THE TRI-WEEKLY EAGLE. MAYSVILLE, KY., THURSDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 1, 1855. NUMBER 53.

VOLUME XX.

MAYSVILLE EAGLE,
PUBLISHED TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY BY
RICHARD H. COLLINS.
OFFICE ON FRONT STREET, NEAR THE POST OFFICE.

TERMS:

Tri-Weekly Eagle—$4 in advance, $4,50 if delay this year, or $5 at the end of the year.
Weekly Eagle—$2 in advance, $2,50 within the year, or $3 at the end of the year.
☞ No paper discontinued except at the end of the year, or until all arrearages are paid.

Rates and Rules of Advertising!

[A square is 12 lines of this size (Brevier) type, or 10 lines (Nonpareil—equal to about 90 words of manuscript.]

	Tri-Weekly.	Weekly.
1 square or less, 1 insertion	1,00	1,00
1 " each additional "	25	50
1 " one month	3 00	2 50
1 " two months	5 00	4 00
1 " three months	7 00	5 00
1 " six months	10 00	8 00
1 " twelve months	17 00	15 00

Advertisements inserted in both editions on accommodating terms.

[illegible] three squares (tri-weekly paper included) for $10.

The privilege of annual advertisers is strictly limited to their own immediate business, and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all advertisements not immediately connected with their own business, and all classes of advertisements, in length or otherwise, beyond the limits assigned, will be charged proportionately. For all such transient advertising, bills will be respectfully rendered, and prompt payment is desired.

No advertisement to be considered by the year unless specified by contract between the parties, No contract of yearly advertisements will be discontinued without previous notice to us, nor will any charges be made for less than one year at the yearly rates.

Advertisements not *marked on the copy* for a specified number of insertions will be continued until ordered out, and payment exacted accordingly.

All persons sending communications or requiring notices of fairs, soirees, concerts, or any public entertainments where charges are made for admittance, and all notices of private enterprises or to promote individual interests, can only be inserted with the understanding that the same are to be paid for at the rate of $1 for first ten lines, and five cents per line for all over.

Editorial notices, when requested, to be charged.

Calls on persons to become candidates charged as other advertisements. Announcing candidates for State or County offices, $3 each; for City offices, $1 each—all in advance.

Marriages and Deaths inserted without charge; when the latter is accompanied by obituary notices, and tributes of respect, $1 will be charged for ten lines or less, and 10 cents for each additional line.

Payment for advertisements due when they are *left for insertion*, and PAY IN ADVANCE is required *unless specially* agreed to be credited. Regular annual advertisers to pay half yearly in advance.

All headed and displayed advertisements, and those with rules larger than five lines in width, to be charged *ext a.*

A Night at the Gaming House.

AN episode of real life.

In the year 185—, a party were seated around a table in the social hall of a steamboat on the Mississippi, playing cards. They had played from about 9 o'clock in the evening till near midnight. The party consisted of four persons, two of whom were notorious gamblers, and the other two were frank, unsuspecting countrymen who had been to New Orleans on a pleasure tour, and were returning home. At near midnight, one of the countrymen arose from the table, saying to his partner.

"Luck's against us, Bob! Might as well try to beat the devil himself as these fellows!"

"Oh, for God's sake, don't quit yet! Give me some chance to get back my money!"

"No use, Bob, I'm nigh busted! Pretty near clean swept out."

Despair seemed written on every lineament of Bob's features, when he found that he could not persuade his friend to play.

At last he said to several who had been watching the play, "won't some of you gentlemen take my partner's place?"

There was a pause for a few moments; then a young man, scarcely one-and twenty, took the vacant seat, saying:

"If you have no objections, I'll try my hand."

"Agreed!" was the reply.

"Here, bar keeper, give us another pack of cards," said the young man.

Another pack was brought; the stranger opened them and handed them back, saying: "I want a pack of another color. These are the same color as those they have been playing with. We might as well change the color just for luck."

The gamblers exchange glances.

Another pack was brought; the game commenced, and the gamblers won. Bob grew uneasy.

"Come let's double the stakes," said the stranger whose turn it was to deal.

"Just as you like," said the gamblers.

The stakes were doubled, and the stranger and his partner won. A gleam of sunshine illuminated Bob's countenance. Another game was played and Bob and his partner were again successful. The stakes increase—the gamblers lose.

"Bar keeper bring us another pack of cards, of another color from these," said the stranger who was about to deal.

One of the gamblers looked at the other while a dark frown overspread his features.

Three more games were played, and Bob had retrieved his losses. The stranger called for another pack of cards. At this one of the gamblers exclaimed—

"No more changing! We play with these!"

"You play with what you please," replied the young man, as an almost imperceptible smile passed over his features, "but if my partner and myself play, we must have another pack."

Bob looked at his partner and then at George.

"Stick to what your partner says, Bob.—He's the right stripe, and will come out head horse, or I'm a nigger!" exclaimed George, slapping Bob on the shoulder.

"I agree to what your partner says," said Bob, in reply to the gamblers looks of inquiry.

The gamblers exchanged looks, and then consented to the arrangement.

Four more games were played, and each time Bob and the stranger won.

It was again the stranger's deal. One of the gamblers watched him closely, and suddenly exclaimed—

"You—young villain! Cheating are you?"

"Playing with you at your own game. I have watched you playing all night, and saw you cheat your partner and his friend. Even now you have got a dozen cards in the sleeves of your coat. I never play on a square with thieves!" replied the stranger, hastily, as a deadly paleness stole over his features.

A knife gleamed in the gambler's hand, and as the blow aimed at the stranger descended, a dozen cards fell from his sleeves on the table.

This was noticed by all the by-standers. The stranger avoided the blow, and with a rigid movement caught the assailant by the-throat, giving his cravat a twist, and they both rolled on the floor.

While this was taking place, the spectators prevented the other gambler from interfering, and in the struggle a number of cards dropped from his coat. This social hall was now a scene of confusion.

"Game! clear grit, by thunder!" exclaimed George, as he with others separated the combatants.

The gambler's face and breast were covered with blood, as was also the young stranger's hand.

"Hes the white-livered thief stabbed you, my young hickory," said George as he pulled the young man towards the light.

"No, I guess not."

But the blood dropped fast from the young man's hand, and upon washing off the blood, it was discovered that his right thumb was nearly severed. In the scuffle he succeeded in disarming the gambler, and thus probably saved his life. The wound was dressed and bound up, and the stranger returned to the social hall. The gambler, who was chafing with rage, eyed him with a demoniac look, and shaking his fist at him exclaimed—

"I allow no man to call me a thief, and you must give me satisfaction!"

"I'll give you any satisfaction you want, you cowardly cut-throat," was the reply.

"And if you can't, I'm the chap that will!" exclaimed George, throwing off his coat and hat.

"Now, my friend, this is your quarrel, and I'll allow no one to take my place in it."

"Good, my young Davy; but that fellow is big enough to swallow you."

"Yes; but maybe he can't digest me."

"It wouldn't be a bait right," interposed several by-standers.

"Wel; there's something that rollifies brute force and pluck on equal footing!"

"That's the talk, Davy. You are my man," exclaimed George, slapping the stranger on the back.

"He's right!" said one of the by-standers, a man about forty years old stepping forward.

"The young man is right, and I'm his friend in the matter. It's as clear as day and the affair can soon be settled."

This speaker had been a Major in the Texas Revolution, and led the stranger down the cabin towards the state-room, telling the gamblers to have matters arranged within fifteen minutes. When they reached the state-room, the Major said—

"How is it that a person of your age understands so much about cards as to beat these old gamblers?"

"Curiosity led me to study them; but I never play but for amusement! Most, if not all the tricks, I learned of a fellow-boarder, who had spent a great part of his time at the gaming table. I noticed that these honest countrymen had been swindled, and thought it would be an act of charity to beat these gamblers with their own weapons, and recover the money for my partner and his friend. Every time I noticed the gamblers secret cards, I called for another pack of cards of a different color; and watched them too closely to give them a chance to cheat in deal. They did not suspect until near the finish of our play. You know the rest."

"Pretty good! do you think you could face that fellow's fire! He is an old hand at the business."

"But he's a coward, or he would not have drawn a knife on me. Yet, if it can be avoided, I would rather not have him meet his death at my hands, nor would I like to sacrifice my life for so unworthy a purpose."

"It's too late to back out now."

"Can't it be settled?"

"No! if you refuse to meet him, your friends will pronounce you a coward."

"Well, if it must be, I suppose it must; but I have no weapon."

"Never mind that; I have a pair of dueling pistols, and so if you have any arrangements to make, be about it. For the time is short, and the affair should be settled be ore it gets noised about the boat. I'll see to the other matters."

"Stay! make the distance short."

"Only the breadth of the boat."

So saying the young man went to his own state-room, but soon returned and seated himself by a lady in the cabin and commenced writing. His face w s pale—deadly pale—but there was a fixedness of features which at once told that his mind was made up. A tall connecting clerk as he wrote—but probably that tear was for those far away, yet stirring to memory dear. Strange thoughts flitted through his mind—so young, to stand on the brink of death—to make one fearful plunge into that dark, unknown river, and to be carried by its current out into the ocean of eternity to return home no more. Yet the genius said "Go—no—no—late!" To do or kill—either was a dreadful reflection. Yet the proud passions of youth would not submit to reflection. It must be done, and the sooner it is over the better—as reasoned passion and passion triumphed. When he had finished his writing, he gave it to the Major, requesting him to follow the directions which he would find in a note directed to himself, in case he should fall. Also to give his winnings to George to make up for the loss which he had sustained.

Then they went on the upper deck of the boat. It dawn, a calm, still night; the moon shone forth in all its pale splendor. As far as the eye could reach nothing but frosts and water met the gaze. The boat had just rounded off for the purpose of wooding, and when, she was again under way, the young stranger, his second and three other persons, anxiously awaited the approach of the gambler. Scarcely a word was spoken—none felt disposed to disturb the silence that reigned. Half an hour passed, the gambler came not. It was now suggested that some one should go in search of him. The messenger was performed and reported that both gamblers had left the boat at the wood-yard. When the young man heard this, a fervent "Thank God" escaped his lips, and the party retired to seek repose in sleep.

THE IMPORTED SPANISH JACK,
MORO CASTLE!

IMPORTED into Kentucky in the Spring of 1853, by the Kentucky Importing Association, and decidedly the finest animal of his kind in America, is now in fine health and condition, and is, for the first time, offered for a public season. He has made partial seasons only in the years '53 and '54, and has proven himself to be a sure foal getter; and as a breeder from Spanish mares, never had a superior on this continent. His Jack colts from Jennets of his own blood that were imported with him have proved a source of anything ever before seen by Kentucky breeders, and the introduction of this strain of blood cannot fail to mark an era in the breeding of this hitherto much neglected animal.

He will make his present season, which has commenced and will end November 1st, at the stable of H. W. Graves, ten miles from Paris on the road to Flat Rock, and will serve Jennets at Fifty Dollars to insure a foal. He will be allowed to serve small Jennets under 13½ hands high that are of native or common stock, at prices corresponding to their value as may be agreed upon by special contract. Grass grain, and grain fed at moderate prices. He will be shown in Paris at the March County Court, and in Mt. Sterling at the April County Court.

H. W. GRAVES & CO.

Flat Rock, Bourbon co., Ky., Feb 20, '55—3mw

Maysville Eagle copy weekly for 3 months and charge Paris *Flag.*

COAL COAL.

JUST received per tow boat Billow, one large barge of extra Youghiogheny Coal.

CHARLES PHISTER.

Lumber Cool & Ice Merchant,
Sutton street near the Court house.

Maysville Jan. 18th, 1855

Professional Cards.

THO. E. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
WILL practice in the Courts of Mason and adjoining Counties and also in the Court of Appeals. Office on Second street, in the "Express" buildings.
Maysville, August 16, 1854

JOHN N. JEFFERSON,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law,
MAYSVILLE, KY.,
STILL continues to devote his entire attention to the profession, in the Superior and Inferior courts of Mason and circumjacent counties, and Court of Appeals. Special attention given to collections.
Feb 19, 1854

R. B. STANTON. J. L. MARSHALL.
STANTON & MARSHALL,
Attorneys at Law,
THE undersigned will practice Law in the Courts of Mason and adjoining circuits, and in the Court of Appeals.
Until the return of Mr. Stanton, in March next, the business will be attended to by Mr. Marshall.
☞ Texas Land, Pension, and other claims of a public character, will receive special attention.
Collections made in any part of the States of Kentucky or Ohio.
Oct. 24, 1854. J. L. MARSHALL.

W. B. WADSWORTH,
Attorney at Law, Maysville, Ky.
WILL practice in the Courts of Mason, Lewis, Greenup, &c., and in the Court of Appeals. Will also give his attention to the leasing, purchasing and sale of real estate.
Office on Court street, West side, three doors below the Court House.
October, '51

RICHARD H. COLLINS,
Attorney at Law, Maysville, Ky.,
WILL attend to business in Mason and the adjoining Counties.
Office on Front Street, three doors above the Post Office.
Maysville, June 4, 1853.

ELIJAH C. PHISTER,
Attorney at Law, Maysville, Ky.
Office on Second street, over the store of N. Cooper & Co.
January 4, 1854

J. W. P. PATTERSON,
Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agent,
ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI,
ALL kinds of Real Estate bought and sold on Commission, Land Warrants Located, Taxes paid, &c. &c.
September 8, '53

CONWELL & COLLINS,
Attorneys at Law, Maysville, Ky.
THE undersigned have formed a partnership in the practice of the Law in Mason and the adjoining Counties. Any business entrusted to them will be promptly attended to.
Office on Court street, west side, in the room heretofore occupied by Judge Collins
W. W. P. CONWELL,
July 11, 1854 LEWIS COLLINS.

GEORGE M. THOMAS,
Attorney at Law,
CLARKSBURG, LEWIS COUNTY, KENTUCKY.
WILL Practise Law in the Courts of Lewis, Carter, Greenup and adjoining counties.
REFERENCES:
Hon L. W. Andrews, Flemingsburg, Ky.
" L. M. Cox, do do.
" Jas. W. Moore, Mt. Sterling, do;
Harrison Taylor, Esq., Maysville, do;
Wm. Prentice, Esq., Greenburg do;
Joseph M. Robb, Esq., do do;
Wm. H. Wadsworth, Esq., Maysville, do;
Francis T. Hord, Esq., do do;
September 1, 1853-tf

Dr. S. M. CATTRELL,
HAS removed from Maysville to Washington, and will be found at his Office or Residence, adjoining the residence of Dr. Dorsey Marshall. Office and residence the same recently occupied by Dr. Egan.
Washington, Sept 15, 1853

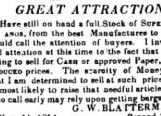
DR. SHACKLEFORD,
CONTINUES the Practice of his profession in Ca Maysville and vicinity. Office on Third, between Market and Sutton Streets.
Maysville, Feb 26, 1852

DR. A. D. OLIVER,
Occulistand Physician,
HAS removed his Office to Sutton street, opposite the Law Library, where he may be found at all hours when not professionally absent.
☞ Dr. O. will publish in a few days some certificates of remarkable cures effected by him, among them several cases of the "blind restored to sight."
Maysville, Dec. 15, 1853

M. BRATT,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
☞ Office on Sutton Street, nearly opposite the Bank, Maysville, Ky.
Dec. 16, '54

KEIPER,
RESIDENT DENTIST,
Office, Bank Buildings, Sutton Street, Maysville,
Maysville, Feb 26, 1852

PIANO FORTES!



GREAT ATTRACTION!

I Have still on hand a full Stock of SUPERIOR PIANOS, from the best Manufactures to which I would call the attention of buyers. I invite special attention at this time to the fact that I am offering to sell for Cash or approved Paper, at very REDUCED PRICES. The scarcity of Money is such that I am determined to sell at such prices as will be most likely to raise that needful article. Those who call early may rely upon getting bargains.
G. W. BLATTERMAN.
Nov. 11, 1854. Second Street.

CHOICE GROCERIES.

45 Hds. strictly prime New Orleans Sugar;
15 do do choice do do;
60 Bbls. superfine Baltimore Flour;
50 bags prime Eastern-Rio Coffee;
25 do do N. Orleans do do;
100 packages Mackerel—Half Kegs & Half Bbls;
5 tierces fresh Rice;
20 boxes South Herring, fine article;
10 cases choice Black Tea;
5 do Gunpowder do;
20 boxes New York Ground Pepper;
35 do do Pearl Starch;
25 do German Soap;
30 do Cincinnati Star Candles;
30 do Maysville Mould do;
5 bbls Boston Pulverized Sugar;
50 bags Shot, all numbers;
500 lbs Bar Lead;
20 dozen Painted Buckets;
50 do Lexington Mustard;
20 bbls Cider Vinegar;
30 dozen Brooms. Just received and for sale by
Jan 30 JANUARY & RICHESON.

TOBACCO.

98 Boxes Mo. Ky. and Va. Tobacco, of different grades, for sale by
Jan 5 S. B. POYNTZ.

CHOICE VIRGINIA TOBACCO.

24 Boxes in Small Packages, for sale by
Jan 30 JANUARY & RICHESON.

100 Boxes Blue Grass Dairy Cheese. *Marshall.*
Nov 29 COONS & MATTHEWS

Business Cards.

HACKEY & WOOD,
DEALERS IN
Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils,
Glass, Brushes, Fancy Articles and
Perfumery,
Second street, Maysville, Ky.

LEE HOUSE,
(Late Mrs. Goddard's Hotel,)
Corner of Front and Sutton Street,
MAYSVILLE, KY.
THE undersigned having recently bought the property of Mrs. Goddard, and fitted it up afresh, would respectfully announce to the public that the establishment is still kept up in the old style, and is now in good order to receive visitors and in a style second to no House in the
MILTON CULBERTSON.
Feb 23, '53

C. C. PARSONS. COOPER S. PARSONS.
Chias. Glass and Queensware,
Next door to Pearce, Tolle & Co's, Mark t street,
MAYSVILLE, KENTUCKY
ARE now receiving and opening a various and extensive stock of *CHINA, QUEENS and GLASS WARE*, comprising a variety of styles, none of which are entirely new and very desirable. Their stock has been purchased entirely for cash from the agents of European manufacturers, resident in the Eastern cities; which fact, coupled with ten years' experience in the trade, of one of the partners, will enable them, as they confidently believe, to offer such advantages to buyers as have not heretofore been offered in this market. As an evidence of their sincerity in the belief, they now pledge themselves to duplicate any regular Cincinnati bill (without the cost of freight, with the addition of carriage; or any Philadelphia bill purchased within the last year, with the addition of actual expense of transportation, with the current rate of exchange added.
They invite the attention of country merchants, as well as of families, to their stock, and pledge themselves not to be undersold west of the mountains. They will warrant their goods and the packing, and hope, by strict attention to business, to receive their share of public patronage.
Feb. 28, '54

MAYSVILLE AND CINCINNATI
PACKET LINE.
The splendid fast running new steamer DAN'L. BOONE, Capt. G. MOLES, Master, will leave Maysville *every Tuesday, Thursday* and *Saturday*, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Leaving Cincinnati on alternate days at 11 o'clock, A. M.
The Dan'l. Boone was built *expressly* for this trade, and no expense have been spared to fit up a *first class Packet*, with an eye to speed, safety and comfort; all the requirements of the new law being complied with. All we ask of the traveling public is to give this new and splendid boat a trial.
The fine Steamer KENTON, H. COOPER, Master, has been repaired and repainted, and will leave Maysville every *Monday, Wednesday* and *Friday*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and Cincinnati on alternate days, at 11 o'clock, A. M.
By this line of Packets the traveling public and shippers may rely upon every thing being done for their accommodation and comfort, and it is confidently hoped the public will appreciate and encourage this *splendid old line of Packets.*
December 2, 1854

CINCINNATI & PORTSMOUTH PACKET.
SCIOTO, NO. 2,
KEIPER, Master, United States Mail Packet, running regularly three times a week between Portsmouth and Cincinnati. Leaving Portsmouth *Mondays, Wednesdays* and *Fridays*, at 12, M. Arriving at Cincinnati the night of the same day, at sunrise.
Leaving Cincinnati *Tuesdays, Thursdays* and *Saturdays*, at 12, M. Arriving at Portsmouth at 5, P. M., the same day, leaving same morning for Piketown, Waverly, Chillicothe, Circleville and Columbus.
☞ Stopping at all the Intermediate Ports.
Prompt attendance to all business entrusted to our care. October 21, 1854.

Cincinnati, Maysville and Portsmouth
REGULAR PACKET.
The entirely new & splendid swift running steamer,
VESTONA!
CAPT. WILLIAM McCLAIN,
Will leave Cincinnati *Mondays, Wednesdays* and *Fridays*, at 11 o'clock, A. M., precisely. Will leave Portsmouth *Tuesdays, Thursdays* and *Saturdays*, at the same hour, touching at all way points.
The Boston was built *expressly* for this trade and the people may rely upon the fact that she will remain there. Neither pains nor expense have been spared to fit up a first class Packet, with an eye to speed, safety and comfort; all the requirements of the new law being complied with; and it is confidently hoped that the public will appreciate and encourage this favorite line.
☞ The Proprietors of this Boat, at all seasons of the year, will have a boat in the trade, so that no inconvenience will hereafter be given to travellers.
October 21, 1854

SOLOMON KINSLER,
Watch and Jewelry Store,
Second Street, Maysville, Kentucky,
Has just received at his new Store immediately opposite the City Hall, a large addition to his handsome stock, which enables him to offer a beautiful assortment of elegant and fashionable Jewelry of all kinds:
Gold and Silver Watches, Breastpins, Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Bracelets, Guards and Fob Chains, Gold and Silver Spectacles, Silver Spoons, Clocks of all kinds, &c
Call and see him, as he will sell at very low prices for CASH.
☞ Watches and Clocks repaired upon short notice.
Maysville, August 3—6mo

THOMAS DOUGLASS,
5 PLATT STREET, N. Y.,
Importer and Dealer in every description of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
HARDWARE,
Heavy English Goods by the Package.

BEE'S BRACES, TURNSCREWS, &c.
MANUFACTURER
Of the Premium Steel Squares, Premium Augers and Bits, Axes, Socket and Firmer Chisels,
Patent Yellow Augers, &c.
AGENT for BURLINGTON WAGON AXLES.
DAVEY, KINGSLAND & CO., Manufacturers, Burlington, Vermont.
New York, Sept 30, '54 W H McD June 17-1y

JUST RECEIVED,
1000 Lbs. Prime French Madder;
400 lbs. Spanish Float Indigo;
3 Bbls. Alum;
15 " Copperas;
15 Casks New Castle Soda;
8 " Refined Salt Petre;
2 " Flour Sulphur;
1 " Camphor Refined;
1 " Epsom Salts;
100 Mats Cassia;
200 Lbs Cloves;
1 Bbl Nutmegs No. 1;
100 Kegs Pure Lead, Pittsburgh;
1000 Lbs Red Lead;
3 Bbls Venitian Red;
2 " Spanish Brown;
100 Lbs Prussian Blue.
We invite Country Merchants to examine our Stock.
MACKEY & WOOD.
Maysville Jan 13, '55

Business Cards.

CARRIAGE DEPOT.
J. A. BEARDSLEY, J. A. ROBERTS,
Manufacturers & Dealers,
Second street, above Market, Maysville, Kentucky.
HAVING the largest and most complete Shop West of the mountains, a full set of the new and most improved patterns and styles of Carriages and Trimmings; a corps of the very best workmen, Blacksmiths, Trimmers and Painters, we are better prepared than any establishment we know, to do all sorts of Carriage work, and shoppe and repairing, and to do it well, handsomely, and cheap. Our work is not surpassed by any other, East or West.
Our stock of Carriages, Buggies, Rockaways, Barouches, Hacks, &c., is now large and very complete. We invite all wishing work to give us a call.
Jan 1, '54-y

LUMBER DEPOT.
CHARLES PHISTER,
LUMBER MERCHANT,
Third street, near the Court House, Maysville, Ky.
KEEPS always on hand—
WHITE PINE LUMBER;
DRESSED FLOORING BOARDS,
BLINDS, DOORS & BASE.
JOISTS,
SCANTLING,
LOCUST POSTS, &c. &c.
☞ Orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. CHARLES PHISTER.
Maysville, June 9, '54

FURNITURE WARE ROOMS.

I now have on hand the most splendid variety of good and fashionable Furniture ever offered by me in this city—among which may be found:
Bedsteads—Common, plaining, fancy and common; Bureaus, Sofas, Divans, Ottomans; cushioned, canpeat and common Chairs; dining, desert, breakfast and stand Tables, Clocks, Looking-Glasses, Tin Safes;
Moss, hair, composition and shuck Mattresses; Venitian Blinds, cloth and paper;
Wooden Ware—Tubs, Buckets, Churns, Bowls; Willow Carriages, Baskets, Cradles, Trays, &c.;
which, with a New Stock of Cooking and Parlor STOVES and a complete assortment of House Furnishing Goods, generally, he will sell at as low figures as can be had elsewhere. He invites special attention to his stock. A. T. WOOD,
Maysville, May 16, '54-ly Sutton street.

JOHN C. REED,
DEALER IN
STOVES, GRATES & CASTINGS,
MANUFACTURER OF
Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware,
No. 17 Market Street, Maysville, Ky.
I Have on hand a good supply of Wood and Coal Cooking Stoves, &c., consisting of the following, viz:

Tin and Copper Ware		
Buckeye State Cook Stove	3	sizes;
Crescent " "	3	"
Kentucky " "	3	"
Eclipse " "	3	"
Star of West " "	3	"
Etna " "	3	"
Franklin Stoves,	3	"
Cast Iron Parlor Stoves,	3	"
Air-tight Parlor "	3	"
Cottage Parlors "	2	"
6 plate Hall "	1	"
7 " "	3	"
Enameled Grates	3	"
Common do	4	"
Sad Irons;		
Stove Pipe, all sizes;		
Coal Buckets and Bath Pans;		
Brass Kettles; Sheet Zinc; Fire Brick; Fire Clay, Stone-Ware, &c. &c.		

I will sell cheaper for cash or approved paper than any other Metallic Roofing done at the shortest notice, and in good workmanlike manner.
As usual all kinds of Job Work done in my line of business.
JOHN C. REED.
Sept 28th, 1854

GENERAL AGENCY & INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, Covington, Ky.
THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Covington and the public generally, that he will continue the office (formerly Moore & Porter) in Madison street, above Fifth, for the transaction of a general Agency and Intelligence Business. A number of excellent Dry Lots, that must improve rapidly in value, for sale.
☞ All business confided to his care will be attended to with promptness and on fair terms.
April 22—tf JAMES C. PORTER.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!

I Am now prepared to furnish my customers with HATS of the Style for Spring of 1854. Those wishing to purchase can get as good an article in my Store as they can find in Cincinnati or any of the Eastern Cities for the same price.
JAMES WORMALD,
Second Street, near Market.
Maysville, Feb. 28, 1854.

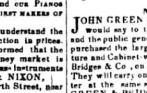
LOCUSTS POSTS AND SHINGLES.

700 Locusts Posts, an excellent article.
300,000 warranted white pine shingles, for sale by M. A. HUTCHINS.
Sept. 7, '54

SAUSAGE CUTTERS.

600 Of those superior Sausage Cutters, manufactured by Wm. McMillen, on hand and for sale low by J. M. COBURN & CO.
Oct 14, '54

103 NEW PIANOS
For Christmas and New Years' Presents.



WE offer for sale from now until Jan. 15, '55, the above number of new Rosewood Pianos at lower prices than have ever before been known in the United States, East or West, in a single year.
3 Extra carved Louis 14th, carved legs, &c., manufacturer's price in Boston, $600; for sale, each $490
5 Full carved Louis 14th, 7 octaves, Boston price $550, for sale, each at 450
3 Carved Louis 14th style, 7 octaves, Boston price $500, for sale, each at 410
7 Louis 14th style 6½ and 7 octave, N. York prices $450 to $500 each, for sale at 350 to 410
30 Full center frames, some extra hansome with carved cases, &c., usual prices $350 to $400 for sale at 275 to 375
55 Of various styles, from 6 to 7 octaves, usual prices $325 to 375; for sale at 190, 195, 225, 250, 275, 300, 325
A full written Warranty given with each instrument.
TERMS CASH
Never before has there been such an opportunity of purchasing Pianos either as regards price or variety. Our present stock being fully twice as large as any other in Boston, and our Pure Pianos ARE WELL KNOWN TO BE FROM THE FIRST MAKERS OF THE UNION.
Our friends in Cincinnati will understand the reason of this extraordinary reduction in prices. Those living at a distance are informed that the extremely depressed state of the money market is the cause of our thus offering first class instruments at these rates. SMITH & NIXON,
Piano Hall No 76½ West Fourth Street, near Vine, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Dec. 20, '54 July 20, '54—1y5HP

Merchant's Celebrated Gargling Oil

WILL cure Rheumatism;
Superior relief for Burns;
Specific for Piles.
Jan 13 MACKEY & WOOD, Agents.

CLOCKS.

I Have a splendid stock of Eight-day and Thirty-hour Clocks, from $1,50 to $12, warranted to keep time. Made by the best makers Jerome & Thomas. Call and see them.
R. F. ADAIR.
2d street, next door to U. S. Cox & Son.
January 20, '55

Business Cards.

DECLARATION
TO THE CITIZENS OF MAYSVILLE.
Maysville Steam Factory.
CONSTRUCTED on the most approved plan, and a constant current of atmospheric electric air passed through the Chains, from all sides, producing a Permanent Cure of all Diseases of the Skin.
Philadelphia's Electric Chains were first, and the Premium taken from Boston, Lowell, Philadelphia and other being substituted to be an imitation. Prepared to do all the work in the Electric line, and to supply Physicians and others with Electric Chains, Plates, Brushes, Rollers, Combs, Pillows, Chairs, Tubs, Boxes, &c. Electric Pillows.
Every Disease, either Internal or External, can be cured by simply wearing the Chains for a few hours each day.
The Chains are also recommended in the Medical Work, where they were established in Paris, Valentine, Vienna, Berlin, Paris, Cincinnati, Louisville, Philadelphia, Boston, &c. &c.
Electric Ink, Electric Pillows, Electric Chains, Electric Plates, Electric Brushes, Electric Rollers, Electric Combs, Electric Pillows, Electric Chairs, Electric Tubs, Electric Boxes, Electric Pillows.
☞ Electric Chains, Plates, Brushes, Rollers, Combs, Pillows, Chairs, Tubs, Boxes, Electric Pillows.
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☞

MAYSVILLE EAGLE

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY MORNING.

RICHARD M. COLLINS,
PRINT STREET, NORTH THE POST OFFICE.

For Terms of Subscribe and Advertising, see First Page.

MAYSVILLE:
Thursday Afternoon, March 1, 1855

☞ See First Page.

The Concert Last Evening.

One of the largest, and most intelligent and orderly audiences ever gathered in our city on any occasion——more than 700 persons in all—assembled last evening at the Court House, to hear the Amasteurs, who had so kindly and heartily entered into the plans of the "Old Fellows' Association," in giving a Concert for the benefit of the poor of Maysville and vicinity. The programme, which we published on Tuesday, was arranged with great good taste and judgment, and the performantes throughout were highly creditable and interesting, and received with the most cordial enthusiasm. *Prof.* ALBERT, presided at the piano, with marked ability. Misses ANNA BELLE TUEMAN, LINDA MINER, MARY MINER, and CORNELIA PAYNE, with Mr. G. G. CLAY and Prof. ALBERT, sang several pieces, and Miss PAYNE played on the piano, with very great acceptance. The opening piece was an excellent performance by *Prof.* ALBERT on the piano, Mr. KURTZ on the violin, Mr. SUTHER on the violincello, and Mr. KING on the guitar. Mr. G. W. BLATTERMAN on the violin and *Prof.* ALBERT on the piano, performed three pieces, in the most superior and inimitable style. The Tyrolean Air, with brilliant variations for two performers on the piano, by Mr S. T. SMITH, (a performer of great skill and talent,) and Prof. ALBERT, elicited very general admiration and praise.

One of the most beautiful and interesting incidents of the evening, was the performance on the piano, of "Dolce Concerto," one of Latour's celebrated duett compositions, by LOTTIE BLATTERMAN, a little daughter of Mr. G. W. BLATTERMAN only 7 years old, in which she was accompanied by her father. She deserved and received great praise for her first effort in public.

To a Maysville audience, the most novel portion of the entertainment, and which gave the highest satisfaction to all present, were the Recitations by Mr. JAMES B. HARRIS, of Germantown, four in number, as follows:

"The Exile of Erin."
"Marco Bozzaris, the Suliote Chief."
"The Sailor Boy's Dream."
"Caesius instigating Brutus against Cæsar."

We have heard much difference of opinion as to which piece was his best, but all conceded to them the highest degree of excellence; and a very just and correct appreciation of the eloquent, tender, modest and gifted speaker. But not the lateness of the hour when the Concert closed (11 o'clock) forbidden, the audience would gladly have heard Mr. HARRIS in a dozen more pieces.

Altogether the evening's entertainment was, probably without exception, the most strikingly interesting ever given in our city, and many have expressed the wish that it may be repeated at an early day. To the "Odd Fellow's Association," who originated and carried through the concert, for a noble and a generous purpose—the benefit of the Poor—and who have given freely and liberally of their time, labor and money, to further the object, it is especially gratifying to have thus signally expressed the public approbation of their course. The net sum realized is about $300—and the expenses only $9; a singular circumstance, and only accounted for by the individual liberality of the Odd Fellows who had the matter in charge, and of several kind hearted citizens who furnished aid in the shape of lumber, hotel-bill, pianos, furniture, &c., &c.

At a meeting of the Committee of the "Odd Fellows' Association," this morning, we were especially requested—in their name, and in the name of the suffering poor whom they have aided and expect to aid—to return their heartfest thanks to the talented amateurs who directed and assisted in the Concert, to the beautiful ladies and gallant gentlemen for their beautiful singing and excellent performances, to Mr. HARRIS for his splendid recitations, to Mr. HOUCKE for his valuable assistance about his piano and the loan of the same, to Judge WHITAKER for the use of the Court Room, and to the gentlemen whose labor and taste gave the Room a much handsomer appearance than it ever *dare*, and generally to all who have in any way assisted in the Concert, of course including the citizens who turned out *en masse* and with such a hearty good-will for the double object of giving and enjoying, aiding the poor, while they partook of a rich treat, musical and intellectual.

In the name of the citizens—for though an Odd Fellow ourself, we are not less a citizen—we thank the Odd Fellows for the great good they have done and are doing, in their noble work,—not only for their efforts and success in alleviating suffering (the first and highest object of their "Association,") but also for this rich contribution to the social and intellectual enjoyment of the community generally.

☞ Mr. JAS. S. MITCHELL, of Maysville sold on Tuesday last, to Mr. MYERS, of Pennsylvania, a lot of two year old Mules, 33 in number, for $117.50 per head.

This lot of Stock was of Mr. Mitchell's own feeding. A No. 1, in quality. They were delivered on day of sale, and sold for cash.

☞ The Maysleck Monthly Stock Sales will be resumed on Saturday next, and we understand will be continued on the first Saturday in each month throughout the year. The recent Spanish importations of the Maysleck Importing Company will constitute the chief attractions of the sale on Saturday.

☞ We learn that an agent of the Underground Railway Company has been figuring quite extensively in and about Maysleck, within a few days past, and has succeeded in abducting four slaves from that vicinity. They were the property of Messrs. Wm. Summers, John Wells and Jno. T. Wilson.

☞ We think a correspondent for his excellent translation from the German, of the beautiful and thrilling story, in another column, of "The Travellers and Lake Constance."

☞ The North American Indian.—Dr. Sam. Houston, late U. S. Senator, delivered, on the 5th inst., a lecture at Nibb's Theater, New York, upon the Indian Tribes of the United States. Than Gen. Houston, we know no man who is better qualified to do full justice to this interesting subject—and it is a subject which, whether viewed in a special latter or practical light, is fraught with the deepest interest. His whole life has been passed upon the border. The war-whoop has been a familiar sound in his ears from boyhood. He has known the Indians intimately, in peace and in war. He has grappled with him in deadly strife upon the field of battle, and feasted with him in the friendly intimacy of the wigwam upon the wild viands and simple fare of the wilderness. At one period of his checkered and eventful career, he was, we believe, domesticated among them, and adopted as a member of one of these tribes. To the culture, the knowledge and the talents of a white man, he unites many of the wild tastes of the savage, and is as much at home in the war dance, as in the debates of the Senate. While, therefore, he is qualified, from his position on the vantage ground of civilization, to have a philosophical appreciation of their character-istics, peculiarities, and capabilities, he can, at the same time by the power of his sympathies, feel and understand, and thus explain to us, those views of the subject which would fail to strike the mere historian whose ideas are obtained from books.

From the very meager report of the lecture, which is given in the New York *Tribune*, we glean the following facts and ideas, which exhibit the Indian character and history in a light somewhat different from that in which we have been accustomed to view it.

The lecturer says that, notwithstanding the inadequate efforts made to civilize and christianize the Indians, the mismanagement of the Government, and the cupidity of its agents they have made considerable progress in civilization and religion. It has been supposed that the Indian is inferior in intellect to the white man; but he is by nature intelligent and susceptible; and from the discovery of the land there have been men of Indian birth whose valor and genius should redeem the race from any slur. The defeats of the Indian at the hands of the whites, were the result of the superior arms and tactics of the latter. He claimed for the Indian, an equality, by nature, with the proudest of the whites. They are calculated to receive the influences and refinements of the most elegant society. Among them are to be found neat and comfortable homes, women refined in conversation and beautiful in appearance, a government properly systematized, the Sabbath respected, native preachers proclaiming the gospel of peace to their Indian brothers, in a manner and with a feeling that would fair discredit the white man.

To what are such good results due? To the efforts of Government! To the action of societies for the amelioration of the Indian's condition! Not! Of the hundred million of dollars, appropriated by Government for their use, not more than twenty mills ever been beneficially applied to that object. The rest has been swallowed up by the cupidity of agents. Had the full sum been applied as was intended, it would have reclaimed from the savage state all the Indians within the limits of the United States. The agents imposed on them, after getting them drunk—procure their mark in signature, when they do not know what they are marking. They are thus abused through the connivance of agents and traders. In Minnesota, where starving Indian mothers fled to meet their children, of the $450,000 appropriated, only $40,000 were used for the Indians. In Nebraska, the civil and military functionaries have combined to cheat the Indians out of the price of their land. What wonder that the tomahawk does not rust upon the frontier, when the thunders of the Executive do not fall on the wretches who act thus basely!

The Indians are not treaty breakers; but when they are abused they naturally seek revenge. They commit murders; but so do people in New York, and it would be unjust to brand that city as a nest of murderers because of the crimes of a few. The breaches of treaties, and the origin of wholesale massacres, lie generally at the door of the whites. The Florida war is an instance. Jackson often defeated the Indians on the field of battle, but when he became the arbiter of their destinies, and the dispenser to them of justice, he acted so that, to this day, the name of Jackson causes the big tear to stand in the eye of the warrior. Raise these natives of the soil, and which their advancement in civilization compares with our society and institutions, give them territory and means, and appliances of improvement; receive them into our legislative halls, and give them an equal share and an equal interest in the legislation; send among them honest agents, and what would produce their local habitation and a name, they will fulfil the destiny of men, live by the sweat of their brow, cultivate the arts and even elegances of peace, and in two generations they will be as civilized as ourselves. In illustration of these views, Gen. Houston adverted to many well known facts in the history of the Indian tribes, and of our relations with them, in support of the opinions expressed and the fair so.

This is certainly an interesting, and in some respects a new view of an old subject. We are disposed to believe that there is a great deal of truth and justice in the sentiments thus expressed by the rough old "Indian fighter," touching the injustice, cruelty, and inhumanity experienced by the red man at the hands of his white brother. An awful responsibility rests somewhere, in view of the rapid decay and extinction of the powerful and noble race of men, who were once the lords of this great continent from ocean to ocean. A high and holy office has been devolved upon the white race, by their relations to this unhappy people, but it is one which has, it has often seemed to us, been most shamefully and wickedly abused and neglected. The historian of a future generation, when he comes to relate the fate of this gallant people, cannot fail to draw to a fearful responsibility the government and the nation, which has been either an active agent in or a passive and culpable witness of one of the most stupendous wrongs ever wrought upon the fair face of this smiling and beautiful earth. Where does the responsibility rest? Will the Government? If so, who shall answer it?

☞ Mason County Land Sale.—Mr. Nelson Johnson has sold his beautiful Farm near Maysleck, containing 250 acres, to Mr. Piper, of Nicholas County, for $65 per acre, on short payments. This, considering the stringency of the money market, is esteemed a good sale.

The library of 100 volumes used by Napoleon at Elba is still preserved on that island. Many of the works contain notes in the Emperor's own hand.

The breaking up of the ice in the Monongahela made bad work with coal boats. Nineteen boats and barges, can sinking over two hundred thousand bushels of coal, were sunk. Nine others were stranded. The loss is a very heavy one.

On the 14th instant, the Museum Building at Portland, Me., was destroyed by fire, together with a stable and six horses owned by Jas. Winslow.

The law abolishing capital punishment in Michigan, took effect on the 21 day of March, 1847, since which time, a period of nearly eight years, only fifteen persons have been convicted of murder, and sentenced for life to solitary confinement at labor in the State Prison.

The State Treasurer of Indiana has received information that some county treasurers, after having collected the revenue in the best quality of paper funds, have then sold these funds at a premium for free bank paper. The State Treasurer informs the county treasurers who have been guilty of this trick that their free bank paper will not be received.

According to the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, the annual consumption of wool in this country is two hundred millions of pounds, of which we only furnish sixty millions, leaving a deficiency of one hundred and forty millions of pounds.

☞ Child Poisoned.—A slave girl of Mr. Alfred Price, of Kent Island, Md., has been arrested for causing the death of an interesting little boy, four years of age, the son of her master, by poison. She confessed her guilt.

The Demanded Military in Massachusetts.—The Governor of Massachusetts having disbanded some military companies, on the pretext that they were foreign military organizations, the Adjutant General seized upon the property of the State of the Armory, Worcester. The Adjutant General was arrested by the Marshal and Police of Worcester. He was held to bail in one thousand dollars, on complaint of Captain Driscoll, for removing property not belonging to the State.

Young America.—A boy named Wm. Waterman, a scholar in the district school at St. Johnsbury Centre, Vt., was a few days since fined $20 for attempting, by choking his teacher, to prevent him from punishing another pupil.

Valuable Time Piece.—A clock is on exhibition at New Orleans, which, it is said, tells the time in London, Paris, New York, New Orleans, Mexico and San Francisco.

General Wool.—It is rumored that this veteran soldier will be superseded in the command of the Pacific Department, by General Persifer F. Smith, now in command of the Texas Department.

The Auburn (N. Y.) Advertiser states that Messrs. Casey & Co. employ from 85 to 90 of the convicts in the State Prison at that place in the manufacture of carpenters' planes. They use a capital of $85,000 in carrying on their business, and make about 134,000 planes per annum.

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Trouble from Chloroform.—Storer, the man who committed a highway robbery at Lowell, Mass., by stupifying his victim with chloroform, has received a sentence of ten years' imprisonment in the State Prison.

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Mlle Rachel to Play in America.—The engagement with Mlle Rachel to visit the U. States, it is said, has been signed by all parties. She will be paid 1,200,000 francs for the two hundred representations to be given wherever may be deemed proper; that is to say, 6,000 francs ($1,200) for each representation. 600,000 francs will be deposited at her bankers in Paris, before the departure, which, in case of her being disparaged, returns to her family.

☞ Oliver Bunkey.—Such is the title of Mrs. Harrison's novelette, which is now issuing through the press of J. A. Gurley, Cincinnati. We are assured by a gentleman who has read the proof-sheets of this new publication that it is a work of singular merit, and will enhance the celebrity of the authoress of that popular Kentucky novel called *Louise Elton*." A great run is anticipated.

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