

## STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

### The Change Made by That Body in the County's Assessment.

The State Board of Equalization, at its recent session, ordered a reduction of nineteen per cent. on the assessed value of land, made no change as to that of town lots, and added thirty-nine per cent. to the value of personal property. This will make the following changes in this county:

Assessed value of land.....	\$4,621,917
Reduction of 19 per cent.....	\$78,164

State Board's assessment.....	\$3,743,753
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Assessed value of personal property..	\$ 740,748
Addition of 39 per cent.....	288,892

State Board's assessment.....	\$1,029,640
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The amount of the reduction in the assessed value of land is as above stated, \$878,164.

As the total addition to the assessed value of personal property foots up only \$288,892, the State Board has made a total reduction of \$589,272 in the assessment of the county for this year.

### PERSONALS.

Miss Annie McDougle is visiting Miss Anna Scudder, of Carlisle.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Ball are spending a few days at Blue Lick Springs.

Mrs. McDowell and Misses Julia and Mamie Porter left, Wednesday, for Park's Hill Camp Meeting.

Dr. George M. Phillips has returned from a visit of several days to his parents at Nicholasville, Ky.

Mrs. P. M. McCarthey is spending a few days in the country with the family of Mr. John Masterson.

Mrs. G. W. Geisel and daughter, Miss Emma, left for Park's Hill Camp Meeting Wednesday morning.

Mr. Milton McCarthey and Miss Susie McCarthey, of Wilmington, O., are the guests of Mr. M. O. Russell.

Mrs. Charles Frank left on the steamer Bonanza, Wednesday, to spend several weeks at Sparta, Gallatin County, this State.

Mr. William Pickett, who has been here for some time on a visit to his relatives, left for his home at Indianapolis, Wednesday.

Mrs. J. H. Rogers and children and Mrs. J. C. Whitaker left on the morning train, Wednesday, to spend several weeks at Camp Acton, near Indianapolis. Mr. J. H. Rogers accompanied them as far as Cincinnati.

### Defending Law-Breakers.

[Courier-Journal, Monday, July 27th.]

The Mt. Sterling Sentinel, in a passionate defense of the Tolliver marauders, who seem to have terrorized Mt. Sterling as well as Morehead, injects the following bit of misrepresentation in an article which bristles with ignorance of, and a contempt for, the law:

"Again we say to the Gazette, to the Courier-Journal, to the Commercial, and all other howlers, tell us plainly with what you charge Z. T. Young? Is it murder, arson, rape, conspiracy? What is it? Make the charge. Bring on the indictment. It will not do to reiterate the oft told tale of the ubiquitous penny-a-liner: 'Taylor Young is at the bottom of all this devilment.' No court in the civilized world would put a man on trial upon such a charge, and no decent newspaper should again reiterate it. It may not be amiss in this connection to say that the court, in dismissing the slayers of Rayburn, at least verifies the Sentinel-Democrat in its statement that there were two sides to this question."

The Courier-Journal has never made the charge that "Taylor Young is at the bottom of all this devilment." His friends accuse him by their readiness to excuse him. We can assure the Sentinel and all other apologists of the murderers and marauders, that whoever is at the bottom of it, he will be uncovered before many days, and when he is, all the power of Phillips, or a dozen Phillipses can not save him.

We have a charge against Mr. Young, and it is a serious one; to our minds the most serious one that can be brought against a man in his position.

Our charge is that he, as County Attorney, allowed the influence of that office to be used to shield certain criminals; that he, as the representative of the State, has in open court confessed his sympathy with a gang of outlaws; that he openly and persistently sought to break down the case of the Commonwealth, and that when the chief witness for the defense testified boldly and most conclusively against the accused, Mr. Young, who had not a word to say for the State, threw himself into the case with a reckless disregard of the obligations of his office, and used all his power and all his ingenuity to save the theory of the defense from utter collapse.

These, we repeat, are the most serious charges which could be brought against a man who occupies before the community the position occupied by Mr. Young. The evidence to support these charges is before people of the State. It is furnished by Mr. Young himself. His words and actions are all matters of record. They can not be concealed; they can not be covered. Even so ardent an advocate as the Sentinel can not call in question this testimony, nor can it impeach our witness. Out of his own mouth is he convicted. He has done violence alike to law and justice. He has made plain to all observers the cause of the prevailing crime in Rowan. It is not necessary to charge "arson, murder, rape, conspiracy," to account for the ascendancy of the Tollivers, to explain the frequent murders, to account for the unchecked lawlessness of Rowan County. Mr. Young has explained it all. His active and openly expressed sympathy with the men accused of killing Rayburn, of burning the house of three defenseless woman, and of imprisoning two of them without warrant, tells the whole story.

Crime is punishable in no community where the sympathy of the State's representatives is excited in behalf of the

accused. Mr. Young's speech in court was a proclamation of license to all the lawless men in Rowan County. That the Sentinel does not realize this, that it should say the discharge of Tolliver and his confederates shows there is another side to this, only proves that the degradation of public sentiment has proceeded farther than we had imagined. The Sentinel does not realize the deep feeling aroused throughout the State. The good name of Kentucky is in jeopardy. If to punish swiftly and severely such crimes as have stained the county of Rowan a law can not be found by the Governor, it will be made by the Legislature.

The Sentinel seeks to avoid the issue by such sentences as this:

"We would warn our contemporaries that the title Attorney General can't make a lawyer of one who is not a lawyer, and that a country cross-roads lawyer becomes no more learned because of such a distinguished title."

As a statement of fact this is true; the insinuation it contains has absolutely no grounds to stand on. Attorney General Hardin went to Rowan to uphold the honor of the State, and he did it nobly. Every one feels that the action of the Attorney General has relieved the State of a part of the disgrace inseparable from such a trial. But for him there would have been no pretense even of an examination. Until he went there the Tollivers were a law unto themselves. Craig Tolliver dragged a helpless woman to jail through the streets of Morehead. He had no warrant; he preferred no charges. The woman had come for a doctor, but she was put in jail and kept until morning and during the night her home and all little savings were burned, and her mother driven to the hills and compelled to stay there all night. There was not a man in Morehead, with the Tollivers unrestrained, who dared to do or say anything in behalf of these women, and they were utterly defenseless until the Attorney General appeared in Morehead. Hence these assaults on that officer. He represents not only the dignity and power of the government; in this mission he represents the conscience of the people, and this conscience, awake at last, even the people of Rowan must obey. It is not strange that a journal which defends Phillips and apologizes for Young should not deem the Attorney General a lawyer. He declared in Rowan a law new to that people—a law which has been trampled in the dust; a law which for years the County Attorney has failed to uphold, but it is the law as maintained by every civilized community, a law which is the corner stone of every government, a law which the people of Kentucky are determined to vindicate, as binding now as when Jehovah proclaimed from Mount Sinai:

THOU SHALT NOT KILL!

He held her hand. Said he: "To share My life with you I should be glad." Said she: "I think I could not spare The time." Said he: "You make me sad." Said she: "I'll love you as a brother; Not wholly blighted shall you be." "Thanks; but," said he, "somehow or other I never cared for that in mine."

Runyon & Hocker offer 20 cent India linon at 12½ cents, 25 cent quality at 18 cents, 35 cent quality at 25 cents. Check nainsooks at 6, 8 and 10 cents. New white plaid dress goods 15 and 20 cents, 35 cent quality at 25 cents.

### A Base Insinuation.

A stock company has been organized in Maysville to bore for natural gas. It is thought that a fine vein can be developed at little expense. Why not strike W. W. Baldwin's farm for the surface variety?—[Louisville Times.]

The true landed aristocracy of the United States is composed of red men. There are about 265,000 Indians and their land reservations amount to 175,000 square miles. Each Indian has, therefore, a little more than more two-thirds of a square mile of land. The reservations of Dakota, Montana and the Indian Territory comprise 150,000 square miles, occupied by about 127,000 Indians, or less than one inhabitant to the square mile.

### Castor Oil.

One of the chief uses to which castor oil is now put is that of dressing and softening leather for boots. It was formerly used for dosing children whose stomachs were disordered. And an awful dose it was. Now we give suffering children Brown's Iron Bitters, which tone the stomach, regulates digestion and imparts strength to the whole body. Brown's Iron Bitters is incomparably better than castor oil and more pleasant to take.

[Communicated.]

HIGH BRIDGE, July 29.

The inimitable Sam Jones opened fire on High Bridge Camp Grounds yesterday. He surpassed any man I ever heard. He is grand; not gloomy and peculiar. He will preach every day this week and over Sunday. He takes short cuts on the preachers and the church; says "they are dead and on the road to hell." Let everybody come and hear this greatest evangelist in the world. The encampment is literally swarming with people. Vox.

### COUNTY POINTS.

#### Germantown.

Rev. C. J. Howes, of Covington, will preach to the converts at this place on Friday night, at the M. E. Church. He will hold quarterly meeting services at the New Ashbury M. E. Church next Saturday and the following Sabbath. He will preach the dedicatory sermon at 10:30 a. m., Sabbath day. Rev. S. G. Polard, of Dayton, Ky., will assist him. Mrs. Vonholtz and daughters will hold revival services Sunday and Monday. They will meet the converts at Brooksville, next Tuesday evening, and will give a song service and Bible reading at Germantown, Wednesday night. Thursday, August 6th, they will leave for Ruggle's Camp Meeting.

#### Cure for Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a common attendant. Blind, bleeding and itching piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanco's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the tumors, allaying the intense itching, and affecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address the Dr. Bosanco Medicine Co., Piqua, O. Sold by Geo. T. Wood.