institution of slavery soon sunk deep into our social system; once embraced and incorporated among the elements of our social life, its influences, for good or for evil, extended rapidly in every direction, coloring everything it touched and carrying with it, wherever it went, its agencies either immediately or mediately, ramified through every branch of business and principle of legislation; every vein and artery of the body politic felt its influence for good. And being deemed an evil in the abstract by those honest and able but misguided men, to whom we have alluded, it developed upon them and upon their premises, and the catalogue of incidental ills would have been incalculable, when an end so desirable could be attained by the means in view, and on the other hand it became incumbent upon their opposing cotemporaries to disprove their theory, explode their false philosophy, and disclose the political evil of the emancipation taint, with which it was beginning to be effected, or to give up their ground and enter into a crusade against the sins and iniquities, the demoralizing and impoverishing effects of the institution of slavery. Investigation on both sides ensued, and the results in that negro slavery is now considered in the Southern States, not "a mildew, a blight and a scourge," but a social, political and moral blessing, a special boon of Providence, both to the African and Anglo Saxon races. Subjects so inscrutable in their origin, so profound in their philosophy, so intricate in their relations, and so comprehensive in their influence, demand a thorough understanding in every form and phase, and accurate apprehension in every bearing and effect. And we cannot but believe that the emancipation movement in Missouri, however it may be abetted by the outside influences of Abolitionism in the North, and by the well intentioned but misguided and analyzed and assayed, will eventuate in a more encouraging conviction on the part of that people, of the *indispensibility* of the institution, than any judgment other which is common with the other slaveholding States of the Confederacy, it is growing greater and stronger, and richer and happ er, with every year's rolling by.

So far as security in the Union is concerned, it matters little to Virginia or South Carolina, Alabama or Mississippi, or any other of the Southern States, whether Missouri emancipates or not. If the Constitution is to be maintained intact, slavery might be prohibited in every State in the Union but one, and that one would be respected in its rights as if the institution extended over the civilized world; if the constitution is to be disregarded and the South must appeal for protection to the physical force of a numerical majority, the dissolution of the Union becomes a question of time, to be determined by such a division in the councils of the country, as to preponderate in favor of the opponents of our institutions.

It remains for the administration inaugurated yesterday, together with a Democratic Congress, to test the sense of the people and the strength of the Union, by bringing back the constitution to its primitive purity.

And, if in 1860, abolitionism is still unchecked in its rampant ravings against the rights of the Southern people, the awful alternative of dissolution will be upon us, and Missouri may emancipate or not, it will be the same to the South in the end.

President Buchanan's Inaugural Address.

On another page of this paper will be found the Inaugural Address of the new President. Without wishing in any way to underrate the importance which legitimately attaches to addresses of this character, we may venture to suggest that the ostentatious exposition of their political significance will assign to them a place somewhat different from that which they occupy in the popular apprehension. While generally considered, or so destined to foreshadow the line of policy to be pursued by the incoming administration, they should perhaps rather be deemed expressive of good intention and purpose, which deserve to be admitted none the less truthful and sincere though after circumstances should impress upon that policy a shade wholly foreign from that which originally intended. In a country like ours, the genius of whose institutions, as well as the manifold relations of its complex civil system tend to the production of political issues, it is manifestly impossible to foretell what mutations and consequent influences even the quadrennial term of our Chief Magistrate may bring forth. Let one, therefore, should be disposed to complain that the Inaugural Address of Mr. Buchanan consists rather of general principles than of precise definitions respecting the future course of his policy, it must be admitted in candor that such a reticence has a legitimate foundation in the fact, that the prudent reserve of a wise statesmanship, which ever acts in "the living present" and leaves the dead past to bury its dead.

We have to confess that the perusal of the address has given us sincere satisfaction, so entirely unexceptionable does it appear to be in thought and expression. Indeed, we say that, alike in matter and in manner, it reminds us of those startling attributes of good judgment and common sense which characterized the inaugural address of President Monroe; and we can only hope that at the close of Mr. Buchanan's Administration the comparison thus suggested may extend only to the same unmixed sentiment and unambitious diction of these two statesmen, but also to that restoration of good feeling which marked the end of the term of the first Monroe. We have a fair hope will be the consummation aim of his veteran successor.

☞ Cheerfully acknowledge much in others, and in return demand little from them. We have no right to demand much of others, we have no right to demand little of ourselves.

☞ Published monthly at 161 Fulton street, New York, by Freeman Hunt, at five dollars per annum.

☞ The New York *Express* prefaces its report of the following sermon:

"A young countryman was in New York a few days since, very innocent and unsophisticated in appearance, but in reality, with his eye-teeth cut. Passing up Chatham street, with his pocket full of money, he was continually encountered with importunities to buy. From almost every store some one rushed out, in accordance with the annoying custom of that street, to beset him and urge and force him to purchase. At last, one dirty-looking fellow caught him by the arm, and clamorously urged him to become a customer.

"Have you got any shirts?" inquired the countryman, with a very innocent look.

"A splendid assortment, sir! Just in, sir. Every price, sir, and every style. The cheapest in the street, sir."

"Are they clean?"

"To be sure, sir. Step in, sir."

"Then," resumed the countryman, with perfect gravity, "put on one, for you need it."

The rage of the shopkeeper may be imagined, as the countryman turned upon his heel, quietly pursued his way.

A PERFUMED BREATH.—What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath when by using the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS" as a dentifrice would not only render it sweet but leave the teeth white as alabaster! Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will not mention it. Pour a single drop of the "Balm" on your tooth-brush and wash the teeth night and morning. A fifty cent bottle will last a year.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION may easily be acquired by using the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS." It will soon remove the most freckles from the skin, leaving it of a soft and roseate hue. Wet a towel, pour on one or two drops, and wash the face night and morning.

SHAVING MADE EASY—Wet you shaving brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of "Balm of a Thousand Flowers," rub the beard well and it will make a beautiful soft lather much facilitating the operation of shaving. Price only Fifty cents. W. F. BERRIMAN, P. D., Druggist, Franklin Square, New York.

For sale by all druggists.

☞ SEATON, SHARPE & Co., Wholesale & Retail Agents, Maysville, Ky.

June 18th, 1856—1y.

GIDEON BURTON,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 28, Pearl Street,

4 doors East of Walnut, North side, bet. W. & M.

CINCINNATI.

Has just received one of the most splendid stocks of boots & shoes ever known West of the Mountains, which he will sell at the lowest prices. Manufactured in Cincinnati, various styles, all warranted work.

I should be pleased to see my friends, assuring them that nothing on my part shall be wanting to merit a continuance of trade.

Mr. Thomas Pennell, late of Indianapolis, and Mr. Jacob Atle, Manufacturer of this city, continue with us. GIDEON BURTON.

No. 28 Pearl St., Cincinnati.

Feb. 25, 1857.—3mos.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

We have this day associated ourselves together for the purpose of carrying on a

TAILORING

AND

Gentlemens' Furnishing Business,

and have taken the old established stand formerly occupied by E. McELVEY,

No. 1 BROADWAY,

Opposite the Spencer House, Cincinnati, Ohio.

We intend to conduct our business, at a distance, and all others having their measures with us, we would say that their orders shall be

Promptly and Satisfactorily Filled,

AS HERETOFORE.

McKEE & ROTH.

Samuel McKee, from Maysville, Ky.

Joseph Roth, former Cutter of the House.

March 4th, 1857.

For Fine Shirts and Collars,

CALL AT

MENDERSON AND BRO'S.

For Fine Clothing,

Call on

BLUM & KAHN.

DIED,

In this city, on Saturday, the 14th inst., George C. Ferrenton.

Near Concord, Lewis county, Ky., on February 22nd, 1857, Isabella, daughter of Benjamin A. and Mary Ann Payne, aged seven year, four months and twenty-six day.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. B. MOORES. JAS. C. MOORES.

W. B. MOORES & SON,

DEALERS IN

LIME, HYDRAULIC CEMENT,

CALCINED PLASTER,

Land Plaster, Water Lime, Hair, Salt, &c.

Corner of Seventh and Plum streets,

mar 16, '57—1mo CINCINNATI, OHIO.

POPLAR SHINGLES

For Sale on Commission.

THE Undersigned has just received 30,000 Poplar Shingles, at his Old Lumber Yard, a very superior article, which will be sold on Reasonable Terms for cash only.

A. HUTCHINS.

ALSO, Ready-Made Doors, Window Sash, and other Sizes, Building Materials of every description, at the Planing Mill.

M. A. H.

Maysville, Ky., March 18th 1857-3mo.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Mason and Bracken County Agricultural and Mechanical Association.

A Meeting of the Mason and Bracken Agricultural and Mechanical Association will take place at Germantown, on the 1st day of April, 1857, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of holding the Annual Election of Officers for said Association. A full attendance of the members is earnestly desired.

mar 16, '57—3t. A. R. WALL, President.

TO MERCHANTS.

MERCHANTS Visiting our City will find at my Store, No. 3 Pearl Street, a full assortment of Stationery, School Books, Miscellaneous Books, Cap Paper of the best quality, Wrapping Paper, Wall Paper, Window Shades, Window Cords, Tassels, &c., which I will sell on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased elsewhere in the Western Country.

G. W. BLAKEMAN,

March 16th, 1857.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

Pursuant to an order of the Mason Circuit Court, rendered on the 6th day of February last, in a suit of Joseph Ashton against Thomas Blackburn and others, I will sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, on the 14th day of April next, at the town of Maysville, Ky.

On Saturday the 11th day of April, 1857,

An undivided half of the following described Lots, situated in the town of Maysville, Ky., to wit: Lots Nos. 1 and 2 in Blackburn and Dodge's addition to said town, and

OFFICIAL PAPER FOR THE CITY OF MAYSVILLE, MARCH 18th, 1857.

Telegraph Dispatches.

PEARCE, TOLLE & CO., sold $20,000 worth of goods last week. Other Jobbing Houses in the City sold nearly as many.

☞ JAS. B. CLAY, Esq. has been tendered by Mr. Buchanan the appointment of Minister to Berlin. It is said he will decline it.

ERRATUM.—In our notice of the Camel Coal Company, last week, we styled the firm Coons, Hord & Co. It should have been COONS, PICKETT & CO.

☞See Advertisement of Messrs. ANTES & BERGMAN in another column. These gentlemen have some elegant goods, and make them up, if wished, promptly and in good style.

CONVICTED.—The negro boy ALBERT, who killed his master, James Taber, in Fleming County, on the 8th inst, was tried on Friday last in the Circuit Court, and convicted of murder. Judge Phister sentenced him to be hung on Wednesday the 13th day of May next.

☞ANDERSON AND ANDREWS have the largest stock of Hardware we have ever seen in the City. Their extensive Warehouse is literally overflowing. FRANK OWENS, the most popular Salesman in the west, and deservedly so, is with them. Their excellent House, and is always prepared to fit out his numerous friends with every thing in his line upon better terms than can be obtained elsewhere.

ACQUITTED.—EDWARD BRIGHT, who was tried in the Fleming Circuit Court, last week, upon an indictment for murder, in killing Oscar Brammel on the 30th of August last, was acquitted, the homicide having been committed in self defence. The jury did not hesitate a moment in their decision, deeming no doubt upon the mind of any one of them, that the prisoner struck the blow in self defence.

☞The Know-Nothings of Cincinnati have nominated two "bloody furrines" for city offices, and their organ, the *Times*, endorses and approves the nomination, and this, too, after having solemnly sworn to vote for none but native born Americans and protestants for any office whatever. If "foreign influence" was so much to be feared and evaded a few years since because the Democrats were "truckling" to it, it must be doubly so now, when even rampant Know-Nothingism is ready to bend to it the "supple hinges of the knee that thrift may follow fawning."

Vice President Breckinridge.

John C. Breckinridge, Vice President of the United States, is a nephew of the Rev. Robert J. Breckinridge, D. D., of Kentucky. The reverend uncle of the Vice President is a great controversialist, splendid debater, and if he had followed the law, instead of the gospel, would have led Senates as he has the Church. So much is the said uncle given to discussion that he would be a fighting parson if he were not a presbyter. It happened, ed, a few years ago, that the uncle and the nephew were candidates for office—not the same office—in the same district, at the same time. The Doctor was up for the Convention to amend the Constitution, and John C. was running for the Legislature. They were candidates of opposite parties, and were, therefore, in danger of coming in collision. One day they were on the stump together, and the reverend Doctor took occasion to expatiate at length on the folly of hostility between himself and his nephew, who he said, was always successful in obtaining whatever office he sought; and mentioning several instances in illustration, he added: "And during the war with Mexico, a regiment was raised in Kentucky, and as soon as it was known that Mr. Breckinridge was appointed to its command, the Mexicans made peace!" Young Breckinridge did not wait for his turn, but exclaimed at once, "If uncle Robert had been appointed, they would have been fighting till this time."

Those who know the parties will appreciate the above as a very characteristic story. It suggests to us a bit at the Rev. Robert J. Breckinridge, by Tom Marshall, which is equally good with that of the Vice President. Tom was discoursing on his favorite theme—the greatness of Henry Clay, his transcendent eloquence and unconquerable heroism. Many attempts, he said, had been made to supplant Old Hal in the confidence and love of Kentucky, and some of them under formidable auspices, but they all ended in giving him a higher, stronger and firmer hold on the affections of the people. One of these assaults on Old Hal he had special reason to remember.

"When Mr. Clay was at the meridian of his greatness, there came forward on the public arena, in Kentucky, two young natives of the State, who were regarded as very brilliant, promising, young men; they had inherited talents of a very high order, and had cultivated them very assiduously; had enjoyed the advantages of the best schools and teachers the country could afford. They were both regarded as eloquent speakers, sound logicians, vigorous controversialists.—The opponents of old Hal looked to these two promising and gifted young men as the champions before whose strong arms and well-poised lances the brave old knight, the hero and victor in so many fights, would go down into the dust. The impetuous young champions were not long in respecting the general expectation, and clad in full armor, with nodding plumes and gallant air, they rushed into the arena, and hurled themselves against the old chief. A long and violent conflict ensued."

Here Tom paused for some time in the narrative, until his impatient auditors exclaimed:

"What was the result? Who whipped?"

"All I can tell you further of this contest," resumed Tom, "is that, after it had ended, the old Knight went to the United States Senate, and his two young assailants doffed their armor—the one took to the pulpit and the other to the sphere of a Cincinnati Commissioner, and in a loud and emphatic tone, he added:

"Damnation, if I haven't stuck closer to my text than Bob Breckinridge!"—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

"Sarah dear," said a wagish husband to his wife, "if I were to your place, I wouldn't keep the babe so full of butter, as you do." "Butter, my dear! I never gave the baby butter." "Why, Sarah, you told about a quart of milk down in this afternoon, and then trusted it on your knee for nearly two hours. If it doesn't curdle and make butter in the baby by this time, it hasn't been worth a shilling."

The tendency of the Parisians to political things was not ill described by the Frenchman when speaking of them during the year of tumult 1848, he said, "They do not think about the weather, and they will not stop till they have got it."

Every One hearing contains at least two musicians with moustaches, one with spectacles, three with bald heads, and one very modest man in a white cravat, who from the form of circumstances you will observe, plays on a bass instrument.

SWAN & CO'S LOTTERIES.

CAPITAL PRIZE $50,000!

Owing to the great favor with which our Lottery Number Lottery has been received by the public, and the large demand for Tickets, the Managers, SWAN & CO., will have a drawing on Saturday, throughout the year. The following Schemes will be drawn in each of their Lotteries for March, 1857:

Class 26,

To be drawn in the City of Atlanta, Georgia, in public, on

Saturday, March 7th, 1857.

Class 27,

To be drawn in the City of Atlanta, Ga., in public, On **Saturday, March 14th, 1857.**

Class 28,

To be drawn in the City of Atlanta, Georgia, in public, on

Saturday, March 21st, 1857,

Class 29,

To be drawn in the City of Atlanta, Ga., in public, On **Saturday, March 28th, 1857,**

ON THE PLAN OF

SINGLE NUMBERS!!

THREE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED AND SIXTY PRIZES!

MORE THAN ONE PRIZE TO EVERY TEN TICKETS

30,000 TICKETS.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME!

1 Prize of	$50,000 is	$50,000
1 "	20,000 is	20,000
1 "	10,000 is	10,000
1 "	9,000 is	9,000
1 "	8,000 is	8,000
1 "	7,000 is	7,000
1 "	6,000 is	6,000
1 "	5,000 is	5,000
1 "	4,000 is	4,000
1 "	3,000 is	3,000
1 "	2,000 is	2,000
1 "	1,000 is	1,000
100 Prizes of	100 are	10,000
100 "	50 are	5,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4 Prizes of $250 are	to	$50,000 Prizes are	$1,000
4 " 200	"	20,000 "	800
4 " 150	"	10,000 "	600
4 " 80	"	9,000 "	320
4 " 65	"	8,000 "	260
4 " 60	"	7,000 "	240
4 " 55	"	6,000 "	220
4 " 50	"	5,000 "	200
4 " 45	"	4,000 "	180
4 " 40	"	3,000 "	160
4 " 30	"	2,000 "	120
4 " 25	"	1,000 "	100
9996 " 20	are		60,000
9,999 Prizes amounting to			$294,000

WHOLE TICKETS, $10; HALVES $5; QUARTERS $2.

PLAN OF THE LOTTERY.

The Numbers from 1 to 30,000, corresponding with these Numbers on the Tickets printed on separate slips of paper, are enclosed with a small gilt ticket and sealed up in Wafers.

The first 212 Prizes, similarly printed and enclosed, are put in another Wheel.

The Wheels are then revolved, and a number is drawn from the Wheel of Numbers, and at the same time a Prize is drawn from the other Wheel. The Number and Prize drawn out are opened and exhibited to the audience, and registered by the Commissioners: the Prize being placed against the Number drawn. This operation is repeated until all the Prizes are drawn out.

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.—The two preceding and the two succeeding Numbers to those drawing the First 212 Prizes will be entitled to the Approximation Prizes, according to the scheme.

The 9,999 Prizes of $20 will be determined by the last figure of the Number that draws the $50,000 Prize. For example, if the Number drawing the $50,000 Prize with the Ending in all the Tickets where the number ends in 1, will be entitled to $20, and so on to 0.

Certificates of Purchase will be issued at the following rates, which is the risk:

Certificate of Package of 10 Whole Tickets, $60
" " 10 Half " 40
" " 10 Quarter " 20

IN ORDERING TICKETS OR CERTIFICATES.

Enclose the money to our address for the Tickets desired, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail. Purchasers can have tickets end in any figure they may designate.

The drawing of Prizes in Lottery will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing.

All Purchasers will please write distinguishing plain, and give their Post Office, County and State.

☞ Remember that every Prize is cash, and payable in full without deduction.

☞ All Prizes under $60 and under, paid immediately after the drawing—other Prizes at the usual time of thirty days, in full without deduction.

All communications strictly confidential.

Prize Tickets cashed or renewed in other Tickets at their office.

Address orders for Tickets or Certificates either to

S. SWAN & CO., *Atlanta, Ga.*,
or S. SWAN, *Montgomery, Ala.*,

BOERHAAVE'S

HOLLAND BITTERS

THE CELEBRATED HOLLAND REMEDY FOR

DYSPEPSIA,

DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,

LIVER COMPLAINT,

WEAKNESS OF ANY KIND

FEVER AND AGUE.

And the various affections consequent upon DISORDERED STOMACH OR LIVER,

Such as Indigestion, Acidity of the Stomach, Colicky Pains, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Lassitude and Nervous Irritability, Dizziness, Nausea and Nervous Affections in all Nervous, Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections. It has in numerous instances been highly beneficial, and in others effected a decided cure.

This is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Boerhaave—Because of its great success in some of the European States, its introduction into the United States was intended more especially for those of our fellow land countrymen who are there, the victims of the mighty country. Meeting with great success among them, it now offer it to the American public, knowing that its truly wonderful medical virtues must be acknowledged.

It is particularly recommended to those persons whose constitutions may have been impaired by the continuance of ardent spirits, or the effects of disease. Generally incontaminous in effect, it finds its way directly to the seat of life, thrilling and quickening the vital energies, giving the drooping spirit, and, in fact, infusing new health and vigor in the system.

CAUTION!!

The great popularity of this delightful Aroma has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. We feel assured to buy anything else until you have given Boerhaave's Holland Bitters a fair trial. Then you will convince you how infinitely superior it is to all inferior imitations.

☞ Sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.

H. BAIRD, GENL. PROPRIETOR,

BENJAMIN PAGE, Jr. & CO.

MANUFACTURING

Pharmaceutical Druggists and Chemists,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Sold in Maysville by all Druggists.

March 11th, 1857-1y.

To the Patrons of the Express.

THE Subscriptions to the *Maysville Express*, which were unpaid to the 1st of January last, are due, and payable now. They amount to a large sum, and those knowing themselves indebted will oblige us by coming forward and paying the amount to the undersigned, or call at his Law Office, in Maysville, where the books are kept. Those who have paid in advance, we know we may with some confidence call upon them to be prompt and ready to pay the amount they severally owe us. W. M. STAMPS.

Maysville, March 4th, 1857-tf.

ALBERT G. RICHARDSON'S

Advertising and Commission House,

No. 102 Broadway, (opposite the Park),

NEW YORK.

$1 NO PEN NOR INK! $1

No Cost! Instantly Produced!

MACLAURIN'S PATENT SELF-INSTRUCTING PHONOGRAPHIC PENMANSHIP!

Has been adopted by the Public Schools of New York, and by our first merchants. The Process, complete, with full directions for use, will be sent prepaid on the receipt of $1. Agents or agents, six copies for $5. A liberal discount on the trade. Address ALBERT G. RICHARDSON, 102 Broadway, New York. [march 4, '57-3m.

NEW MUSICAL PAPER

For Choirs and the Family Circle.

THE NEW YORK MUSICAL PIONEER

AND

CHORISTERS' BUDGET.

BY MR. WOODBURY,

Author of the CITHARA, DULCIMER, LUTE AND LYRE, *&c., &c.*

THIS popular monthly periodical has just entered upon its second year, having been commenced October 1, 1856. It is printed on fine paper, and makes annual volumes of 300 pages, of matter intensely interesting to the lovers of Music. Besides Musical Intelligence, and Biographies of Distinguished Musicians, its columns will be enriched by only

100 PAGES OF ORIGINAL MUSIC,

Anthems, Psalm-Tunes, Glees, Songs for the Piano and Melodeon, all in the

AUTHOR'S BRILLIANT STYLE.

The spirit of sparkling vivacity with which the Pioneer has been conducted, has enhanced its subscription list beyond that of any other similar Periodical, either in this country or Europe.

Price 50 cents per annum, in advance.

And at no case will it cost more than five. Specimen numbers forwarded gratuitously to any part of the country, by mail, or in such other way as the applicant may desire.

Copies of the First Volume, neatly bound in cloth, gilt, with a Title Page and copious Index, will be forwarded to any part of the country, postage paid, on receipt of the Dollar, by F. J. HUNTINGTON, Publisher.

January 21, 1857-tf 306 Broadway, N. Y.

NEW GOODS.

THE Undersigned is just in receipt of his Spring Stock, which is complete, of all prices from $25 up to $250. A large supply of Silver Watches, from the finest Levers, down to Lepines at $6.

JEWELRY

Chains, Seals and Keys, Cameo, Painting and other fine Sets of Jewelry. Lockets, Rings, Cuff Pins and Buttons, Gents Sleeve Buttons and Breast Pins, and a great many articles too tedious to mention.

SILVER WARE.

Spoons, Cups, Goblets, Forks; Butter Fish, Pie and Cake Knives, on hand, and any article made to order. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine the Stock.

☞ Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired by experienced workmen and warranted for performance. ROBT. F. ADAIR.

Feb. 20th, 1857. 2nd street, Maysville.

SEATON, SHARPE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail DRUGGISTS,

Maysville, Kentucky.

WOULD beg leave to inform the public that they are now receiving their Spring Stock of Goods from the Eastern Markets and from Manufacturers in the West, viz:

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, BRUSHES, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c., large and complete, and they offer inducements to purchasers, equal to any Western House. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

The highest market price will at all times be paid for HEMPSEED, BEAR WAX, MEDICINAL SEED AND ROOTS.

☞ We give particular attention to the selection of the best article of INDIGO and can at all times supply our customers with such as can be relied on. Feb. 25, 1857. SEATON, SHARPE & CO.

☞ Storehouse, on Sutton street, 2 doors below H. GRAVES' Grocery Store. March 11, 1857.

THE FARMERS

ATKIN'S Automaton or Self-Raking

REAPER and MOWER!!

The best Combined Machine now in the World!

THIS above celebrated Machine, which has taken Eighty first class Premiums in four years, has received the Only Gold Medal at the World's Fair New York; a Gold Medal at the Crystal Palace, Cincinnati; a Gold Medal from the Maryland Institute; a Gold Medal from the Agricultural Society, Seine Inferieure, France; and the Only Premium given to mowers, with other Medallions, from the "Boul Institute," and the Wayne County Agricultural Society, in Indiana—is now offered for sale by the undersigned their AGENT for this region of Kentucky.

A few more orders will be filled with authority to make a satisfactory warranty to the buyer, and in all cases to sell the Machine as low here as at the Factory.

Those Farmers desiring to purchase the above Reaper, would do well to call early and leave their orders to insure a good Machine in time.

JNO. H. RICHESON, Agent.

Maysville, March 4, 1857-3m.

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

I AM receiving from Eastern and Western Publishers, a large assortment of School and Miscellaneous Books, comprising all the latest Publications; which are offered at Publisher's prices.

Also—A large assortment of *Classic Stationery*, including Cap and Letter Papers of all kinds; Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Porte Monaies, Pocket Books, Wallets, Purses, Portfolios, &c., all of which I am prepared to sell at Who-sale or Retail upon the most favorable terms.

G. W. BLATTERMAN.

Maysville, March 4th, 1857. 2nd Street.

NEW BOOKS.

Kane's Arctic Expedition;
Henry Clay's Correspondence;
Daniel Webster's do;
Memoirs Journal & Correspondence of Thomas Moore;
Waverly Novels, Abbotsford edition;
Days of Life;
The Lady's Guide to gentility;
Queens of England by Agnes Strickland;
Queens of Scotland by do;
The Banished Son, by Caroline Hentz;
The Ivors, by Miss Sewell;
Home and the World, by Mrs. W. C. Rives;
The Scarlet Letter, by Hawthorne;
Empirical—a Novel, anonymous;
Tennyson's do;
Isola; Amore Lieto;
The Wigwam and the Cabin, W. G. Simms;
Mrs. Southworth's Works, cheap form;
Henry Lyle, by Mrs. Hubbard;
The Prince of the House of David;
Marianne or the Queen's Page;
The Arctic Exploration of the 17th century;
The Hunter's Life among Lions, Elephants, &c;
Freedley's Practical business, new edition.

The above with a large variety of good and lasting Books, just received by

march 4, 1857. G. W. BLATTERMAN.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE.

IN Pursuance of a decree rendered at the February term of the Mason Circuit Court, 1857, in suit of Henry Alexander's Trustee, vs. et al. Charles C. Lacy, et al., I will sell at Public Auction to the highest bidder, on the premises, at 2 o'clock, on Wednesday, March 18th, 1857, the interest of said Charles C. Lacy in the division set apart to the heirs of Elizabeth Lacy, dec'd, in the lands of the late Thomas Clark, dec'd, his interest being one fifth of one-third of said Thomas Clark's dower, about 1½ miles west of Maysville, in Mason County.

The sale will be upon a credit of twelve months, the purchaser giving bond with good sear city, bearing interest from date, to the Commissioner, conditioned to have the land properly divided, and bond taken under execution. A lien will be retained upon the purchase to secure the payment of the purchase money.

ELDRED M. GROVER, Commissioner.

March 4th, 1857.

ALSO at the same time and place and upon the same Terms of Sale, will be sold the other interests in said Trust, of 107 acres, allotted to Lacy's heirs, including all the Buildings, of which the undersigned are empowered to sell.

E. M. GROVER,
March 11, 1857-2w. E. D. LACY.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

WE have this day associated ourselves together in the practice of Medicine, Surgery, Midwifery, Tailoring and Gentlemen's Furnishing Business, and have opened our Establishment in the house occupied by Mr. Mills, Front street, the former residence of this house at 4 Dollars, and we hope by strict attention to business, and to promptly and satisfactorily fulfill our engagements, to merit a share of public patronage.

Maysville, Ky., March 11th, 1857-3m.

ANTES & BERGMAN,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Merchant Tailors, Opposite the City Hall, MAYSVILLE, KY.,

Gentlemen's Fine Dress Goods and well assorted Stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING, HATS, BONNETS, CAPS, CARPET BAGS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, AND MEN'S WEAR GENERALLY, UMBRELLAS, &c., &c.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

We will keep a good Stock of Materials, and make to order, of the latest fashions, and at reasonable prices, any article wanted in our line. [March 18th, 1857-1y.

1857. SPRING GOODS! 1857.

We have now on hand one of the largest and most desirable Stocks of

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS,

Cothing, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Bonnets,

To be found in the Western Country. We guarantee our price against any other market and respectfully invite a comparison.

☞ Wholesale Only.

PEARCE, TOLLE & CO.

Maysville, Ky., March 11th, 1857.

JERRY F. YOUNG,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Second Street, 3 doors west of Market, MAYSVILLE, KY.

KEEPS Constantly on hand a good assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS and TAILORS TRIMMINGS.

ALSO—A complete assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, consisting in part of Shirts, Drawers, Undershirts, Suspenders, Gloves, Cravats, &c.

And every thing pertaining to a Gentleman's wardrobe.

☞ All Goods made up to order, in fashionable style, and at short notice. [Feb. 7, '57.

JOS. H. BLACK,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant,

AND DEALER IN

Whiskey, Flour, Grain and Produce Generally,

PAYS the highest market price for Wheat, Rye and Barley; buys and sells Bourbon Whiskey; and gives special attention to Receiving and Forwarding all Consignments to him.

Corner of Wall and Second Streets.

January 7th, 1857. *MAYSVILLE, KENTUCKY.*

MENDERSON & BROTHER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS & MASONIC & ODD FELLOWS REGALIA,

Corner of Market and Second Street, MAYSVILLE, KY.

WE Have just received their large and well selected stock of Clothing, suitable to the Season, to which we invite the attention of our old patrons and thoughtful generality. Our School contains every thing necessary for a Gentleman's outfit, of the latest and best workmanship. "Small profits and quick returns" is still our motto. Having a large Wholesale Establishment, we are enabled to give accommodating bargains to any House in the West, Wholesale or Retail. Call and see for yourselves.

☞ Remember the Corner.

Maysville, January 7th, 1857.

TRESPASSERS BEWARE.

IN Consequence of the numerous depredations and annoyance occasioned by the Trespass of Persons upon our Farms, we hereby notify all persons that we forbid Hunters with Dog and Gun, or with Dogs, the privilege of our Lands, and all persons cutting timber or in any manner committing Trespass upon said Lands, shall the Law will be rigorously enforced.

JNO. F. POYNTZ,
CHAS. S. PEARCE,
J. R. CHESNOWITH.

FRESH GROCERIES.

28 BBLS. cut crushed and Powdered Sugar;
50 bbls. and half bbls. Plantation Molasses;
75 bags Golden Syrup—Baltimore Refinery;
50 bags Prime Rio Coffee;
5 do Java do;
25 bbls. Lovering's B. B. Crushed Sugar;
50 " Stewart's New York Crushed and Granulated Sugar;
20 kits No. 1 Boston B. Mackerel;
25 half bbls. No. 1 do. do.
5 barrels Carolina Rice;
50 boxes Summer Mould Candles;
25 " Star do;

Just received and for sale by

Feb. 18 1857-2mo JNO. H. RICHESON.

DRIED FRUIT.

50 Bushels Tennessee Peaches—Halves;
" " Dried Apples;

For sale by

Feb. 18, 1857-2mo JNO. H. RICHESON.

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED.

100 Bushels Prime Clover Seed;
100 " Timothy Seed;
50 " Blue Grass Seed;

For sale by

Feb. 18, 1857-2mo JNO. H. RICHESON.

FAMILY FLOUR.

50 Barrels Franklin and Mason Mills;
Warranted choice, For sale by

Feb. 18, 1857-2mo JNO. H. RICHESON.

HALL & DODD'S IRON SAFES.

I Am Agent for the sale of the above celebrated Fire Proof Safes, and will sell them at Manufacturers prices. Call and examine Schedule of prices. JNO. H. RICHESON.

Maysville, February 18th, 1857-2mo.

PLANTATION MOLASSES.

100 Bbls. Plantation Molasses;
150 Half bbls. do. do.

Very Just Lefty.

February 18th, 1857. S. B. POYNTZ.

SUGAR HOUSE MOLASSES.

200 Barrels Goodale's Very Choice;
150 Half bbls. do. do.

Received per "*Empire City.*"

February 18th, 1857. S. B. POYNTZ.

GOLDEN SYRUP.

60 Kegs Golden Syrup, of superior quality, better than Sugar House Molasses, for sale by

February 18th, 1857. S. B. POYNTZ.

RIO COFFEE.

200 Bags Rio Coffee; Received per "*Albemarle*"

February 18th, 1857. S. B. POYNTZ.

RED KEY TOBACCO.

150 Boxes (assorted sizes) Red Key Tobacco; For sale by

February 18th, 1857. S. B. POYNTZ.

VIRGINIA TOBACCO.

25 Boxes Holland's American Star.
20 do. B. B.
60 do Hayden;
20 do Gibson, For Sale by

February 18th, 1857. S. B. POYNTZ.

LOVERINGS' SUGARS.

50 Bbls. D. E. Granulated Sugar;
20 bbls. D. E. Crushed do;
20 " Powdered do;

For Sale by

February 18th, 1857. S. B. POYNTZ.

CHOICE SUGAR.

25 Hhds. choice New Sugar, received this day

February 18th, 1857. S. B. POYNTZ.

FRESH TEAS.

50 Half Chests direct from New York

February 18th, '57. S. B. POYNTZ.

WHEELING NAILS.

200 Kegs, "assorted," best brand;

February 18th, 1857. S. B. POYNTZ.

WRAPPING PAPER.

200 Reams assorted sizes;

February 18th, 1857. S. B. POYNTZ.

BICARB SODA.

50 Cases "Dunn," for sale by

February 18th, 1857. S. B. POYNTZ.

POWDER, LEAD & SHOT.

100 Kegs Kentucky Rifle Powder;
100 do Sporting do;
100 Boxes Shot, Assorted Sizes;

February 18th, 1857. S. B. POYNTZ.

ANDERSON & ANDREWS,

Agents for LITTLE GIANT PORE AND COB MILLS.

No. 1, One horse Mill grinds 4 to 6 bus. per hour.
No. 2, One horse Mill grinds 10 to 15 bus. per hour.
No. 3, Two horse Mill grinds 15 to 20 bus. per hour.
No. 4, Three horse Mill grinds 20 to 25 bus. per hour.

Also, Agent for the celebrated Cleveland Scale, Sign of Big Jack Scale, and Marble Scale.

Maysville, Feb. 25, '57.

STAR CANDLES.

100 Boxes assorted, Louisville make;

February 18th, 1857. S. B. POYNTZ.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION

PHILADELPHIA.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO all persons afflicted with Sexual Diseases, such as SPERMATORRHŒA, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, IMPOTENCE, GONORRHŒA, GLEET, SYPHILIS, the Vice of ONANISM, or SELF-ABUSE, &c., &c.

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful state of Society, resulting from these sexual diseases, and the deceptions practised upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by quacks, have directed their Consulting Surgeon, to give a SEALED LETTER of information to those afflicted, who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of long standing and severe suffering, to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE.

The Howard Association is a benevolent Institution, established by special endowment, for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with "Virulent and Epidemic Diseases." It has now a surplus fund, which this Institution being noted to expend in advertising the above notice. It is now prepared to make all the Association recommends the highest Medical Skill of the day, which Institution the most approved modern treatment.

Just Published, for the Benefit of the Afflicted, a Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the Sin of Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, by the Chief Surgeon, which will be sent by mail, in a sealed envelope, LETTER FREE, on the receipt of TWO STAMPS for postage.

Address, Dr. GEO. E. CALLICUS, Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Board of Directors.

GEO. FAIRCHILD, Secretary.

Feb. 11th, 1857-1y

STOVES! STOVES!!

I have a good assortment of

COOKING STOVES, PARLOR GRATES,

TWO STORY PARLOR STOVES,

On hand at my MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT, on Market Street, near the street which I offer for sale for Cash or approved Barter as cheap as the same quality can be purchased in this City. JOHN C. REID.

JOB WORK.

TIN ROOFING put on houses, and all other kinds of Job Work done, by the line of business, in workmanlike manner. J. C. R.

Maysville, Feb. 18th, 1857.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

I Am now prepared to supply all demands for SCHOOL BOOKS, having received a large supply of the latest editions, which I offer at the different prices in use in this section of country.

G. W. BLATTERMAN, 2nd street.

September 19.

LANDRETHS' GARDEN SEEDS.

Have Arrived!

WE have just received a large assortment of the above well tried Seeds, and have now to be able to supply the demand this year. They are of the best quality, and may always be depended upon. Landreths' Seeds are known to the Horticulturists, as the most extensive in the Union, and their reputation is well sustained from year to year.

To the LADIES—we would invite the fair portion of our fellow citizens, to direct their particular attention to a separate assortment of FLOWER SEEDS, of select varieties.

☞ Everywhere else they will and get a Seed Book and Almanac, *gratis.*

SEATON, SHARPE & CO.

February 18th, 1857.

STATE MUTUAL

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

OFFICE, No. 72 Market Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

CAPITAL 200,000 DOLLARS.

INSURE ALL THE SAFER CLASSES OF PROPERTY, ON LIBERAL TERMS.

Also, against perils of Sea & Inland Navigation.

JOHN P. RUTHERFORD, President.

L. MORTON, Vice President.

S. WARD, Secretary.

☞ The undersigned, as Agent at Maysville is prepared at all times to take insurance on Dwellings, Stores, Manufactories, &c.

Of the Firm of Porter & Publicover.

Feb. 4, 1857-1y Maysville, West side.

NOTICE TO THE CREDITORS OF A. G. CARTER, Dec'd.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of A. G. Carter, dec'd, whether they be creditors or others, are hereby notified to present them to the undersigned, properly authenticated, on or before the 1st day of July, 1857, and those indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 4th day of March, 1857.

THOS. W. BULLOCK, E. C. C. C.

March 11th, 1857-3w.

BONNET BOARDS.

20 Gross Bonnet Boards, for sale by

February 18th, 1857. S. B. POYNTZ.

Just for Sale.

200 Bushels Virginia Red Top Seed;

February 18th, 1857. G. W. BLATTERMAN.

Weekly Maysville Express

Poetry.

The Universal Creed.

BY CHARLES MACKAY.

When little John is five years old,
With cheeks like peaches glowing,
Fairer than lilies, half-half shy,
And smiles like ripples flowing,
Analyze as thou wilt, thy wisdom him well,
And proud as famous Homer,
You'll find him joyous and alone
Yet sociable in a corner.

And older grown, a youth in years,
When tastes and pleasures vary,
He loves to hunt the cottage place,
With some one fair as Mary—
Some one who shares their talk may be,
Yet so modest whatever they say,
They're happy in the corner.

And later still, when past his prime,
Hey run his course of pleasure,
Still, still, he loves to be a mourner
The worth of things to measure,
What shadows I have chased, the price—
And sighs with heart forlorner—
Vexation, vanity and shame,
I say so from the corner!

Still faithful to the place he sits,
With wife and children round him,
And smokes the "calumet of peace,"
When troubles are well confined him;
Takes fortune kindly if she comes,
If absent does not mourn her;
So topple kingdoms if you will—
He's quiet in the corner!

The Silent Teacher of Humanity.

As evening clothed the world again in shadows,
A sullen walked with proud and stately pace,
And, midst his groves of palm, and vines, and aloes,
Looking suddenly a derelict in the face,
Who calmly and serene, and unexplanation
And lost in thought, upon the mossy ground;
Unmoved to be his lonely contemplation
To zero a human skull around and round.
The sultan at this meeting was surprised,
And addressed the stranger with an opening frown,
As if the humble thinker he despised,
What is thy company been was to be seen—
"I know, my lord, the day was scarcely breaking,
Replied the priest, "the sk ill you here behold;
But how are my brains I've since been raking,
Cannot decide the problem to unfold;
What relic of all my thoughts and calculation,
I cannot fathom, sire, is simply this:
Did a personalities own this dimension,
Or poor dervish only call it his?" (Fraiel.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

MAYSVILLE WEEKLY EXPRESS,

For 1857.

ROBERT McKEE, Proprietor.

Aside from the fact that the *Maysville Express* has always been a live paper, this seems to be a time peculiarly appropriate for us to issue our *Prospectus*, and appeal to our friends for their assistance and patronage.

The arduous labors of the campaign through which we have passed, were crowned with success. The candidate of the Democratic party—a man of undoubted abilities, of long and fruitful experience in public life, of exalted and incorruptible patriotism, and committed by the sentiments of a long life to the great fundamental principles of that party, is the President elect of the United States.

But we have triumphed over the enemies of the Constitution and the Union, only after a desperate struggle. The institutions of the Country are not yet safe. Sectionalism and fanaticism are defeated, but they are not destroyed. Already they are marshalling their forces and forming their plans for another attack upon the citadel of our liberties. Abolitionism, unabashed by its recent defeat, is again rearing its hydra-head in the North, threatening another and more fearful struggle for the mastery of the Union and the sacred honor of the South. In the South, the opposition are rallying to the support of their and American, intolerant and proscriptive dogmas; and though powerless themselves, will find and combine, encouragement and sympathy, they give our more powerful and, for that reason, more dreaded enemies in the North, make them a dangerous foe, against which we should wage a ceaseless warfare.

The whole world will be hold during this year for Congress, and in this State for the Legislature, are very important, for without a working majority in the National Legislature to sustain and assist the President, our success in the last campaign is but the shadow of a triumph, and can result in no lasting good to the Country. The opposition are now prepared to forget their past hatred to the Democracy and unite to defeat Democracy in the elections for Congress this summer; and will make a desperate effort to maintain their ascendancy in that body. Our success is not complete until the majority in both houses of Congress is unmistakably Democratic.

From Kentucky we can and *ought* to send eight Democratic members to the next Congress, and nothing but the most criminal apathy and unwarrantable negligence and inhcvrrenence and indifference can prevent our doing so. Are the Democrats and old line Whigs of Kentucky willing to permit Know Nothingism again to triumph here, and in that triumph snatch from them the fruits of their late hard-earned, but glorious victory? Certainly not; they will not rest from their labors until a second victory completes the revolution they have so gloriously commenced.

But to succeed in the August elections—to send a Democratic delegation to Congress, and secure a Democratic Legislature—will require an active, prudent and well conducted canvass; and we can see that our friends understand and appreciate the power and influence of the *Press* in all such conflicts. Wishing, as it does, the mightiest influence of the age, the democratic party would be false to its own interests, if it failed to see it. In fact, at the time, the democrats of Kentucky have been behind their competitors in their appreciation of the influence exerted by a party press; and to this may be attributed, in part their long and continuous defeat. But that time is past, and now no party in any State is more disposed to support and maintain the newspapers devoted to its interests, than the Democratic party of this State.

In such a state, and under these circumstances, we submit our *Prospectus* for the MAYSVILLE *Express*, for the next year, to the Democrats of Kentucky, and particularly of this, the Ninth, Congressional District, confidently believing that our friends see the importance of extensively circulating Democratic papers, and hoping to receive a large and immediate addition to our subscription list. There are *eight thousand* Democratic voters in this district alone, and certainly we may hope of increasing our circulation to *four thousand*, is not unreasonable. If our present subscribers, and political friends, will only make a little exertion to secure a large accession, success is more than realized; and the *Express* will be put on a condition to render good service to the party.

TERMS:

THE MAYSVILLE EXPRESS is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING.

It is devoted to Agriculture, Commerce, Manufactures, Literature, and Politics.

It will contain the latest MAYSVILLE and CINCINNATI MARKETS.

It will contain the latest Home, Foreign and Commercial News, Pith by the Mail, and Telegraph, up to the hour of going to press.

It will be sent to subscribers at Two Dollars per year, invariably in advance; and no news will be placed upon our books unless accompanied with the cash. All subscriptions will be stopped at the expiration of the time paid for, unless renewed.

Any person remitting us the names of five new subscribers, accompanied with the money, will receive a sixth copy; or ten copies will be sent to Clubs at Twenty Dollars.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

RICHARDSON'S
Advertisements and Corresponding Office
No. 305 Broadway, (opposite the Park,)
NEW YORK.

PHALON'S PAPHIAN LOTION,
Or Floral Beautifier.

A great Cosmetic for beautifying the skin and complexion, and for curing Chapped Hands, Pimples, Freckles, Tetter, Ringworm, Pimples, Blotches, Herbs, etc. A sure and safe cure for the Piles—one wash will give immediate relief, and a few days will cure it; it is very soothing to the skin. It keeps the hands soft and white, and for all inflammations of the skin it will be found to be a great remedy. Price One Dollar per bottle.

PHALON'S MAGIC HAIR DYE.

One of the very best Hair Dyes in the world. Its long time has proved it to be beyond comparison; and being a vegetable production, no injury can possibly be done to the skin. It is neat, efficient, and you can obtain a black or a brown which will carry the hair perfectly in all the Fashionable shades. Price $1 and 1 50 per box.

Made and sold by F. PHALON, 48 BROADWAY, corner Dey St., and 347 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel, N. Y. and all Druggists and Fancy Stores throughout the United States.

PHALON'S CHEMICAL HAIR INVIGORATOR.

The most complete article of the kind ever before offered to the public. It has stood the test for twenty years in the United States, and by the many hundreds of imitations have been able to compete with it for preserving, dressing, and beautifying the Hair, and keeping the head clean from dandruff, etc. It is inestimable; in short it is everything the hair requires. Price 50 cents and $1 per bottle. [Dec 10, 1856-3m.

IT IS NOT A DYE!

GREY haired, Bald, or persons afflicted with disease of the hair or scalp, read the following, and judge of

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Rev. M. THACHER (60 years of age), Pittsfield, Chenango County, N. Y., "My hair was restored to its natural color and ceases to fall."

Rev. M. CUTTER, Ed. Mother's Magazine, N. Y. "My hair is changed by your matchless compounding, and is growing on bald spots."

Rev. B. P. STONE, D. D., Concord, N. H.—"Your hair, which was grey, is now restored to its natural color."

Rev. A. BLENDENIN, Chicago, Ill. "I can add my testimony, and recommend to my friends."

Rev. D. T. WOOD, Middletown, Ct. "My hair has grown thickness, and also that of one of my family, who was becoming bald."

Rev. J. WESTON, Charlestown, Mass. "The white hair is becoming obviated, and new hair forming."

Rev. L. FRINK, Silver Creek, N.-Y. "It has produced a good effect on my hair, and I can, and have recommended it."

Rev. JOS. McKEE, Pastor of West D. R. Church N. Y., recommends it.

Rev. D. McPHERRIS, Cross River, N. Y. also, and Mrs. Rev. E. ALPRATT, Hamden, N. Y.

We might extend the list, but if the above fail to convince, TRY IT! Sold by all the principal merchants in the United States. Wholesale Depot, 114 Wholesale and Retail Depot, No. 855 Broome street, New York. Some dealers try to sell articles in imitation of this, on which they make more profit, if so, write to depot for circular and information.

October 22, '55.—6 mo.

IF YOUR HAIR IS FALLING OEF, it can be prevented and preserved in a healthy and luxuriant growth, by the use of BALLARD'S HAIR PRESERVER, price 25 cents, 50 cents, and $1,—elegantly perfumed.

IF YOUR HAIR IS GREY, there is nothing equal to BALLARD'S HAIR DYE. It makes any shade, from brown to the most superb black, without injuring the health or injuring the hair or the skin. It was for these peerless qualities it received the premium at the World's Fair, and has the endorsement of the most eminent chemists, Drs. Chilton and Torrey.

Manufactured, sold and applied at 498 and 500 Broadway, New York.

Oct. 8, '56—1y

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & COMPANY,

BANKER'S,

Cor. Pine and Nassau Streets, New York.

LETTERS of Credit and Circular Notes, available in Europe, for travellers, available in all the *principal cities of the world*. Also,

Bills of Exchange on Commercial Credits on the *Oriental Bank Corporation*, London, Messrs. *Geo. Peabody & Co.*, London, and *Bank of New South Wales*, Australia.

Bills of Exchange and Cash Credits on California and Australia, furnished on application.

Interest Allowed on current accounts and special deposits, subject to arrangement.

October 1, 1856—1y.

LOOKING GLASSES

Phenix Looking Glass and Picture Frame manufactory, HORACE Y. SHEPARD, Nos. 288, 290 and 292 Greenwich street, corner of Beach, New York.

October 1, 1856—1y

HAZLETON & BROTHERS.

PIANO FORTE MANUFACTURERS,

No. 200, Centre Street, New York.

Where may be found a superior assortment of Pianos, in Grand, Square and Pyramid, from 6 to 7 1-4 octaves, of the *best materials*, and warranted by distinguished artists to be unsurpassed. Will be sold on the most reasonable terms and warranted to stand in any climate. *Orders from the country promptly attended to* and such Piano guaranteed to give satisfaction. If not so, the Piano may be returned to us, we refunding the money and freight.

At the Great Exhibition at the Crystal Palace New York, 1853, a Piano was exhibited by HAZLETON & BROTHERS, for the superior quality of their Piano Fortes, which received the Premium, and pronounced, *Good Durability of Tone*, and placed in the highest grade by the following *Distinguished Judges*—WILLIAM MOBIE, *Chairman on Musical Instruments*, JULLIEN, MAX MARETZEK, W. H. FRY, S. ADAMS, J. P. HEINRICH, C. E. MEIGNER, EMELIUS GIRAU, DWIGHT, *Jury on Musical Instruments*; GEO. F. BRISH, *Secretary on Musical Instruments*.

June 16th, 1856-1y

POTICHOMANIE.

The new and beautiful art of ornamenting the simplest Glass Vessel to resemble the finest China, at a trifling cost. Vases, Urns, Cups, Saucers, Tumblers, Goblets, Decanters, Lamps, Lanterns, etc. Ladies and Gentlemen are alike fascinated with the delightful occupation. A choice and elegant amusement for Children and Schools, encouraging a taste for neatness in design and harmonious combination of colors. The whole Art can be perfectly acquired in half an hour. Kit of materials, separately $1. Boxes containing 2 Vases, Book, and every Article required $5, sent by Express.

CONTINENTAL NEAT'S CO. Sole Agents.

June 18, 1856-1y 502 Broadway, N.Y.

THE EYE AND EAR.

During my late tour in Europe, I obtained several valuable secrets, which I intend to immediate value in my specialty. There is now nothing known to the faculty in either Hemisphere which I am not fully prepared to furnish, combined with an extensive practice for 20 years in the City of New York, enable me to ensure SIGHT and HEARING in many cases hitherto deemed hopeless. Cataract positively cured by a new method, without pain, and Artificial Eyes Cross Eyes in a few seconds. Amaurosis cured in the majority of cases. Gentlemen's Ear Drums of Ears and Watery Eye, invariably also, Deafness, dangling in the Ear and Discharges, by operations in other parts of the Ear. Sore Eyes, price 50 cts, also, ARTIFICIAL EYES which move and look exactly like the natural Eye, and are inserted without operation, with all remedies, forwarded by mail. *Consultations by letter receive attention.*

JAMES W. POWELL, M. D.,
Oculist, Aurist, &c.
Offices, 502 Broadway, New York.
June 18, 1856-1y

GOLD MEDAL PIANOS

STEINWAY & SONS, MANUFACTURERS,
84 *Walker Street, New York*,

RECEIVED First Prize Medals for superiority, with the best makers in Europe, Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

TWO FIRST PRIZE MEDALS at the *World's Fair*, New York, 1853, and the *GOLD MEDAL* at the Crystal Palace, N. York, *GOLD MEDAL* at the Mechanics' Institute, Boston, 1855. *THE FIRST PRIZE MEDAL* at the Fair, Crystal Palace, New York, 1855, and the *GOLD MEDAL* at the Fair, Mechanics' Institute, Boston, 1855, and others. In all 8 Gold Medals, which have been awarded to them for three years, and a written guarantee given. Pianos packed and shipped without charge.

Warerooms, Walker Street, near Broadway.

Cash Superior INDIGO, a superior article, just received from New York, by

Oct. 22, '56 GEO. STEER, STARPE & CO.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Undersigned have this day formed a Co-Partnership under the firm of COONS, TICKNOR & CO.

The Principal Office of the Company is in the City of Maysville, Ky. The business of the Company (CHARLES R. COONS, Agent) will be conducted on behalf of the Company, by the Agent above named, in the prosecution of its legitimate business, except in cases where some other Agent may be appointed by a special objection by a resolution of the Board of Managers.

Our Mines are now in full operation, and we shall, in future, be ready to furnish *CANNEL COAL OIL*, of the finest quality, for the various purposes to which it can be advantageously adapted.

CHARLES R. COONS,
THO. J. PICKETT,
THOS. A. MATTHEWS, *Maysville, Ky.*
JAMES BARBOUR,
HARRISON TAYLOR,
MARCUS A. FINCH, *Covington, Ky.*
GEORGE W. COONS,
W. S. MCKIBBEN,
F. L. CLEVELAND,
A. W. MORRISON,
JOSEPH J. DAVIS, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

January 14, 1857-tf

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

The Subscriber begs leave to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has received a very fine Stock of Goods in his line, consisting in part of Gold and Silver Lever Watches of the most approved makers; Railway Time-keepers in Gold Silver Cases; Gold Fob and Vest Chains; Key and Button Gold Pens; Gold Cameo, Mosaic, Gold-stone, and Florentine setts complete, for Ladies; Gold Finger Rings; Gold Ear Rings and patrons; Lockets; Box Pins for Pictures, Cuff Pins; Gold and Silver Thimbles and Spectacles.

I shall be receiving Goods until the 20th of December.

Watches and Clocks carefully repaired and warranted to perform.

Jewelry neatly repaired and cleaned.

Maysville, Dec. 5, '56. J. S. GILPIN.

Sign of the Big Axe!

TO COOPERS.

WE have constantly on hand every description of *Coopers' Stock*, and make

ALSO

A large lot of *Moffitts'* celebrated *True Hoops*, which we offer at the lowest cash price. Set apart attention. ANDERSON & ANDREWS,

"SIGN BIG AXE," 20 & 22, Market St.

Maysville, December 3rd, 1856.

COMMISSION BUSINESS.

HAVING purchased Mr. Jno. H. Rickenson's entire interests in the Warehouse Property, on the Corner of Second and Sutton Streets, I will continue the **Commission, Grocery and Produce Business**, as heretofore, at the late concern. My Warehouses are Fire-proof, and being large and conveniently arranged, I am prepared to do any amount in the way of *Receiving and Forwarding Goods* to the interior, and can offer for Shipment a large quantity of *Tobacco, Grain* and other *Produce* that may be confided to my care by my friends.

Orders for the purchase of *Produce* or other articles shall at all times have my particular attention.

Maysville, Ky., Jan. 7, 1857-tf

AMBROTYPES.

DURING the year 1857, I want to make pictures for Seven Eighths of the people in

MASON COUNTY,

Also—of four fifths of **Lewis County**.

About One Half of **Bracken County**, Fifth in "great strength" in Brown and Bracken Counties and the adjoining counties in Ohio.

JOHN CADWALLADER.

At the Daguerreotype Gallery, on Market street

Jan. 28, 1857. Maysville, Ky.

SADDLERY.

OUR Stock of SADDLERY is now larger than ever, and we are enabled to offer Good Goods cheap. Saddlery and Hardware House. We ask of Saddlers and the trade an examination of our Stock. ANDERSON & ANDREWS,

"SIGN BIG AXE," 20 & 22, Market St.

Maysville, December 3rd, 1856.

BROOM CORN WANTED.

BROOM CORN will be received in large or small lots to be in worked into brooms or cash paid for the same if brought in before the 1st of December next, at the Factory, Market St. Maysville. JOHN CADWALLADER.

November 19, 1856.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

BLUM & KAHN,

HAVE just arrived from the East, a GREAT WESTERN CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT,

On 2d Street, opposite Wormald's Hat Store, Maysville, Ky.,

A large and complete assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING

Of the best quality, suitable for Fall and Winter service. Their stock has been selected with great care, and is the largest and best variety ever offered in this market. It is unnecessary to enumerate the various articles of which their stock consists, but every thing usually kept in a Gentleman's Wardrobe, may be had of them of the newest and most fashionable style, and *little big prices*. Their goods have not had to be laid up for a year in this City.

They have also a larger and better stock of common goods than usual which they will sell very low.

Their connection with an extensive House in Baltimore, enables them to obtain at any time such a supply of goods as will keep their stock always full.

Their friends and customers, and the public generally are invited to give them a call and test the truth of the above assertions.

☞ Remember the *Great Western Establishment*.

October 15, 1856.

SEATON, SHARPE & CO.,

DRUGGISTS,

SUTTON STREET, MAYSVILLE, KY

WOULD say to their customers and the public generally, that they are now receiving from the Eastern Markets and Manufacturers in various parts of the Union, large supplies of goods to their line. Their stock is very complete, and they are prepared to sell cheap for cash or barter in any western house. They solicit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them.

☞ The highest market price will at all times be paid for Beeswax, Mustard seed, Ginseng, and Bees' Wax.

Maysville, Ky., Sept. 10, '56.tf

MAYSVILLE INSTITUTE.

THE next Scholastic Year of this Institution will commence on the first Monday in September. The Principal, Miss J. E. Fraser, will be aided by competent Teachers, as the interests of the Institute may require.

The course of study embraces the elementary and higher English branches, with the French, Latin, Drawing, Music, Painting, and Drawing.

A prospectus containing all the pupils will be had at the store of Messrs. Dodson & Co. Such Young Ladies as have completed the prescribed course of study, will be entitled to a diploma, and all who honors of regular graduates.

Tuition per quarter in Primary Department $6 00
" " Junior " 8 00
" " Senior " 10 00

Board can be obtained in private families at moderate rates.

All bills payable quarterly, and no deductions will be made, except in cases of long sickness.

E. S. MINER, President.
E. P. METCALFE, Secretary.

Maysville, August 6, 1856.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

I AM now prepared to supply all demands for SCHOOL BOOKS, having received a large and well selected stock, which I offer at the lowest cash prices. Call and examine for yourselves.

G. W. BLATTERMAN.

August 30 Second street.

WAITERS

SINGLE and in sets of superior quality and of beautiful styles just opened by

ANDERSON & ANDREWS.

Sign of the Big Axe, Market Street.

Maysville, sept. 11th, '56.

TWILIGHT POMADE.

For all the purposes that have been thought of, such as to produce a luxuriant growth of the finest hair in a short time, in some equal the wonderful discovery (who spent a decade in studying, experimenting and perfecting it) first introduced to the public by the Author, who is recognized as the most eminent physicians in all parts of the Union, and has been pronounced a perfect and effective remedy for certain diseases of which they have knowledge.

All other compounds or sprays of this root have heretofore failed to command the sanction of the faculty, because, forsooth, they could not be found to contain noxious ingredients, which nullifies the good effects of the Sarsaparilla, and leaves these ingredients in the system. It is not so with Hurley's preparation.

It is free from all injurious effects of the root, and will on trial, be found to effect a certain cure of the following complaints, and many others not enumerated in the form, Habitual Costiveness, Debility, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Liver complaint, Dyspepsia, Pulmonary Diseases, Erysipelas, Scrofula or King's Evil, Female Irregularities, and all Skin Diseases.

Besides curing the blood, it is known to be a great and powerful tonic, purifying the blood and invigorating the system.

In short, it is without exception, in the cases mentioned, and its general effect on the system is so conscious and so decisive, as to meet every of the age. It is already extensively used throughout the country, and is fast obtaining an European and South American reputation of cures it has effected are daily coming to the proprietor's notice, and he has no hesitation in recommending it to one and all who desire to procure relief from suffering. One bottle has effected a cure, and he is confident to admit of further doubt.

Prepared for sale by the proprietor, Hurley's Sarsaparilla is the only genuine article in the market.

Price $1 per bottle or six bottles for $5.

For Sale at the Manufactory, on the corner of Seventh and Green streets, Louisville, Ky., and by the Sole Agent, Druggists throughout the United States and Canada. For sale in Maysville by

SEATON, SHARPE & CO.

Sept. 10, '56—1y

Wholesale.

J. D. PARE, Cincinnati, O.
ALLEN & CO. "
F. KESTEEN & CO. "

THE KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE!

DIRECTED by board of Visitors appointed by the State, and under the immediate patronage of Col. E. W. MORGAN, a distinguished graduate West Point, and a practical Engineer, and a man of a able Faculty.

The course of study is that taught in the best colleges, with the addition of a thorough course in Mathematics, Mechanics Practical Engineering and Military Tactics. Also, Ancient and Modern Historical Readings, Book-keeping, Business Forms, and in Modern Language.

The Institute is a semi-annual session, to now open Charge, $100 per half yearly session, payable in advance.

The construction and extension of the buildings, will make room, this season, for additional pupils, and the past year has been uncommonly all declined.

☞ Address the Superintendent, at "*Military Institute, Frankfort, Ky.*," or the undersigned.

P. DUDLEY, *Prest't of the Board.*

Sept. 19, '56. tf

CARRIAGE MAKING.

THE firm of Bierbower & Robinson having made an assignment to the undersigned Trustees for the benefit of the Creditors, we notice that they will carry on the business, until the material now on hands is worked up and dec, sold.

The present fine stock of *Buggies, Carriages, &c.*, will be sold at low rates for *Cash*.

We have employed Bierbower & Robinson to work up the material on hand and get it ready for satisfied customers. Persons wishing to purchase, can call upon the undersigned or upon Messrs Bierbower & Robinson.

Work will be done for PROMPT CASH.

A. TURNER, JOSEPH BIERBOWER,
A. PURNELL,
A. SEATON,
Trustees.

Jan. 22nd, tf.

MAYSVILLE FOUNDRY.

THE Undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he now prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.

Engines built to order, or old Engines repaired. The excellent New Encyclopedia, and variety of tools. Don't "wait for the wagon," as we shall sell low to the first comer. Call and see.

SEATON, SHARPE & CO.

May 22.

PIANO FORTES!

I Have just received direct from the celebrated Manufactory of Grovesteen & Treitland surpass all other PIANOS. In richness and quality of tone, and delicacy of touch, they cannot be surpassed, while their extreme finish and appearance is unusually elegant.

Their prices are exceedingly reasonable.

Persons are invited to examine for themselves.

G. W. BLATTERMAN, 2nd street.

Sept. 17, '56

New Importation of HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c., &c.

BY recent heavy receipts of Hardware, Cutlery & Saddlery, Iron, &c., direct from manufacturers and Importers, in connection with goods previously in store, we now offer to the trade a stock of goods adapted in quantity, quality, in its wants, and of character and at prices which that of any house in the country can compete with. Our facilities give us the ability, we are determined to exert it, and we invite our friends and the public to call and visit our interests in going beyond this market to buy Hardware. We respectfully ask of them and all others a share of patronage, and will

ANDERSON & ANDREWS,

April 25, 1856. 20 & 22, Market Street.

BLACKSMITH COALS.

DELIVERED at different sizes and of the best make, yn hand.

ANVILS.—5500 Pounds of Anvils, assorted sizes, just received.

VISES.—900 lbs *Solid Box* Vises, assorted sizes, just received. Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B. Repairing done, of work in my line done in the best style and on the shortest notice. Send in your order, and they will be promptly attended to

JOHN BECK,
Market Street,
Near the lower end of the Market House.

Maysville, Ky., April 8th, 1856.

CLARK'S CELEBRATED

COMPLETE FLOUR MILL,

GRINDING AND BOLTING at a Single Operation. To be seen daily, at

No. 213, Broadway, corner of Court St., (2d Story.)

W. W. HAMER & CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

THIS MILL is the cheapest, most simple, durable, and respectable Flour Mill, requires less attention, and making a larger yield and better quality of flour, than any other Mill in use. Mills can be seen operating, and testimonials of these facts by examining the Mill; and our numerous testimonials from practical Millers, who have those Mills in use.

W. W. HAMER & CO.

The undersigned are Agents for the right for this celebrated Mill, in Mason and Bracken Counties, Ky., and respectfully invite persons to call at the "Mason Mills" in Maysville, and see it in perfect operation.

For sale, also, in Georgetown, Washington.

CLARK & KIRE, Maysville.

August 20, 1856.

J. M. STOCKTON,

Agent for Mason County.

BETWEEN SEVEN AND WALL

MAYSVILLE, KY.,

WHOLESALE Grocer, Commission Merchant, Dealer in Produce generally; also, Real Estate Business and Insurance Agent.

June 14, 1856.

WALL PAPERS!

I AM just receiving from New York seven I double sums of Wall Paper, Borders, Window Shades, Fancy Goods, &c., &c., &c. This is addition to my stock received previously, constitutes an assortment both in quality and price that cannot be surpassed.

G. W. BLATTERMAN.

April 22—tf 2nd Street.

FARMERS having large or small lots of Broom Corn, will find a ready market for it, or they can have it made into Brooms on the shares, at the Broom Factory on Walnut street, Maysville.

JOHN CADWALLADER.

Maysville, October 15, '56.

I. I. ADAMS & CO'S BRUSHES.

WE have now on hand, by our last importation, a full and complete stock of the finest Brushes of every description, which we propose to carry to the trade.

SEATON, SHARPE & CO.

Sept. 17, '56.

TWILIGHT POMADE.

For the rapid Cure of

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

The following remedies are offered to the public as the best, most efficacious, and most valuable science can afford. ATWA'S CATHARTIC PILLS have been pronounced with the utmost satisfaction by the profession of this age possessed, and their effects show they have virtues which surpass any combination of medicines hitherto known. Other preparations do more or less good; but this curse such dangerous symptoms, which so quick and so surely, as to prove its efficacy and a power to uproot disease beyond any remedy which has been known before. By removing the obstructions of the internal organs and stimulating them into healthy action, they renovate the entire system, and vigor—health courses anew through the body, and the sick man is well again. They are adapted to decency, and disease only, for when taken by one in health they produce but little effect. This is the particular of medicine, which is antagonistic to disease, and no more. Tender children may take them with impunity. If they are sick they will cure them; if they are well they will do them no harm.

Published to the patient public who has been prostrated with illness complaint; see his bent-up, tottering form stagger with strength again; see his long-lost appetite return; see his clammy features blossom into health. Give them to some unfortunate dyspeptic, whose face is as pale as a mozzle; his skin is covered with sores; who stands, or sits, or lies in anguish that has been drenched inside and out with every potion which ingenuity could suggest. Give him one box of these pills, and he will see the pale fall from his body; see the new, fair skin that has grown under them; see the late leper rise in health. See the sallow, sickly complexion, burnt out by the fire of fever, and the fiery humors have planted rheumatism in his joints and bones; see him, who has for years been crippled, or too has been soaked through every muscle of his body with inflammatory pain, and see the healing pills go to his blood; they may not cure him, for, alas! there are cases which no mortal power can reach; but many, who have been crutches now, can now be walks alone; they have cured him. Give them to the man, who, haggard dyspeptic, whose gnawing stomach has long ago eaten every smile from his face and every muscle from his body. Give them to the man, and with it his health; see the new man. See her that was radiant with health and loveliness blasted and her early vitality gone away; want of exercise, or mental anguish, or some lurking disease has changed the internal fluid of her digestion, assimilation, or secretion, till they do their office ill. Her blood is vitiated, her face is pale. Give her ATWA'S PILLS to stimulate the vital principle into renewed vigor, to cast out the obstructions, and infuse a new vitality into the blood. Now look again—the roses blossom on her cheek, and where lately sorrow and joy lurked from the body. Now look at the sweet infant wasted with worms. Its wan, sickly features tell you without diagnosis, what its mother knows. Give the PILLS in large doses to sweep these vile parasites from the body. Now look again and see the rosy bloom of childhood. Is it nothing to do these things? Are they not the marvel of this age? And yet they are done around you every day.

Have you the less serious symptoms of these distempers, there are the same cures. Jaundice, Costiveness, Headache, Sickness, Heartburn, Foul Stomach, Nausea, Pain in the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, King's Evil, Neuralgia, Gout, and kindred complaints all arise from the derangements which these PILLS rapidly cure. Take them perseveringly, and under the counsel of a good Physician if you can; if not, take them judiciously by such advice as we give you, and the distressing, dangerous diseases they cure, which arise from the pollutions of the human race, are cast out like the devils of old—they must borrow in the brutes and in the swine. Fifty cents per box—two for $1 00.

Through a trial of many years and through every nation of civilized men, ATWA'S CHERRY PECTORAL has been found to afford more relief and to cure more cases of pulmonary complaints than any other remedy known to mankind. Cases of apparently settled Consumption have been cured by it, and thousands of sufferers who were denied hope beyond the reach of human aid have been restored to their friends and to health. Its soothing, healing and the enjoyments of life, by this all-powerful antidote to diseases of the lungs and throat, which would lead to Consumption. He tries every thing; but the disease fastens upon his vitals, and shows the fatal symptoms more and more over all his frame. He is taking the CHERRY PECTORAL now: it has relieved his cough so that he can sleep at night, his sleep is sound at night: his appetite returns, and with it his strength. The pain which pierced his side is broken. Scarcely any neighborhood can be found which has not some living trophy like this to shadow forth the virtues which have won for the CHERRY PECTORAL an unparkable renown. But its usefulness does not end here. No, it accomplishes more by prevention than cure. The cough, cold, and other slight ailments of nature are the seed which would have ripened into a dreadful harvest of incurable diseases. Influenza, Croup, Bronchitis Hoarseness, Tightness, Whooping Cough, and all irritations of the throat and lungs are easily cured by the CHERRY PECTORAL if taken in season. Every family should have it by them, and they will find it an invaluable protection from the insidious power which seizes on the parent sheep from many a flock, the darling lamb from many a home.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass., and sold by all Druggists everywhere.

Sold Wholesale and Retail, by
SEATON, SHARPE & CO.
Druggists Sutton st., Maysville, Ky.

July 2, '56.

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S Ready Relief;
Radway's Ready Resolvent;
Radway's Ready Pills;
For sale by Wholesale and Retail, by

MACKEY & WOOD.

August 26, 1856.

Leveden & Co.'s Family Medicines.

Pile Remedy;
Indian Expectorant;
Oriental Hair Tonic;
Alterative;
Female Elixir;
Fever and Ague Pills;
Compound Carminative Balsam;
Indian Vermifuge;
Indian Sensative Pills;
All-Healing Salve;
Sole agent for the above medicines.

Just received a complete stock of the above medicines. MACKEY & WOOD.

Maysville, August 26th, 1856.

TO SPORTSMEN.

JUST received by Express, the finest assortment of FISHING TACKLE ever brought to this Market, consisting of Jones Patent Floats, Sea Grass Lines, and fine Hooks of the following brands: Tout Bass, Sweetwater, Limerick, Carlisle, Virginia, Trout & Kirby. By

ANDERSON & ANDREWS.

May 31, '56. Sign of the Big Axe.

PORT MONAIES POCKET BOOKS &c

I AM just receiving from New York a large Assortment of Porte-Monaies, Pocket Books, Purses, Wallets, &c., &c., of the latest and most styles and pattern, affording the best variety ever brought to this market.

G. W. BLATTERMAN.

Maysville, Oct. 8, 1856.

SADDLES.

The subscriber keeps constantly on hand, a large assortment of Saddles, and a good assortment of Gentlemen and Ladies' Saddles, made up of the best materials, and by the best workmen. I have them wanting a really fine article, at a moderate price, call and see them.

Sept. 26. T. E. RICKETTS.

TRUNKS, HAND TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS.

A fine assortment of well made Trunks and Hand Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c. on hand and for sale, at the Saddlery and Harness establishment of the undersigned, on Second Street.

Sept. 26th. T. E. RICKETTS.

BROOMS.

The Undersigned having opened a House for the manufacture and sale of Brooms, invites the attention of the trade. Brooms are warranted to be made of the best material, and well tied, and if not so, will be sent back and the money refunded.

JOHN CADWALLADER.

Maysville, October 15, '56.

100 TONS BROOM CORN WANTED.

CONTRACTS for Broom-Corn will be made with Parties at paying rates. Call at the Broom Factory, on Walnut street.

JOHN CADWALLADER.

Maysville, October 15, '56.

OCHESTER NURSERIES.

ADJOINING THE CEMETERY, MAYSVILLE, KY.

THE Proprietor of these Nurseries, would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Mason and the adjoining Counties, that he has now on hand, a large and well selected stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, &c., of all descriptions, in time for planting in the coming Spring, 1857.

It is the aim of the Proprietors to establish a Nursery which shall be *deferior to none of the East or West, for correctness and reliability.* Every thing sent out by them will be warranted true to name, and in good order. Every thing cultivated in the East or Cincinnati, may be obtained at the Rochester Nurseries, at the same prices, thereby saving the cost of transportation. Trees will be securely packed and delivered free of any distance required on board the most reliable conveyance.

The Proprietors in going to the expense which they have, expect to be remunerated by Kentucky, and will thus be a Nursery which will be a credit to the State as good or *better rates than elsewhere. The Apple Tree sold by them are all inspected in the field*, and are those which have those varieties shown the ground.

All orders left at the Counting Room of W. & N. Pogue, Corner of Sut and Market streets, or at the Nursery, will receive prompt attention.

Orders from a distance should be addressed to

GEO. G. CURTISS & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Geo. G. Curtiss, Jas. Powers,
Jas. Powers, Jr. Maysville, Ky.

July 23, 1856-tf

CHAINS,

WE have just received a large stock of Tree Log, Fifth, Tongs, Lock, Back, Cant Halter, Hog, and Stage Chainsand Swivels.

ANDERSON & ANDREWS,
"Sign of the Big Axe."

BUILDING.

WE have constantly on hand a large Stock of Pine, Lathes, Shingles, Shutter Fastenings and every description of BUILDING HARDWARE, to where we invite the attention of Builders.

ANDERSON & ANDREWS,
Sign of the Big Axe, Market st.

Sept. 17, '56

To Country Merchants, Druggists, Physicians and others.

SEATON, SHARPE & CO.,

Sign Big Axe, No. 20 & 22 Market Street.

Maysville, April 16, 1856.

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

THE undersigned is just in receipt of his Spring Stock, to which he invites the attention of the Public. My Stock of Watches is the finest ever kept in this market and all warranted. The best watch out for Time, will be found among my stock, which is large.

Railway Time Keeper,

Call and see them. Jewelry of all styles and Silver ware in a business place, will be found and anything made to order at New York prices.

WORK.

I will have the services of Chas. Dreyer, Esq., in Watch Repairing, all kinds of work and time pieces carefully and neatly repaired and warranted. ROBERT F. ADAIR.

Maysville, March, 19, 1856.

STATIONERY

THE undersigned is just receiving from New York, a choice lot of Stationery, all of the best quality, and cheap, of which, I have some numerated.

Gaytner Books, Mann's Patent,
Draper's Inkstands,
Counting Houses and Fancy Inkstands, in great variety,
French Calendars;
Porcelain Pen Holders;
Indelible Ink;
Backgammon Boards;
Chessmen Boards;
Faber's Pencils, Nos. 1, 2, 3 & 4;
Brookman's Langdon's do;
Envelopes, Cream Laid, *extra thick*;
Drawing Paper;
Blotting Paper;
Reference Files, *different sizes*;
Note Paper, plain and gilt;
Parchment Board;
Quill Pens, ready made;
Do Pens, Nos. 1 to 6;
Maynard & Noyes' Inks;
Visiting C