

# THE PROGRESSIVE.

THOU SHALT NOT STEAL, BRIBE NOR GRAFF

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## HOW THE FLOOD AFFECTED KENTUCKY

Reports From Points Which Suffered Most in This State Shows the Toll Very Small When Compared With That Exacted From Other States.

Frankfort.—The Kentucky river which had been raising at the rate of a foot an hour for fourteen hours came to a stand on the morning of March 28, at a stage of 38.2 feet, more than two feet higher than the January stage. Both the gas and electric light plants were put out of commission. A rise of two more feet would flood the penitentiary. The factories along the river from the water plant on the south side to the Kehney lumber company's plant on the north were forced to suspend because of being surrounded by water.

Hickman.—More than 350 of the houses in water from which the residents were driven or forced to the upper story. All the manufacturers have placed teams at the disposal of the victims of the flood and the old State House was opened to be a storehouse for household goods. Hundreds are forced to content themselves with cots furnished by friends or by the city. The churches have converted their missions into soup houses. Gov. McCreary, in response to a telegram asking for tents promised to send some.

Thousands of dollars damage has been done to residences, live stock and personal property. Not in thirty years has the river been so full of drift made up of carcasses of dead animals, lay stacks, small buildings and barns. Many queer things were noted in the drift. Among them a live chicken on the body of a dead cow. So far there have been no fatalities. Women with babies in their arms were carried by the men to places of safety. All traffic by railroad delayed and the rural route badly crippled.

Winchester.—Conditions along the Kentucky river have become alarming. At Lock 10, at Ford, the water rose over twenty-eight feet. Already the south end of the dam at Boonesboro has been washed out, and it is thought the entire dam will give away.

Henderson.—It is feared great losses will be sustained in this section. Thousands of bushels of corn on the river banks have been washed away. Hundreds of people are driven from their homes and charitable societies are relieving suffering. Those who were driven from their homes in January can hardly stand another loss. It is likely that the damage will greatly exceed that of the recent flood.

Paducah.—On the 28th there was a 40 foot stage and the river still rising. The cold weather may have a favorable effect on the rise. The only hope to avoid a flood is held out that the Mississippi will fall and permit the waters of the Ohio, Cumberland and Tennessee rivers to pass out rapidly. If the river does not exceed fifty feet no damage will be done at Paducah.

Leon.—The little Sandy river is higher today than ever known. The stage is greater by two feet than that of 1888. A number of families are surrounded by water

in their homes. One of the E. K. Railroad bridges has been washed away and other damage has been done.

Carlisle.—The Licking river is higher than ever before known. Almost every business house and dwelling in six or seven villages of Nicholas county are under water.

The flood extends from Myers to Pleasant Valley.

Somerset.—The high waters of the Cumberland swept away a great deal of timber along its banks carrying away two big booms of the Kentucky Lumber Company at Burnside. However with clear weather the streams in this county are receding. It is impossible to estimate the damage in Pulaski County but it will exceed \$100,000. Never in the history of the county has the destruction been so terrible.

Beattyville.—A flood situation which has not been equaled for years has developed. Many of the business houses and dwellings are submerged and the river has carried away one of the iron bridges. The larger part of the town in the bottoms is under water. The L. & N. railroad has almost been put out of commission by landslides and wash-outs. One of the bridges at Clay City has been destroyed.

Hawesville.—The conditions at this point are alarming, it is expected that the water will be higher than in 1888. The school closed, and the water works and electric light plants are now shut down.

Owensboro.—The situation is threatening and indications are the water will be higher than ever before. The people in this district have taken warning and removed to higher ground. The Panther creek is on a rampage and the little towns along its banks are surrounded by water. Trains are on delayed schedule.

Manchester.—A cloudburst accompanied by tremendous hail-storm on Little Goose Creek resulted in a terrific tide which carried away thousands of dollars worth of logs and rafts, and washing away the land that had been ploughed for crops. So far there has been no loss of life.

Milton.—Only a few homes in the town are above water.

Elizabethton.—West Point has the most destructive flood in its history. A number of white families and every negro family in town have moved out of their homes.

Traffic totally suspended on the E. K. Railroad on account of the flood. About 400 feet of track between Webville and Willard is washed out. 200 feet between Willard and Hitchins and one bridge between Grayson and Hitchins washed out. Culverts at several points have been torn out and slipping took place in some of the tunnels on the road.

### Impetus Given Road Question.

The present year promises to be the greatest in the history of the movement for the improvement of the public roads of the United States, according to the reports received from all parts of the country by the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture. A joint committee of Congress is engaged in an investigation of the feasibility of Federal aid in the construction, improvement and maintenance of public highways, and State legislatures are considering good road legislation. In connection with the general impetus that the good road movement has recently had in all parts of the country, the Director of the office of Public Roads says:

"Too much stress cannot be laid upon the importance of maintenance in connection with the work of improving the roads. The people in nearly all the States are filled with enthusiasm for road improvement and are spending enormous sums in the construction of superb roads, and yet, almost without exception they are making little provision to care for the roads after they are built. This is true not only in the various countries, but under many of our State highway departments.

"To maintain the roads in good condition year after year requires a considerable annual outlay, but this outlay is infinitely less than the loss which must fall upon the people eventually if they allow the roads to go to utter ruin. The thing for all advocates of good roads to do is to urge continuous, systematic maintenance and the setting aside every year of an amount per mile estimated by the engineer in charge to be sufficient for the proper maintenance of the road—a course which must make for economy and efficiency.—Trucker and Farmer.

### Big Loss at Farmers

At Farmers, Rowan county, during the flood of last week, Henry Thomas lost sixty head of cattle and horses and about 500 bushels of Corn. His total loss is estimated at \$1,600; most probably the heaviest individual loss of that section.

### Licking Valley Railroad

The Engineer corps of the Cincinnati Licking Valley and Virginia Railroad Company is making a second survey through Nicholas and Bath counties. It is reported that some farmers along the route have signified their intention to donate the right of way.

It is reported at Falmouth that contracts have been let for part of the construction.—Ex.

For years the Republicans of the West end of Carter County have tried; really fought, foamed and furored, to land a West end man as County Chairman of that party but the bunch at the other end of the line always managed to keep that important political personal in the East end. But this time honored custom has been pushed aside for some peculiar reason and John DeHart of Olive Hill, was persuaded to accept that honorable position. This business is so strangely as to almost excite suspicion, that the East enders should so willingly best the County Chairmanship to an Olive Hillian after so long branding the West end Republicans as a rest unworthy the reins of Republican political control of Carter County.

### Kentucky Towns' Public Buildings

The latest information in connection with the effect of the Kern amendment to the public buildings and grounds Bill is that the rider introduced by the Indiana senator limiting the authorization of buildings to towns having a minimum postal revenue of \$20,000 a year, will not affect those Kentucky towns getting public building sites under the last bill. For a time it was argued that towns having a postal revenue of less than \$10,000 a year in which sites were authorized by the last bill, could not hope for buildings to be authorized until the minimum was reached.

Different congressmen took the matter up with the proper authorities, and they have been informed that the Kern amendment will not affect such towns; that the policy of the department in the past, to consider authority for the purchase of a site as one of the steps to the erection of a building, is not set aside by the new law. All towns in the future, however, in which the purchase of sites is authorized, such towns not having a minimum revenue of \$10,000 a year, will be barred from a public building, until the necessary amount is realized annually.

The supervising architect of the Treasury is now so far behind with his work that it is estimated it will be two years before buildings authorized under the law passed in February can be taken up for action. In the meanwhile, however, some lively local campaigning for the location of sites may be expected.

### W. Va. Strike Conditions.

The situation in the strike zone in Kanawha county is greatly improved, and Gov. Hatfield has relieved several companies from duty there. It is likely that only one company will be kept after this week. The vigorous action taken by the Governor Hatfield and his presence on the ground has gone far toward effecting a settlement.

One report was circulated that the strike had been settled between the miners and operators on Paint Creek, but this is denied. Threats of a general strike in all the coal fields in this state is given but little credence.

In this coal field there is no grievance. More than that there are thousands of colored miners here and they are wise on the situation, and are neither going to join a union or go on a strike.—Welch, W. Va., Record.

### Contract Let For Railroad

The contract for the construction of the 22-mile Beaver Creek extension of the C. & O. reaching from the mouth of Beaver to Steele's Branch in Jackson county, Ky., a distance of slightly more than 22 miles from the main line of the Chesapeake & Ohio, was awarded Tuesday morning to the railroad construction firm of Ballard, Herring and Severer.

There is a tremendous amount of grading and trestle work: It was to start April 1, and rushed as fast as possible, the contract calling for completion at an early date. This branch will tap one of the richest coal and timber sections in the entire state of Kentucky, where millions of feet of timber stands untouched and thousands of acres of undeveloped territory rich in tremendous coal deposits that wait for the agent of progress.—Progressive Kentuckian.

## FIGURES ON DISASTER SUMMED UP TO DATE

General View of Havoc Caused By the Flood, Causing Loss of Life and of Property in Many Localities. Brief Summary Follows.

Uncertain but truly appalling accounts still continue to be flashed throughout the country of the sad havoc created, first, by the tornado which swept the city of Omaha, and hardly over, was followed by a national calamity in the nature of an unprecedented flood, principally in the States of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky.

The first messages of loss of life and property were so astounding that the average mind was bewildered in its attempt to grasp the situation.

A later, more systematic and authentic accounting relieved the country somewhat, but still there is enough of the horror of the catastrophe left to reckon the disaster as one of the greatest outside of war.

As in other great crises, the Federal Government divested itself of red tape and bent its energies—through the Life Saving Service, the Medical and Signal Corps and Quartermaster departments—to help relieve the strain by giving the best it had to aid and comfort the suffering.

The greatest blow was dealt by the elements at the handsome city of Dayton, O. Here, where the hand of the architect had wrought a "city beautiful" in a place thought to be proudly out of danger, the water claimed its greatest number of victims. It could hardly be called an instance of unpreparedness, the nature and kind of attack being the one least suspected. While it will be some time before a correct estimate of the exact loss can be ascertained it is a relief to know that the waters throughout the flood zone are receding, brain and brawn are working night and day in the rescue, and the ghostly number of the dead first given is steadily decreasing. From accounts, as we go to press we are able to give our readers the latest bulletin. The river towns of Ohio and Indiana were generally afflicted. The number of people driven from homes in the cities of Dayton, Fiqua, Columbus, Hamilton and Indianapolis, and a number of cities and towns reaches far into the thousands.

Through the Wholesale destruction of supplies in the water-covered towns and the want of places of shelter, no matter with how much speed well intending people may move, there must be and will be, and there is, hunger and privation falling upon a vast number of men, women and children. In Cincinnati, where the flood was expected, the relief work is well carried out. The governors of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky are deluged with messages for tents, food and clothing. In many places the troops, both state and regulars have taken possession to guard the people and their possessions. Many of the merchants have been utterly ruined and firms will require years to recover from the blow.

The crest at Cincinnati will reach 70 feet and will be falling today. A stage of 56 is expected at Paducah and warning has been sent broadcast over that portion of Kentucky. The levee

at Columbus is out, and that city is covered with from five to ten feet of water. The convicts at Jeffersonville, Indiana, saved lower Jeffersonville from being under twelve feet of water.

### HAVOC OF TWO FLOODS

Dead, Ohio and Indiana	527
Dead, Ohio Valley	15
Damage, Ohio	\$100,000,000
Damage, Indiana	50,000,000
Damage, O. Valley	4,000,000
Total dead	542
Total damage	\$154,000,000

### OBITUARY

Henry Crawford, ten years old, died Tuesday morning, April 1, of pneumonia.

### Conference Held By Progressives

A meeting of the State Central Committee of the Progressive party in Kentucky at the Galt House Saturday morning brought a number of Progressive leaders to the city, and there was more political talk, especially about opposition to the Democratic municipal ticket in Louisville, that has been known for a number of weeks.

The prevailing opinion among Progressive and Republican leaders was that the difficulty in the way of fusion in Louisville is well high insuperable, and the chances are that Progressives and Republicans will nominate tickets in Louisville.

Although every member of the State committee was heard from, the high waters prevented so many from reaching Louisville in person that the meeting was in the nature of a conference more than a regular session and matters were delayed for consideration at some future date. The only two matters of pressing importance, were, however, discussed informally.

One of these is the rule adopted by the Progressive committee in Louisville barring negroes from participating in the party conventions. This rule will be abrogated probably. Another point of discussion is whether the State Committee will prepare rules providing for a primary for the election of delegates to the national convention in 1916. The committee seemed to think that matter too remote to call for immediate consideration.

The Louisville Republicans are said to be just as much opposed to fusion as the Progressives, or at least to be equally convinced of the impossibility of such a result under existing conditions.—Ex.

We are not positive, but we understand the old Armstrong building on Railroad street is to be torn down and a two-story brick building erected on the lot, which is to be occupied by L. Oppenheimer & Co., as their lease on their present location will soon expire and the owner, Ed. Coleman expects to use the building himself. Oppenheimer is conducting a great sale now—everything selling below cost and at the lowest possible price—in order to cut down his stock before he has to move.

# THE PROGRESSIVE.

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J. L. MADDOX.

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## Cause, Effect, Remedy

The greatest duty of government is to make effective the primary principle of the Declaration of Independence; to secure to the people and to all the people, the inalienable right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

This inalienable right with which the people were "endowed by the creator" has been purloined from millions to the benefit of the few through a series of political, commercial, and financial monopolies slowly built up during the last 75 years.

This system has diverted the proceeds of the labor of millions to the coffers of the few, until in spite of the wonderful modern inventions of this age, which pours out a stupendous flood of material things which men desire we see a thousand million dollars of wealth in the hands of a single man and millions of human beings, willing and anxious to do honest labor, without the certainty of food and shelter tomorrow.

The unrestricted right to enjoy life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness is thus denied millions, and the duty of the government to make effective the fundamental doctrine of the Republic as yet remains unperformed.

## THE CAUSE AND EFFECT

The people-rule party government under Jefferson has been in past years (from 1844 to 1908) steadily, if not stealthily undermined and re-placed by the machine-rule party government. In place of the people's rule the machine rule financed and engineered by special interests, has placed in power on a vast scale in legislative, administrative, and judicial positions machine-rule representatives—in municipalities, States and Nation. The rule of the few was thus established. The people have voted but they have not really ruled.

The rule of the few, consciously or unconsciously, has been too largely for the benefit of the few at the expense of the many.

The few have established all-pervading commercial and financial monopolies; destroyed all competitive markets in selling and buying; limited production on a giant scale, and deliberately as a policy, thus limiting the employment of labor; manufactured watered stock and bonds by billions of value, on which the people have been compelled to pay interest; squeezed and expanded the credit market, and damaged millions, that a few might absorb values; and have compelled the laboring millions to compete under harsh conditions with each other, until millions of women and children have been driven from the American home into the labor market, and millions of children as well as women and men have been denied the reasonable opportunities of "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness."

Machine-made representatives in legislative, executive, and judicial positions have granted and protected privilege to the few at the expense of the many until we are face to face with the most tremendous extremes of wealth and poverty the world has ever known.

The cause has been machine-rule party government in collusion with corrupt commercial and financial allies governing for the benefit of the few at the expense of the many, at the expense of all the people, at the expense of the real producers of wealth.

There are two different kinds of "representatives" in the governing business. The machine-rule party government representatives who take the point of view favorable to privilege and to the few, and the people's rule party government representatives who take the point of view favorable to equal rights to all, favorable to the great mass of men who labor as artisans, those in the shop, field, forest, and mine, as professional men or in transportation or in other human activities.

## THE REMEDY

The remedy is to restore the people's-rule party government and provide a mechanism by which the intelligence and the patriotism of the mass of men can control party government and can control the actual direct government by people's-rule representatives in the legislative, executive, and judicial branches of the government. The chief statute necessary to the end is the initiative, referendum, and recall; and the most important of all these acts is the initiative and referendum, which is the open door to all reforms.

Above all the initiative and referendum offers the line of least resistance in obtaining reform for the reason that no candidate before the people dares refuse the people the right of the initiative and referendum where the demand is rigorously insisted on. The people need the initiative to pass the laws they want and need and which the legislature (especially a machine-controlled legislature) for any reason fails to pass, and they need the referendum so as to have the power to recall crooked, corrupt or undesirable laws which might be passed by a legislature (especially a machine-controlled legislature).

These two necessities for government truly for and by the people are growing in favor hourly. As evidence, President Taft six years ago traveled 1,600 miles to make a set speech against the initiative and referendum at Oklahoma city, advising the people of Oklahoma against this "cumbersome and illogical legislative method" contained in their proposed constitution, telling the dangers that would come from such "hasty, irrational and immoderate" legislation, and so forth.

The people of Oklahoma, having considered well the views of Mr. Taft, voted in favor of the initiative and referendum by a majority of 107,000, substantially only the Republican officeholders and the voters they could influence being against it.

## Penalty Against Non-Voting

A new idea in politics which has our entire approval is Utah's law that any man or woman that fails to vote shall pay a tax of \$2.00. This law should be generally and rigidly executed, with extraordinary powers to seize and sell property or levy upon the wages of any voter who did not go to the polls. In this way there would be a large addition to the public revenue and a most salutary lesson given as to the duties of citizenship.

## Political Wrangle Causes Anxiety

The Democrat and Republican Senatorial managers have begun to stop, look and listen since the Beckham-McCreary-Stanley senatorialship has grown to take on an interesting political phase. The Enquirer recently said in this regard:

"Since it has been made known that there is strong possibility of the adoption and effectiveness before November next of the constitutional amendment providing for the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people, politicians, without regard to party affiliation, admit that the situation as regards the selection of William O'Connell Bradley's successor has assumed a decidedly changed aspect, and they assert that the Republican and Progressive nominations to this high office no longer are to be counted as empty honors \*\*\*

"Necessary to the adoption and effectiveness of the amendment is its ratification by 36 of the 48 states in the Union and an alteration of the fact by the Secretary of State. 33 States have ratified the amendment, though only 20 of these have been officially recorded at Washington as having done so. It is asserted in Washington political circles that three more States are almost certain to join the ranks of the ratifications before the summer has waned, and it is believed that Secretary of State Bryan will, especially in view of the senatorial deadlock in Illinois, lose no time in having the action of the remaining 16 States recorded and proclaiming the adoption of the amendment. Should this be done not later than October the nominees of the three parties selected at the forthcoming August primary in this state would go on the ballot at the regular election in November for the people's choosing instead of before the legislature, also to be elected in November for selection."

"With the Republican party still divided and the Democratic party in power nationally and in Kentucky, there is no likelihood of a decrease in the Democratic majority in the Legislature, as compared with the 1912 General Assembly, which had 32 Democratic and 6 Republican Senators and 24 Republican Representatives, making 108 Democrats and 30 Republicans, a Democratic majority of 78 on joint ballot. Therefore the Democratic senatorial nomination would seem equivalent to election before the state's body of lawmakers, and for that reason there has been until now no particular interest displayed by stand-pat Republicans and Bull Moosers in the nomination of candidates to oppose the Democrats.

"A cursory glance at the figures of the presidential election last November—Democrats, 219,584; Republicans, 115,512; Progressives, 102,766; Socialists, 11,647; Prohibition, 3,233; Socialist-Labor, 956—it would seem that the nomination before the people especially since under the primary election law it is not possible to have a fusion candidate, would be the same copper-lined, double-riveted chain, or, so ordinarily, would be. But there is almost certain to be an exceedingly bitter battle for the Democratic nomination, and therein lies the fear of Democratic politicians and the hope of the Republican and Progressive politicians.

## NO TIME TO WORRY

A saplin' pole and a can of worms.  
And a soul that wealth and grandeur spurns.  
And a shady nook on a tinkling stream,  
Where a one-gallused feller can sit and dream—  
Then what would you care for the boat of pride,  
Or anything else in the world beside?  
G. W. Donoghly in Danville Advocate.

## Announcements

We are authorized to announce  
G. C. COUNTS

a candidate for the office of county court clerk of Carter County, subject to the Progressive party.

We are authorized to announce  
CHARLES B. WALLACE

a candidate for the office of County Court Clerk, subject to the Democratic party.

## Probable Senatorial Timber.

The leaders of the Democratic, Progressive and Republican parties are "shuffling the deck," just now, for a game of "draw" for an index card for a senatorial aspirant from the three desks respectively. So far the Democratic deal has pointed to James B. McCreary, present Governor; J. C. W. Beckham, ex-Governor, and Mr. Stanley, with Beckham far in the lead. The Progressives are winking at Leslie Combs of Lexington, National Progressive Committee man for Kentucky and Minister to Peru until he was removed by former President Taft; James Farleigh, a prominent Louisville lawyer, and E. S. Hitchens, President of the Olive Hill Fire Brick Co., Olive Hill, who was the Progressive candidate for Congress in the Ninth District last November, and Don C. Edwards, London. The Republicans are advancing Edwin P. Morrow, of Covington, nephew of W. O. Bradley.

## Fayette Progressives Independent

Finding that they cannot under the primary election law resort to the plan of fusion by which they, with the help of disgruntled Democrats, won all the county offices except that of Assessor four years ago, Fayette county Republicans have made a proposition to the Progressives that each party nominate a partial ticket in August.

The Republicans, it is said wish to name the county judge, the sheriff and the magistrates on their ticket, leaving the other offices to the Progressives. The Bull Moosers, it is said, while not particularly strong here hope to gain strength with and after the coming November election and they are not disposed to accept the proposition. They cannot see how it will benefit them in the end. They contend, in all probability rightly, that they would receive none of the votes of the illiterate negroes who have been taught to vote only under the log cabin device of the Republican party, and that therefore while they were giving their support to the nominees of the Republican party those on the Progressive ticket would get nothing in return and the ultimate result would be seeming weakness in the Progressive ranks by the face of the returns and probably no offices for either the Republicans or Progressives, certainly none for the latter. Some such arrangement is apparently the only hope of the Republicans in this county.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

## THE CHURCHES

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Services each Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30. K. S. HOSKINS, Pastor.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Bible School at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 9:30 p. m. WM. DURHAM, Supt.

METHODIST PROTESTANT CHURCH—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Thursday nights usual hour. REV. J. P. ZIMMERNAN, Pastor.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Services each Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:45. Willing Workers Society Wednesday 1:30 p. m. HENRY CLAY BROWN, Pastor.



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### The Tariff and the Farmer

The old charge against the Bourbons of the Democratic party was that they forgot nothing and learned nothing. In spite of the resounding clamor of "progress" during the last campaign, this charge seems to be justified by the proceedings of the tariff revision. The defeat of President Taft for reelection was in some measure due to his reciprocity policy. That policy, which we did not approve would have been hurtful to the farmers of the country, and would have been only partially compensated for by some advantages that they have received. The most advantages, however, would have gone to the manufacturers who wanted to extend their trade into the Dominion. It would undoubtedly have reduced the profits of the farms, which raise hay, potatoes, barley, wheat, cattle and wool, sugar, beet, and horses.

Canada very foolishly rejected reciprocity, for which we were sincerely glad, since the slap in the face given us after all the expense and interest excited by a special session of Congress to consider the measure, mortified and angered our people so that it will be many years before anyone will advocate reciprocity again.

In the face of this the Democrats of the Tariff Revision Commission propose to inflict worse injuries and loss upon the farmer, and absolutely without compensation. In place of making the more or less advantageous trade with Canada, as was proposed by reciprocity, they contemplate actually giving to the Canadians a startlingly large proportion of the profits of our farms, and for no return whatever. To merely state this shows its fatuity.

The pretense that this reduction will reduce the cost of living is so transparent as to deceive only those who want to be deceived. Anyone who thinks cannot help knowing that free hides will not reduce the cost of shoes one cent a pair, that free wool will not make a suit of clothes one nickel cheaper, that free coal will not lessen the fuel bills. The reduction of the tariff duties will simply add the profits of the great corporations and trusts which are making and selling clothes, making and selling shoes and importing sugar and other common articles of use which go into general consumption. On the other hand, it will reduce the already slender profits of agriculture and add greatly to the burdens of the men who till the soil, who are, after all, the backbone of the country and who bear the most of its burdens.

It shows how utterly hypocritical the campaign utterances were. Instead of caring for the farmer and the working-man, the Revision Committee is cunningly planning to increase the profits of the trusts and the great corporations. Evidently these men think that, contrary to Lincoln's maxim, they can fool all the people all the time.—National Tribune.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, ss.

Lucas County, Ohio.  
I, Frank J. Cheney, make oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, Lucas County, Ohio, and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY  
Notary Public.  
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1918.

A. W. GLEASON,  
Notary Public.  
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### Months to Count Uncle Sam's Money

The greatest count of money and securities in the history of the world will begin in the Treasury Department on April 1st.

Secretary McAdoo will appoint a committee to take charge of the Treasury vaults, and each safe and vault will be sealed on April 1st in preparation for the count. Only enough money to keep the wheels of Government revolving will be laid aside for daily use while the counting is in progress. It generally requires from two to five months to make the count.

There is at present \$1,400,000,000 in the vaults, and a government mathematician has figured that it would take one person 300 years to handle each piece and count the whole sum.—Ex.



## The Mabley & Carew Co.

(Fountain Square) CINCINNATI, OHIO

WELCOME you to their re-constructed and improved store. New sales-floors have been added, New elevators constructed, New entrances built, walls removed and the entire interior of the building remodeled.

Thousands of dollars have been expended to make this store the best of its kind anywhere.

A trip to Cincinnati is not complete unless you include a visit to Mabley & Carew. We have been busy for many months, reconstructing, improving and bettering, and there is now completed the finest and best store in this part of the country.

We are now ready to say Welcome, come to this great exposition and see the largest and most beautiful exclusive women's and girls' garment floor in Cincinnati. An exhibition on the third floor of handsome Coats, Suits and Dresses for girls, misses and women, all reasonably priced.

A millinery department occupying the entire fourth floor in which are displayed more handsome European and American model hats than you can see in any other establishment.

The second floor—twenty thousand square feet devoted to men's and boys' clothing.

The fifth floor—a great permanent exposition of women's girls' and children's shoes and women's furnishings.

On the main floor are men's furnishing, men's hats, men's shoes, gloves, hosiery, novelties of all kinds.

The basement floor houses the best house-furnishing and china departments we know of.

Again Welcome. Come to Cincinnati, come to Mabley & Carew, Fountain Square, come right up from the depot, make yourself at home, use our big home-like rest room; check your valises and hand baggage, use our information bureau, write your letters, all this with our compliments.

We assure you a good courteous treatment whether you come to purchase or not and if you do purchase we deliver your goods free by Parcel Post. Our dining lunch room serves nice little lunches at a very small price.

Cincinnati's Great Style Exposition daily at  
**The Mabley & Carew Co.**

Fountain Square,  
Cincinnati, Ohio.



### The Wage Increase

The money wages of farm labor of the United States increased about 3.2 per cent during the past year and 7 per cent during the past two years. Since 1902 the increase has been about 34 per cent.

Wages had an upward tendency during the seventies; changed little during the eighties, and declined from 1892 to 1894, since which year they have been steadily trending upward. Wages are now about 53 per cent higher than during the eighties, and about 65 per cent higher than the low year of 1894.—Crop Reporter.

J. A. Maddox has added to his lumber trade, roofing, doors and windows, at the very lowest price possible.

Karl Lee is one among the fortunate who has taken advantage of J. A. Maddox' liberal building offer, and is having a nice cottage built on a lot he just purchased of him. See J. A. Maddox's adv. in this issue.

### EGYPTIAN REGULATOR TEA

A remedy for Constipation, Biliaryness, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and all Disorders of the Stomach. Its daily use will purify the blood, remove all blotches from the face, and restore complexion. Ladies will find this invaluable for female complaints; Also for liver and kidney trouble. Specially adapted for children, delicate women and those who cannot take pills, as it is agreeable and pleasant to take. 25c, 50c and \$1 packages postpaid.

### MOTHER'S SALVE

Has been successfully used for 30 years. It is absolutely pure and is prepared from vegetable oils. A reliable remedy for Catarrh, Croup, Colds, and for healing Cuts, Burns, Piles, Sores, Chapped Hands; a preventative for Diphtheria and Pneumonia. 25c. white glass jars, postpaid.

**Mrs. J. A. Maddox, Olive Hill, Ky.**

### FOR

SOFT DRINKS; CIGARS, CIGARETTES; SMOKING TOBACCO  
LUNCHES AND MEALS  
EANCY CANDIES AND FRUITS

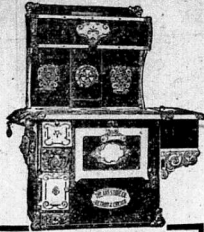
**FLOYD TABOR'S**  
Restaurant

(Successor to James Waldeck)

The Weekly Cincinnati Enquirer  
AND  
The Progressive

Both One Year for

**\$1.35**



### Laurel Steel Ranges

The largest part of a woman's duties are performed in the kitchen. If this room is well appointed her work becomes a source of enjoyment.

The selection of a right range is an all important point. A Laurel Steel Range will complete the arrangements of an otherwise "up-to-date" kitchen, and be a comfort and a joy to the user.

### "Something Different and Something Better"

is our claim. The Laurel Steel Ranges have all the features of other ranges is easily proven. Laurel Patented Features in addition—make the difference and confirm our assertion of superiority.

These special features are too numerous to be all mentioned.

The Laurel Two-Fine Construction The Laurel Quick-Heating Reservoir are two.

Let us explain all the merit points of Laurel Steel Ranges to you. We will be glad to see you at any time.

M. D. Jordan, Olive Hill, Ky.

### BUY A SINGER Sewing Machine

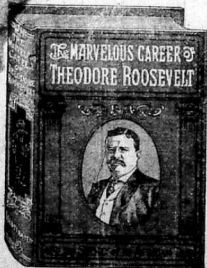
W. D. HAYWOOD, OLIVE HILL, KY.

### J. L. McCLUNG DENTIST

Tabor Building

### CLARENCE W. HENDERSON

Funeral Director & Embalmer We Keep Funeral Supplies of All Kinds. Embalming Done on Short Notice. OLIVE HILL - KENTUCKY.



### IT IS THE ONLY BOOK

Mr. Roosevelt says and feels that it is his "duty" to help solve the problems that must be solved. If we create a republic on which the sun ever shone are to see its destinies ever rise to a high level of its hopes and its opportunities."

IT TELLS THE WHOLE STORY OF MR. ROOSEVELT'S LIFE & CAREER

### Our Splendid Offer

The selling price of this Great Book is \$1.50, but for a short time, to enable everybody to get a copy while they last, we will send the book postpaid and a year's subscription to THE PROGRESSIVE, both for \$2.00. To anyone securing two subscribers to THE PROGRESSIVE for one year, we will give a copy of this grand book FREE. Only a few copies going at this offer, so send money order NOW. YOU WILL ENJOY READING OF HIS AFRICAN TRIP

The PROGRESSIVE OLIVE HILL KENTUCKY

## OUR COUNTRY COUSINS

### COUNTS CROSS ROADS

It appears that nature can find her winter garb whenever it suits her convenience.

Some are very much discouraged over the shipments of tobacco.

Farmers are getting very much behind with their oat sowing, on account of the weather.

Messrs Jim Harris, Lytton Counts and John Applegate, were all calling on their cousin, Mills Bush at Rock Lick Thursday and Friday.

Miss Kate Salvors spent Thursday night with Mona Baker.

It looks discouraging to see peach and pear trees in bloom, and iceicles hanging on the eves of the houses.

Miss Madge Rice and Mr. Ernst Counts visited Mr. Jim Seaton's family and other relatives below Grayson, Saturday.

Mesdames Jennie Harris, Sibbie Jones and Jessie Baker were calling on Mrs. Sherman Baker, Sunday afternoon.

Miss Williams gave a birthday party to her friends. All report a good time.

Mrs. Margaret Williams has been able to visit her children, after her long illness.

### UPPER TYGART.

There was a meeting at the Flat Fork church Sunday night conducted by Miss Bertha Frazier.

Wesley Rose, a well known farmer of this place is prospecting for gold on his farm. We think there is gold, if it could be found.

Sport and Robert Harris were seen at John Conley's Sunday. Some of us are wondering what the boys wanted.

Chester Burchett was calling on Miss Vergie Thompson Sunday.

A. J. Dean is in the poultry business and he says there is big money in chickens.

T. M. Patton is a progressive farmer; he is sowing oats and grass this spring.

Zeke Hinton is talking of being a candidate for jailer on the Progressive ticket.

Perry Thompson has moved to Straight Fork, Lewis county.

Shelt Thompson was at Flat Fork Sunday on business.

Clarence Evans has got a severe case of measles. We think he will be out in a short time.

Traverse Kendall and Miss Pearl Ham attended Sunday school at the chapel, Sunday.

### GRANN

March has blown out and we are not sorry for it.

Mr. and Mrs. Griff Dickerson of Upper Tygart are visiting friends and relatives this week.

T. S. Wilcox, and Mike Werder, the brick mason for the brick plant at this place, spent Sunday in Pleasant Valley.

Mrs. Lina Flannigan spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Fletcher Dickerson.

Mr. Charlie Jesse passed through this place Sunday evening.

Fletcher Dickerson purchased two nice hogs from George Stephens.

Berkley Bailey and Miss Della Roer were joined together in the bonds of matrimony, last Thursday.

Uncle Calvin Phillips, who was not expected to live, is now improving under treatment of our skillful doctor, J. M. Rose.

Mrs. Mary Binion, was a welcome guest of Mary Walcox last week.

Died—A few days ago, Mrs. Elisha Ferguson adn son, of Hitchens. They died only a few hours apart. Death was caused from eating canned fruit.

Elisha has our deepest sympathy. Mrs. Madge Nolan spent Friday at Mrs. John Dickerson's.

### TRY SOLACE AT OUR EXPENSE

Money back for any failure

Rheumatism, Neuralgia or Headache that Solace Fails to Remove. Solace Remedy is a recent medical discovery of three German Scientists that dissolves Uric Acid Crystals and Purifies the Blood. It is easy to take and will not affect the weakest stomach.

It is guaranteed under the Pure Food and Drugs Law to be absolutely free from opiates or harmful drugs of any description. SOLACE is a pure specific in every way, and has been beyond question to be the purest and quickest remedy for Uric Acid Troubles known to medical science, no matter how long standing. It removes and removes the root of the trouble Uric Acid and purifies the blood. The Solace Company of Battle Creek are the Sole U. S. Agents and have thousands of voluntary testimonials which have been received from grateful people. Solace has restored to health Testimonial letters, literature and free box sent upon request.

R. Lee Morris, president of the First National Bank of Ohio, Texas, wrote the Solace Company as follows: "I want you to send a box of Solace to my father in Memphis, Tenn., for which I enclose \$1. This remedy has been used by some friends of mine here and I must say its action was wonderful."

Signed—R. L. Morris. Put up in 25c, 50c and \$1 boxes. It's mighty fine to be well and you can see to be taking Solace. "No special treatment schemes or fees." Just Solace alone does the work. Write today for the free box. Solace Remedy Co., Battle Creek, Mich.—adv.27

### To Carter County Teachers.

We desire to call your attention to the annual session of the Kentucky Educational Association which meets in Louisville, Kentucky, on April 30th, 1913, and continues in session May 1st, 2nd and 3rd.

We presume that you have received from the Secretary, Mr. T. W. Vinson, circular letters and literature setting out fully the advantages to be derived by teachers attending this meeting. You should take advantage of this opportunity to visit the metropolis of this State. A visit to Louisville, aside from the benefits received as a teacher by hearing some of the greatest educators of the Country, will be well worth the sum expended.

As a special inducement to Rural teachers of Carter County to attend, the County Board of Education, at the regular meeting on the 15th of March, 1913, entered the following order:

"On motion it is ordered that in fixing the Salary Schedule of Rural teachers of Carter County for the year 1913, that provision be made to pay Rural teachers who enroll and attend the Kentucky Educational Association at Louisville, Ky., on April 30th, May 1st, 2nd and 3rd, 1913, one (\$1.00) dollar extra per month."

The Carter County delegation will go over the C. & O., on train 23, April 29, at one fare plus 25 cents for round trip. Will you go? W. C. KOZEK, Supt. Carter County.

## THIS IS NOT A SALE

I have some special prices that I am going to give this Season on my HATS! I will guarantee the quality and styles to be up-to-date in every respect. You will find reduced prices on all of my hats, Ladies, Misses and Children. \$2.50 Hats for 2.00. \$3.00 Hats for 2.50. \$3.50 Hats for 3.00. \$4.00 Hats for 3.75. One table of Hats for 98c., 1.50 and 1.98. They are a dream to look at for the price. All are invited to come and look at my line. If you think you are not getting a bargain, don't buy. When you are in, don't forget my Line of Latest Things in Ladies' Dress Goods and Trimmings.

Mrs. Carrie A. Smith OLIVE HILL - KENTUCKY

## EGGS FOR HATCHING

WHITE ORPINGTON eggs—\$2.00 for 15  
PEKIN DUCK eggs—66c a piece, .50c per dozen

MRS. E. S. HITCHINS - OLIVE HILL, KY.

## LOCAL AND PERSONAL

### DR. W. M. CARR Dentist

OFFICE OVER POST OFFICE

### Scenes in Neighborhood of Ashland

The water in Ashland is the highest ever known, almost to the car line. Ironton is almost completely submerged; and house tops sticking out of the water mark the former homes of Rüssel families. The lower part of Catlettsburg toward the river is a jam of shattered houses, many coming from up the river; crashed into buildings sweeping them away in the rushing waters. Several houses have floated past Ashland, in which were people who could be heard crying for help with no means to save them. The small streams along the railroad east of Ashland have swept the lowlands and left the country strewn with wreckage. It is estimated it will be a week before traffic can be resumed from Huntington and Ashland.

Hitchins brick plant at Hitchins closed during the high water, as the workmen had to care for their household goods. Water did not bother the plant.

Allen's Pay Extreme Penalty

Floyd Allen and his son Claude the only two of the Hillsville gunmen to pay the death penalty for the Carroll court house murders a year ago, were electrocuted at the Virginia State penitentiary March 28. Both the father and son were terribly unnerved by the attempts made up to the last minute to save them.

To the final appeals made by friends to save the unfortunate pair, Governor Mann said: "Hearing at five minutes to 3 o'clock this morning, (28th) of the action taken in the Allen cases, after I left the city, I considered it my duty to hurry back. I simply desire to repeat that, after the most careful examination of the evidence in these cases, I have not the slightest doubt of the guilt of Floyd and Claude Allen, and I will not interfere. The law must take its course.

The strange wind that sealed one of the fences on the outskirts and gained entrance to town did considerable loitering as it went. This zephyr was of the playful variety, and, in one of its most ticklish spasms lifted a barn off of one of the neighboring hills and boisterously set it down in an adjacent township, leaving the poor cattle out in the weather—so one of our tonsorial artists informs us.

J. A. Maddox has added his lumber trade, roofing, doors and windows, at the very lowest price possible.

## PATENTS

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, 50 cents per month, \$1.00 for 12 months, \$5.00 for one year, in advance.

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## EGGS FOR HATCHING

Barred Plymouth Rocks—Best Strain—\$1.00 a setting of 15 Day-old Chicks—10 cents apiece.

W. H. SCOTT, OLIVE HILL, KY.